

## FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010



# TOWN OF ALTAVISTA, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2010

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### **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

## TOWN OF ALTAVISTA, VIRGINIA DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

June 30, 2010

#### **TOWN COUNCIL**

J. Rudy Burgess, Mayor Ronald Coleman, Vice Mayor Beverley Dalton William Ferguson James H. Higginbotham, II Mike Mattox Rayetta Webb

#### **APPOINTED OFFICIALS**

J. Waverly Coggsdale, III	Town Manager
John Eller	Town Attorney
W. Morgan Allen, Jr	Treasurer
Clay Hamilton	Chief of Police

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Brown, Edwards & Company, L.L.P.

### FINANCIAL SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Altavista, Virginia Altavista, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, the major fund, and the remaining fund information of the Town of Altavista, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, the major fund, and the remaining fund information of the Town of Altavista, Virginia, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2010 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Town has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and the analysis of funding progress for a defined benefit pension plan, on page 38, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information included in Exhibits A-1 through A-3 is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The tables shown in the Other Information Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements and have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia September 23, 2010



### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010

		Pri	mary Governme	nt		P	iscretely resented imponent Unit
		overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total	E Dev	altavista conomic velopment uthority
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	8,495,384	\$ 3,406,709	\$	11,902,093	\$	161,885
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted (Note 2)		80,194	427,600		507,794		-
Receivables, net (Note 3)		268,399	289,533		557,932		-
Due from other governmental units (Note 5)		132,474	-		132,474		-
Inventory		74,566	-		74,566		-
Prepaids		22,762	11,395		34,157		-
Other assets		-	58,186		58,186		-
Internal balances		745,916	(745,916)		-		-
Capital assets: (Note 6)							
Nondepreciable		693,437	850,283		1,543,720		-
Depreciable		3,868,554	12,998,992		16,867,546		-
Total assets		14,381,686	17,296,782		31,678,468		161,885
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		79,719	86,982		166,701		52,500
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		43,992	24,296		68,288		-
Accrued interest payable		5,196	13,827		19,023		-
Customer security deposits		-	16,173		16,173		-
Environmental remediation (Note 8)		-	750,000		750,000		-
Noncurrent liabilities: (Note 7)							
Due within one year		163,532	598,578		762,110		-
Due in more than one year		366,914	3,219,127		3,586,041		-
Total liabilities		659,353	4,708,983		5,368,336		52,500
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,245,668	10,512,216		14,757,884		-
Unrestricted	_	9,476,665	2,075,583		11,552,248		109,385
Total net assets	\$	13,722,333	\$ 12,587,799	\$	26,310,132	\$	109,385

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Pro	gram Revenue	es			Net (	Expe	nse) Revenue a	and	Changes in Net	Assets	
										P	rima	ry Governmei	nt	-	P	iscretely resented ponent Unit
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Busi Governmental T		Business- Type Activities Total		Altavista Economic Development Authority		
Governmental activities																
General government administration Public safety	\$	905,751 924,889	\$	9,824 583	\$	- 124,262	\$	-	\$	(895,927) (800,044)	\$	-	\$	(895,927) (800,044)	\$	-
Public works		1,097,090		-		541,776		79,288		(476,026)		-		(476,026)		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		906,641		88,558		389,918		-		(428,165)		-		(428,165)		-
Interest on long-term debt		21,646		-		-		-		(21,646)		-		(21,646)		-
Total governmental activities Business-type activities		3,856,017	_	98,965		1,055,956		79,288		(2,621,808)				(2,621,808)		-
Water and sewer		2,591,674		2,357,531		-		-		-		(234,143)		(234,143)		-
Total business-type activities		2,591,674		2,357,531		-		-		-		(234,143)		(234,143)		-
Total primary government	\$	6,447,691	\$	2,456,496	\$	1,055,956	\$	79,288		-		(234,143)		(2,855,951)		-
Discretely presented component unit:			_													
Altavista Economic Development Authority	\$	15,910	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(15,910)
			Gei	neral revenues	=											
			P	roperty taxes						2,168,531		-		2,168,531		-
			N	leals taxes						619,220		-		619,220		-
			S	ales and use ta	xes					113,365		-		113,365		-
				ank stock taxe						161,492		-		161,492		-
				usiness license		S				148,545		-		148,545		-
				ther local taxe						277,145		-		277,145		-
			In	-		venue not restr	icted			100 001				100.001		
			τ	to specific pro	-	1S				123,231		20.050		123,231		242
				vestment earn ther	ings					78,619 63,135		20,950 43,566		99,569 106,701		342
				nsfers						(73,161)		73,161		100,701		-
				ments from pr	imarv	government				(73,101)		-		-		26,250
			,	1	•	al general reve	nues			3,680,122		137,677	_	3,817,799		26,592
						ange in net asse				1,058,314		(96,466)	_	961,848		10,682
			N	ET ASSETS .		-				12,664,019		12,684,265		25,348,284		98,703
			N	ET ASSETS .	AT J	UNE 30			\$	13,722,333	\$	12,587,799	\$	26,310,132	\$	109,385

## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2010

	General		Other Governmental Fund		Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,378,682	\$	116,702	\$	8,495,384
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		80,194		-		80,194
Receivables, net		268,399		-		268,399
Due from other governmental units		132,474		-		132,474
Due from other funds (Note 4)		1,031,103		-		1,031,103
Inventory		74,566		-		74,566
Prepaids		22,762				22,762
Total assets	\$ !	9,988,180	\$	116,702	\$	10,104,882
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		_				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	79,580	\$	139	\$	79,719
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		43,992		-		43,992
Deferred revenue		44,870		-		44,870
Due to other funds (Note 4)		_		285,187		285,187
Total liabilities		168,442		285,326		453,768
Fund balances (deficits) (Note 14)						
Reserved		97,328		-		97,328
Unreserved, reported in						
General fund, designated		3,860,855		-		3,860,855
General fund, undesignated	;	5,861,555		-		5,861,555
Special revenue fund		-		(168,624)		(168,624)
Total fund balances (deficits)		9,819,738		(168,624)		9,651,114
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,988,180	\$	116,702	\$	10,104,882

### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2010

#### Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Ending fund balance - governmental funds		\$ 9,651,114
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 7,861,162	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,299,171)	
		4,561,991
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period		
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		44,870
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation public improvement bond	(248,056)	
Other-long term liability	(148,461)	
Accrued interest payable	(5,196)	
Compensated absences	(133,929)	
		 (535,642)
Total net assets - governmental activities		\$ 13,722,333

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General		Other Governmental Fund		Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES						
General property taxes (Notes 11 and 13)	\$	2,162,977	\$	-	\$	2,162,977
Other local taxes		1,319,767		-		1,319,767
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		660		-		660
Fines and forfeitures		9,747		-		9,747
Investment earnings		78,263		356		78,619
Charges for services		38,614		-		38,614
Intergovernmental		1,258,475		-		1,258,475
Other		113,079		-		113,079
Total revenues		4,981,582		356		4,981,938
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government administration		873,090		-		873,090
Public safety		809,229		-		809,229
Public works		1,100,745		-		1,100,745
Parks, recreation, and cultural		407,280		13,157		420,437
Capital outlay		1,000,165		47,102		1,047,267
Debt service						
Principal retirement		59,614		-		59,614
Interest and other fiscal charges		23,157		-		23,157
Total expenditures		4,273,280		60,259		4,333,539
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		708,302		(59,903)		648,399
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in (Note 4)		15,847		30,100		45,947
Transfers out (Note 4)		(93,304)		(15,847)		(109,151)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(77,457)		14,253		(63,204)
Net change in fund balances		630,845		(45,650)		585,195
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) AT JULY 1		9,188,893		(122,974)		9,065,919
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) AT JUNE 30	\$	9,819,738	\$	(168,624)	\$	9,651,114

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### Year Ended June 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 585,195
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	e:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlays	\$ 749,059	
Depreciation expense	(303,022)	
		446,037
In the statement of activities, only gains (losses) on the sale of assets are reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change		
in fund balance by the net book value of the assets sold or disposed.		(3,485)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Deferred revenues		5,554
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has an effect on net assets.  Issuance of debt		
General obligation public improvement bond, transferred from the Water & Sewer fund	(9,957)	
Principal repayments		
General obligation public improvement bond	16,456	
Other long-term liability	43,158	
		49,657
The net effect of the change in accrued interest expense, which is not reflected in the fund statements.		1,511
Long-term compensated absences are reported in the Statement of Activities, but they do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore		
are not recorded as expenditures in governmental funds.		(26,155)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 1,058,314

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Rudgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 1,981,300	\$ 2,076,400	\$ 2,162,977	\$ 86,577
Other local taxes	1,191,300	1,278,400	1,319,767	41,367
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	1,000	600	660	60
Fines and forfeitures	12,500	8,600	9,747	1,147
Investment earnings	83,400	77,000	78,263	1,263
Charges for services	30,300	38,460	38,614	154
Intergovernmental	1,792,200	1,178,500	1,258,475	79,975
Other	107,700	110,200	113,079	2,879
Total revenues	5,199,700	4,768,160	4,981,582	213,422
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government administration	908,200	891,860	873,090	18,770
Public safety	872,000	803,500	809,229	(5,729)
Public works	1,179,600	1,116,860	1,100,745	16,115
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,004,300	420,201	407,280	12,921
Capital outlay	1,143,100	937,400	1,000,165	(62,765)
Debt service				
Principal retirement	59,000	59,000	59,614	(614)
Interest and other fiscal charges	22,800	22,800	23,157	(357)
Total expenditures	5,189,000	4,251,621	4,273,280	(21,659)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	10,700	516,539	708,302	191,763
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	437,100	426,100	15,847	(410,253)
Transfers out	(447,800)	(192,900)	(93,304)	99,596
Total other financing sources (uses)	(10,700)	233,200	(77,457)	(310,657)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 749,739	\$ 630,845	\$ (118,894)

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2010

ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Accounts receivable Prepaids Total current assets Concurrent assets: Other assets Capital assets, net Total noncurrent assets  Total assets LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities Accrued interest payable		3,406,709 427,600 289,533 11,395
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Accounts receivable Prepaids  Total current assets Concurrent assets: Other assets Capital assets, net  Total noncurrent assets  LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	427,600 289,533
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Accounts receivable Prepaids  Total current assets Concurrent assets: Other assets Capital assets, net  Total noncurrent assets  Total assets  LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities	\$	427,600 289,533
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Accounts receivable Prepaids Total current assets Joncurrent assets: Other assets Capital assets, net Total noncurrent assets Total assets LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities	\$	427,600 289,533
Accounts receivable Prepaids  Total current assets Ioncurrent assets: Other assets Capital assets, net  Total noncurrent assets  Total assets  LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities		289,533
Prepaids  Total current assets  Joncurrent assets: Other assets Capital assets, net  Total noncurrent assets  Total assets  LIABILITIES  Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Accrued payroll and related liabilities		
Total current assets Ioncurrent assets: Other assets Capital assets, net Total noncurrent assets Total assets LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities		11,395
Other assets Capital assets, net  Total noncurrent assets  Total assets  LIABILITIES Current liabilities:  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Accrued payroll and related liabilities		
Other assets Capital assets, net  Total noncurrent assets  Total assets  LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities		4,135,237
Capital assets, net  Total noncurrent assets  Total assets  LIABILITIES  Current liabilities:  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Accrued payroll and related liabilities		
Total noncurrent assets  Total assets  LIABILITIES  Current liabilities:  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Accrued payroll and related liabilities		58,186
Total assets  LIABILITIES  Current liabilities:  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Accrued payroll and related liabilities		13,849,275
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities		13,907,461
Current liabilities:  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Accrued payroll and related liabilities		18,042,698
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities		
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		
		86,982
Accrued interest payable		24,296
		13,827
Customer security deposits		16,173
Environmental remediation		750,000
Due to other funds		745,916
Current portion of long-term debt		558,866
Current portion of compensated absences		39,712
Total current liabilities		2,235,772
Ioncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term debt		3,205,793
Compensated absences		13,334
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,219,127
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	5,454,899
NET ASSETS		
nvested in capital assets, net of related debt		10,512,216
Inrestricted		2,075,583
Total net assets	\$	12,587,799

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund
	Water and Sewer
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services (Note 13)	\$ 2,357,531
Other	43,566
Total operating revenues	2,401,097
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	784,417
Fringe benefits	226,524
Maintenance	78,773
Utilities	389,940
Materials and supplies	322,200
Sample testing	13,889
Purchase of water	2,244
Other	13,434
Depreciation	624,286
Amortization	4,064
Total operating expenses	2,459,771
Operating loss	(58,674)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	20,950
Interest expense	(131,903)
Net nonoperating expenses	(110,953)
Loss before transfers	(169,627)
Transfers in	73,161
Change in net assets	(96,466)
NET ASSETS AT JULY 1	12,684,265
NET ASSETS AT JUNE 30	\$ 12,587,799

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund			
		er and Sewer		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers	\$	2,380,383		
Payments to suppliers		(783,052)		
Payments to employees		(1,015,430)		
Receipt of customer security deposits		768		
Net cash provided by operating activities		582,669		
NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers from other funds		73,161		
Interfund borrowing		201,827		
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities		274,988		
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1 200 000		
Proceeds from indebtedness  A equipition and construction of conital assets		1,300,000		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on debt		(1,080,319)		
Debt issuance costs		(552,157) (45,261)		
Interest paid on debt		(122,348)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(500,085)		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(300,003)		
Interest received		20,950		
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	20,950		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		378,522		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning at July 1		3,455,787		
Ending at June 30	\$	3,834,309		
RECONCILIATION TO EXHIBIT 8				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,406,709		
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		427,600		
	\$	3,834,309		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET				
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating loss	\$	(58,674)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		628,350		
Change in certain assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in:		(20.71.4)		
Accounts receivable		(20,714)		
Prepaid expenses		(274)		
Increase (decrease) in:		27.056		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		37,956		
Compensated absences Customer security deposits		(4,743)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	768 582,669		
That each provided by operating activities	Ψ ====================================	362,009		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. The Financial Reporting Entity

**Primary Government.** The Town of Altavista (the "Town") was established in 1912. It is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia operating under the Council-Manager form of government. The Town Council consists of a mayor, a vice mayor, and five other council members. The Town is part of Campbell County and has taxing powers subject to statewide restrictions and tax limits.

The Town of Altavista provides a full range of municipal services including police, refuse collection, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administrative services, fire, recreation, and water and sewer services. Fire and first aid services are supplemented by volunteer departments.

**Discretely Presented Component Unit.** A discretely presented component unit is an entity that is legally separate from the government, but for which the government is financially accountable, or whose relationship with the government is such that exclusion would cause the government's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. It is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the Town.

#### **Altavista Economic Development Authority**

The Altavista Economic Development Authority (the "EDA") was created to promote industry and develop trade by encouraging enterprises to locate and remain in the Town. The EDA is governed by a Board of Directors appointed by Town Council and the Town is financially accountable for the EDA. It is authorized to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties to the extent that such activities foster and stimulate economic development.

The Town has no related or jointly governed organizations.

#### **B.** Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary* government is reported separately from its legally separated *component unit* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses, of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual government funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Government-fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Town's only nonmajor governmental fund is the library fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

The water and sewer enterprise fund accounts for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are intended to be recovered in the form of user charges, or where management has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for management control, accountability, or other purposes. The water and sewer enterprise fund consists of the activities relating to water and sewer services.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's proprietary funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the Town in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) Prior to June 30, the Town Manager submits to Town Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. This budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 3) Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Ordinance. Town Council may, from time to time, amend the budget, providing for additional expenditures and the means for financing them.
- 4) The Appropriations Ordinance places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. Management can over-expend at the line item level without approval of Town Council. The appropriation for each department or function can be revised only by Town Council.
- 5) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- 6) Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 7) Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all Town units.
- 8) All budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements includes the original and revised budgets as of June 30.

#### E. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the general fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

#### F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### **G.** Inventory

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

#### H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, are reported as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which the services are consumed.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### I. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and specific account analysis. The Town considers all accounts receivable related to the business-type activity to be fully collectible and accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary. The allowance for the general fund is composed of the following:

Real estate Personal property	\$ 1,556 10,189
	\$ 11,745

#### J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. *Capital assets* are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

30-40 years
5-10 years
50 years
30-50 years
30-50 years

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. and includes all activity since July 1, 2001.

#### **K.** Capitalization of Interest

The Town follows the policy of capitalizing net interest costs on funds borrowed to finance the construction of proprietary capital assets. Interest is not capitalized on the construction of assets used in governmental activities. For the current year, interest totaling \$11,393 was capitalized in the water and sewer fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### L. Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, *deferred revenue* in the governmental funds consisted solely of delinquent property taxes not collected within 45 days of year end.

#### M. Compensated Absences

The Town has policies which allow for the accumulation and vesting of limited amounts of vacation and sick leave until termination or retirement. Amounts of such absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds when the leave is due and payable.

#### N. Net Assets/Fund Equity

Net assets in government-wide and proprietary financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### O. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing its financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent liabilities, and reported revenues, expenditures, and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### P. Performance Grants Payable

Performance grants payable are recorded when, in management's opinion, failure by the grantee to meet the performance criteria is unlikely. Refunds of performance grants are reflected as revenues when collection is determined to be likely.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments

#### **Deposits**

All cash of the Town is maintained in accounts covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act §2.2-4400 *et seq.* of the *Code of Virginia*.

#### **Investments**

#### **Investment Policy**:

Statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof; obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof; obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank); the Asian Development Bank; the African Development Bank; "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes; banker's acceptances; repurchase agreements; the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP); and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Pursuant to Sec. 2.1-234.7 of the *Code of Virginia*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings and the fair value of the position in LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares (i.e., the LGIP maintains a stable net asset value of \$1 per share). The investment policy specifies that no investment may have a maturity greater than one year from the date of purchase.

The Town has invested bond proceeds subject to rebate of arbitrage earnings in SNAP. SNAP is an openend management investment company registered with the SEC. SNAP is designed to assist local governments in complying with the arbitrage rebate requirements of the Tax Reform Act of 1986. These programs provide comprehensive investment management, accounting and arbitrage rebate calculation services for proceeds of general obligation and revenue tax-exempt financing of Virginia counties, cities, and towns.

#### Credit Risk:

As required by state statute or by the Town, the Policy requires that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following; Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch Investor's Service, provided that the issuing corporation has a net worth of \$50 million and its long term debt is rated A or better by Moody's and Standard & Poor's. Banker's acceptances and Certificates of Deposit maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investor Service. Open-end investment funds must be registered under the Securities Act of the Commonwealth or the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that they invest only in securities approved for investment herein. Commonwealth of Virginia and Virginia Local Government Obligations secured by debt service reserve funds not subject to annual appropriation must be rated AA or higher by Moody's or Standard & Poor's. Repurchase agreements require that the counterparty be rated "A" or better by Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **Investments** (Continued)

#### Concentration of Credit Risk:

Although the intent of the Policy is for the Town to diversify its investment portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks regarding (i) security type, (ii) individual financial institution or issuing entity, and (iii) maturity, the Policy places no limit on the amount the Town may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, all of the Town's investments were held in LGIP and SNAP. All investments were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

	Fair Value	
Investments: LGIP SNAP Deposits	\$	7,155,912 76,473 5,339,087
Total deposits and investments	\$	12,571,472
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets – Exhibit 1:  Primary government:  Cash and cash equivalents, excluding \$300 cash on hand Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Discretely presented component unit: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,901,793 507,794 161,885
<b>Total deposits and investments</b>	\$	12,571,472

#### Interest Rate Risk:

The Policy limits certain investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Agency securities purchased must mature within five years of the date of purchase. Prime commercial paper must mature with 270 days of the date of purchase and banker's acceptances must mature within 180 days of the date of purchase. The Town is only invested in LGIP and SNAP at year end, which are readily available.

#### Custodial Credit Risk:

The Policy requires that all investment securities purchased by the Town be held in safekeeping by a third party and evidenced by safekeeping receipts. As required by the *Code of Virginia*, all security holdings with maturities over 30 days may not be held in safekeeping with the "counterparty" to the investment transaction. As of June 30, the Town has no investments subject to custodial credit risk.

#### **Restricted Amounts:**

Restricted cash and cash equivalents consist of unspent bond proceeds for construction commitments described in Note 6 and other water and sewer improvements not yet under contract.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 3. Receivables

Receivables for individual major funds are as follows:

		General	 Water and Sewer	 Total
Receivables Taxes Accounts	\$	237,504 42,640	\$ 289,533	\$ 237,504 332,173
Gross receivables Less: allowance for uncollectibles		280,144 (11,745)	 289,533	 569,677 (11,745)
Net receivables	\$	268,399	\$ 289,533	\$ 557,932

#### Note 4. Interfund Receivables and Payables/Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund balances are as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund Nonmajor Governmental Fund	\$ 745,916 285,187
		\$ 1,031,103

The balance results from negative pooled cash amounts in the water and sewer and the nonmajor governmental fund.

The composition of interfund transfers are as follows:

Transfer Out Fund	Transfer In Fund	 Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Fund General Fund General Fund	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Fund Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 15,847 30,100 73,151
		\$ 119,098

The transfer out from the nonmajor governmental fund is to repay the general fund for expenditures incurred on behalf of the nonmajor governmental fund. The transfer out from the general fund to the water and sewer fund is to move funds to be used for capital outlay for the Town's water and sewer facilities. The transfer out to the nonmajor governmental fund from the general fund was for capital outlay necessary during fiscal year 2010.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 5. Due from Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units are as follows:

Federal Government	
Community Development Block Grant	\$ 103,759
Commonwealth of Virginia	
Personal property tax relief	12,729
Railroad rolling stock taxes	 15,986
	\$ 132,474

#### Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning					Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance	_	Increases		Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, not depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 232,486 174,288	\$	\$ 25,000 261,663	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 257,486 435,951
	 17.,200	-	201,002	_		 .50,501
Total capital assets, not depreciated	 406,774	_	286,663	_	-	 693,437
Capital assets, depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Public domain infrastructure	2,648,954 2,974,814 1,129,925		44,200 167,382 250,814	_	48,364	2,693,154 3,093,832 1,380,739
Total capital assets, depreciated	6,753,693	_	462,396	_	48,364	7,167,725
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Public domain infrastructure	834,912 1,998,007 208,109		58,358 191,509 53,155		- 44,879 -	893,270 2,144,637 261,264
Total accumulated, depreciation	3,041,028	_	303,022		44,879	3,299,171
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	3,712,665	_	159,374	_	3,485	3,868,554
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,119,439	\$	\$ 446,037	\$	3,485	\$ 4,561,991

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not depreciated Construction in progress	\$ 73,942	\$ 776,341	\$ -	\$ 850,283
Capital assets, depreciated Distribution and transmission				
systems	11,459,224	-	-	11,459,224
Water and sewer plants	12,827,283	-	-	12,827,283
Machinery and equipment	1,387,136	303,978		1,691,114
Total capital assets				
depreciated	25,673,643	303,978		25,977,621
Less accumulated depreciation	12,354,343	624,286		12,978,629
Total capital assets,				
depreciated, net	13,319,300	(320,308)		12,998,992
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 13,393,242	\$ 456,033	\$ -	\$ 13,849,275

The Town had the following construction commitments as of June 30:

Project	Sp	ent to Date	 Remaining Balance		
Water Plant Filter Media Replacements	\$	130,853	\$ 101,047		
Gateway Park Streetscape and Downtown Utility Replacement		586,299	 322,144 625,747		
	\$	717,152	\$ 1,048,938		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government administration	\$ 30,266
Public safety	68,150
Public works	167,362
Parks, recreation, and cultural	 37,244
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 303,022
Business-type activities	
Water and sewer	\$ 624,286

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities

#### **Prior Year Defeasance of Debt**

In 2003, the Town defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. At June 30, 2010, \$2,178,329 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year		
General obligation public improvement bond Other long-term liability Compensated absences	\$ 254,555 191,619 107,774	\$ 9,957 	43,158	\$ 248,056 148,461 133,929	46,179 100,263		
	\$ 553,948	\$ 36,112	\$ 59,614	\$ 530,446	\$ 163,532		
<b>Business-type Activities</b>	_						
General obligation refunding bond General obligation public improvement bonds	\$ 1,680,406 1,336,410	\$ - 1,300,000	\$ 419,175 132,982	\$ 1,261,231 2,503,428	\$ 432,192 126,674		
Compensated absences	57,789		4,743	53,046	39,712		
	\$ 3,074,605	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 556,900	\$ 3,817,705	\$ 598,578		

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							Business-type Activities								
	G	eneral Obl Improve	$\mathcal{L}$		Other Long-Term Liability					General Refund	U	•	General Obligation Public Improvement Bond			
Fiscal Year	I	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		_	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2011	\$	17,090	\$	9,154	\$	46,179	\$	10,392	\$	432,192	\$	32,408	\$	126,674	\$	109,656
2012		17,702		8,497		49,412		7,160		445,560		19,040		131,780		104,288
2013		18,385		7,814		52,870		3,701		383,479		5,358		137,381		98,687
2014		19,094		7,105		-		-		-		-		143,223		92,875
2015		19,830		6,369		-		-		-		-		149,319		86,749
2016-2020		111,231		19,765		-		-		-		-		847,688		332,652
2021-2025		44,724		1,678		-		-		-		-		596,530		160,584
2026-2029	_	-		-		-		-	_	-		-	_	370,833		48,068
	\$	248,056	\$	60,382	\$	148,461	\$	21,253	\$	1,261,231	\$	56,806	\$	2,503,428	\$	1,033,559

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

			Final								
	Interest	Date	Maturity	Α	mount of	Governmental			Business-type		
	Rates	Issued	Date	Ori	iginal Issue		Activities		Activities		
Refunding Bond: SunTrust	3.05%	3-03	4-13	\$	4,000,000	\$	-	\$	1,261,231		
Public Improvement Bond: Carter Bank and Trust	3.79%	3-07	4-22	\$	1,800,000	¢	248,056	\$	1,243,958		
Carter Bank and Trust	3.7970	3-07	4-22	Ф	1,800,000	Ф	246,030	Þ	1,243,936		
Branch Bank and Trust	5.06%	9-09	5-29	\$	1,300,000	\$	-	\$	1,259,470		

#### **Other Long-Term Liability**

In 2006, the Town entered into a verbal agreement to reimburse BGF Industries for improvements to the Town's stormwater management system located on BGF's property. The Town agreed to pay \$396,000 over a seven year period. The Town has imputed interest at the rate of seven percent and thereby discounted the debt to a total principal amount of \$307,303. Payments are to be made annually in the amount of \$56,571. At year end, \$148,461 was outstanding under this agreement.

#### **Note 8.** Environmental Remediation

The Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) has designated the Town a potential responsible party for cleanup of PCB's on certain Town owned property. There are several courses of action that the Town is considering to remedy the situation, with estimated costs ranging from \$750,000 to \$4,000,000. Management has submitted plans for the \$750,000 option to the DEQ. The estimated liability is based on the DEQ accepting this remedy proposed by the Town. If the DEQ does not accept the remedy, the actual costs may be more or less depending on their decision. The Town anticipates completing the project during fiscal year 2011 or 2012.

#### Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Deferred Compensation Plan

#### **Plan Description**

The Town of Altavista contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), an agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the "System"). All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with five years of service (age 60 for participating local law enforcement officers), or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service if elected by the employer (age 50 with at least 25 years for participating local law enforcement officers), payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.85% of their average final salary (AFS) for each year of credited service. Benefits are actuarially reduced for retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for full retirement benefits. In addition, retirees qualify for annual cost-of-living increases limited to 5.00% per year beginning in their second year of retirement. AFS is defined as the highest consecutive 36 months of salary. Participating local law enforcement officers may receive a monthly benefit supplement if they retire prior to age 65. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Deferred Compensation Plan (Continued)

#### Plan Description (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from their website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/PDF/Publications/2009-Annual-Report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/PDF/Publications/2009-Annual-Report.pdf</a> or obtained by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

#### **Funding Policy**

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, to contribute five percent of their annual salary to the VRS. The employer may assume this five percent member contribution. In addition, the Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the *Code of Virginia* and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Town's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2010 was 8.16% of annual covered payroll, which includes the five percent member contribution assumed by the Town.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

For fiscal year 2010, the Town's annual pension cost of \$165,468 was equal to the Town's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2007 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year, and (c) 2.50% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the Town's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five year period. The Town's unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis within a period of 20 years or less.

#### **Three-Year Trend Information**

Fiscal Year Ending	Anı	nual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of (APC) Contributed	Net Pension Obligation			
June 30, 2008	\$	236,150	100%	\$	-		
June 30, 2009	\$	163,987	100%	\$	-		
June 30, 2010	\$	165,468	100%	\$	-		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Deferred Compensation Plan (Continued)

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

As of June 30, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 103.59% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,590,016, and the actuarial value of assets was \$7,862,679, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$(272,663). The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,938,311, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 14.07%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

#### **Note 10.** Service Contracts

#### **Sewage Contract**

The Town is party to a 1991 contract with the Town of Hurt. The Town of Hurt made a capital contribution of \$325,000 to be used for expansion of a wastewater treatment plant. In exchange for the capital contribution, the Town contracted to provide sewage services for an indefinite period to an industrial park within the Town of Hurt. The contract provides that these services will be provided at the same rate the Town charges other customers for similar services.

#### **Note 11.** Property Taxes

The major sources of property taxes are real estate and personal property. Assessments are the responsibility of Campbell County, while billing and collection are the Town's responsibilities.

Property taxes are levied annually on assessed values as of January 1 and are due by December 5 each year. Personal property taxes do not create a lien on property.

The annual assessment for real estate is based on 100% of the assessed fair market value. A penalty of ten percent of the unpaid tax is due for late payment. Interest is accrued at ten percent for the initial year of delinquency, and thereafter at the maximum annual rate authorized by the *Internal Revenue Code* Section 6621(b). The effective tax rates per \$100 of assessed value for the year ended June 30 were as follows:

Real estate	\$ 0.165
Personal property	\$ 2.00
Machinery and tools	\$ 2.00

(Continued) 34

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### Note 12. Risk Management

The Town is insured for Workers' Compensation, General Liability, Health, and other risks.

Workers' Compensation Insurance is provided through the Virginia Municipal League. During 2009-2010, total premiums paid were approximately \$47,500. Benefits are those afforded through Commonwealth of Virginia as outlined in the *Code of Virginia* Section 65.2-100; premiums are based upon covered payroll, job rates, and claims experience.

General liability and other insurance is provided through policies with the Virginia Municipal League. General liability and business automobile coverage have a \$1,000,000 limit per occurrence. Boiler and machinery has a \$5,000,000 limit. Property insurance is covered per statement of values and is approximately \$25,000,000. Police professional liability and public officials' liability insurance with a \$1,000,000 limit are covered through a policy with the Commonwealth of Virginia. Total premiums paid for the year ended June 30, 2010 were approximately \$67,600.

Healthcare coverage for employees is provided through a policy with Anthem. The Town contributes a percentage of the required premium amount for single coverage for each employee. The Town also pays a percentage of the coverage for dependents and spouses of employees. Total premiums paid for the year ended June 30, 2010 were approximately \$385,000.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages from the prior year and no settlements that exceeded the amount of insurance coverage during the last three fiscal years.

#### Note 13. Major Customers/Taxpayers

During fiscal year 2010, approximately 67% of general property taxes and 80% of enterprise fund operating revenue were generated by five customers.

#### Note 14. Fund Balance

Fund equity has been reserved and designated as follows:

General Fund: Reserved:	
Inventory	\$ 74,566
Prepaids	 22,762
	\$ 97,328
Designated:	
Green Hill cemetery	\$ 407,083
Capital improvements	2,900,318
Community improvement projects	140,951
Police	13,990
Train station	4,763
IDA matching grant	250,000
VDOT grant match	 143,750
	\$ 3,860,855

(Continued) 35

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

#### **Note 14.** Fund Balance (Continued)

#### **Deficit – Other Governmental Fund Balance**

A deficit in fund balance of \$168,624 exists due to minimal revenue sources for the library fund. These deficits are anticipated to be recovered through transfers from the general fund.

#### Note 15. New Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statement which is yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions provides new fund balance classifications and clarifies governmental fund type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. This statement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2011.

Management has not yet evaluated the effects, if any, of adopting this standard, but does not expect it to be material.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **EXHIBIT 11**

#### TOWN OF ALTAVISTA, VIRGINIA

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ANALYSIS OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN June 30, 2010

	(a)		<b>(b)</b>		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)				
				Į	J <b>nfunded</b>							
			<b>UAAL</b> as of									
Actuarial	Actuarial		Actuarial		Accrued		Annual	Percentage of				
Valuation	Valuation Value of Accrued				Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered				
Date	Assets	Lia	bility (AAL)		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll				
June 30, 2009	\$ 7,862,679	\$	7,590,016	\$	(272,663)	103.59%	\$ 1,938,311	(14.07)%				
June 30, 2008	\$ 8,160,926	\$	7,568,236	\$	(592,690)	107.83%	\$ 1,961,725	(30.21)%				
June 30, 2007	\$ 7,515,343	\$	6,845,102	\$	(670,241)	109.79%	\$ 1,921,510	(34.88)%				

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – ALTAVISTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2010

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 161,885
Total assets	161,885
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	52,500
Total liabilities	52,500
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted	109,385
Total net assets	\$ 109,385

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – ALTAVISTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2010

OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other expenses	\$ 15,910
Operating loss	(15,910)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Contributions from primary government	26,250
Interest income	342
Nonoperating income	26,592
Change in net assets	10,682
NET ASSETS AT JULY 1	98,703
NET ASSETS AT JUNE 30	\$ 109,385

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – ALTAVISTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2010

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Payments for performance incentive grants	\$ (26,250)
Payments for other expenses	(15,910)
Net cash used in operating activities	(42,160)
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Contribution from primary government	26,250
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	26,250
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	 342
Net cash provided by investing activities	342
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(15,568)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
Beginning at July 1	177,453
Ending at June 30	\$ 161,885
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating loss	\$ (15,910)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	
net cash used in operating activities:	
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(26,250)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (42,160)

#### **OTHER INFORMATION SECTION**

#### GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,	 General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes		Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		Fines and Forfeitures		Investment Earnings		Inter- Governmental		Other		Totals
2010	\$ 2,162,977	\$	1,319,767	\$	660	\$	9,747	\$	78,263	\$	1,258,475	\$	151,693	\$ 4,981,582
2009	2,047,392		1,325,078		870		10,933		161,059		1,026,344		208,274	4,779,950
2008	1,995,533		1,297,749		718		11,035		288,709		820,474		178,839	4,593,057
2007	1,979,013		1,285,877		10,488		24,882		305,232		808,547		195,269	4,609,308
2006	1,942,439		1,137,224		18,008		31,277		193,301		833,324		145,564	4,301,137
2005	1,689,246		1,108,255		17,604		16,812		126,926		774,876		185,707	3,919,426
2004	1,728,289		1,157,142		17,918		29,179		72,382		853,300		123,088	3,981,298
2003	1,750,812		1,164,317		29,361		14,965		100,867		669,905		727,548	4,457,775
2002	1,830,690		1,113,382		24,355		7,566		131,396		750,905		72,008	3,930,302
2001	1,948,181		1,111,837		20,442		8,075		247,351		702,797		51,187	4,089,870

(1) Consists solely of general fund revenues

#### TABLE 2

#### GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,	Go	General vernment ninistration	Public Safety	Parks, Recreation Public and Works Cultural					Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Totals		
2010	\$	873,090	\$ 809,229	\$	1,100,745	\$	407,280	\$	1,000,165	\$ 82,771	\$	4,273,280	
2009		843,025	812,925		1,310,206		359,546		368,475	81,778		3,775,955	
2008		862,765	801,058		1,469,131		266,062		291,182	81,778		3,771,976	
2007		912,491	742,332		1,199,129		265,425		953,788	62,873		4,136,038	
2006		840,103	826,763		1,474,907		284,406		475,640	-		3,901,819	
2005		808,124	913,427		1,192,425		270,556		508,258	10,018		3,702,808	
2004		710,765	694,842		1,403,846		183,875		171,924	10,000		3,175,252	
2003		694,311	652,472		1,176,922		178,330		1,142,596	360,000		4,204,631	
2002		640,296	632,285		1,218,583		175,442		264,275	10,000		2,940,881	
2001		632,197	675,654		1,255,553		178,953		283,060	10,000		3,035,417	

(1) Consists solely of general fund expenditures

### COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT LIMIT June 30, 2010

Assessed value of real estate, January 1, 2009			\$ 257,899,946
Legal debt limit, (10% of \$257,899,946)			\$ 25,789,995
Total bonded debt	\$ 4	,012,716	4,012,716
Legal debt margin			\$ 21,777,279



#### **COMPLIANCE SECTION**



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Altavista, Virginia Altavista, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely present component unit, the major fund, and the remaining fund information of the Town of Altavista, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities*, *Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider deficiencies 07-1 and 08-1 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses to be material weaknesses.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 10-1.

We also noted certain additional matters that we reported to management of the Town in a separate letter dated September 23, 2010.

The Town's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Town's response and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Town Council, others within the entity, state and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia September 23, 2010

#### SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2010

As more fully described in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the Town's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants shown below:

#### **STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS**

#### Code of Virginia:

Budget and Appropriation Laws Cash and Investment Laws Conflicts of Interest Act Debt Provisions

#### State Agency Requirements:

Urban Highway Maintenance

#### **LOCAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS**

Town Charter

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2010

#### A. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

#### 07-1: Segregation of Duties (Material Weakness)

#### **Condition:**

In general, internal control is designed to safeguard assets and help prevent losses from employee dishonesty or error. A fundamental concept of internal control is the separation of duties. The basic premise of this concept is that no one employee should have access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction. Due to the limited size of the Treasurer's Office, a proper separation of duties has not been established and maintained.

**Management's Response:** Management feels that duties are segregated to the extent feasible with the staffing levels in place. The Town has a small staff and this creates inherent limitations in the division of duties and the segregation that is feasible.

#### 08-1: Recording of Non-Routine Year End Transactions (Material Weakness)

#### **Condition:**

We noted one instance where a year end non-routine adjustment was not recorded. The effect of this instance was a material understatement of capital assets. This instance indicates the controls over the accuracy of the year end closing process in regards to capital assets are not adequate.

**Management's Response:** The Town will make every effort to record all non-routine year end transactions. Capital assets are recorded at the end of each year and the staff will make every effort to record all capital assets properly.

#### B. COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

#### 10-1: Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

#### **Condition:**

The Town Council passes budgets with restrictions on appropriations at the department level, allowing over-expending on individual line items, but not at the total department or function level. For fiscal year 2010, the Town's public safety and parks, recreation, and cultural functions both had expenditures in excess of appropriations.

**Management's Response:** The final budget amendments submitted and approved by Council were significant (reductions) in the salary line item in public safety and the CDBG line item in parks, recreation, and cultural functions (Fund 70). Public safety labor for Uncle Billy's Day and downtown revitalization charges for June were higher than anticipated.