

# City of Carlin Public Works Department 810 Oak Street, PO Box 340 Carlin, NV 89822 Phone 775-754-6515 Fax 775-754-6253

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Director Carlos A Esparza

The City of Carlin is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

## POST FRAME/POLE BUILDINGS (NON-ENGINEERED) For Private Garages/Barns on Residential Lots Only

Buildings must meet the following requirements to be designed without engineering. Owner/Contractor plans accepted providing the following minimum design criteria is met. See attached special provisions for buildings over twelve (12) foot eave height.

#### **Building Dimensions**

Width

40 ft maximum

Length

50 ft maximum

Eave height 12 ft maximum

Total height 20 ft maximum

Note: lean-to / roof cover / carport

supported off pole building

are considered part of the width

& length of the building.

#### Design Criteria

Wind speed

90 mph fastest mile; 105 mph 3-second gust Exp. C

Truss and corbel attachment

Live roof load-20 psf

Ground & Roof snow load-30 lb.

Seismic Design Category-D1

2018 International Building Code

2017 National Electric Code

#### **BUILDING MATERIALS**

1.	Using t	he c	hart	belo	w,	fill	in	the	blanl	ks or	the	wor	KS	heet	t:
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Eave Height	Eave Height	Corbel to post	Truss to Post
Building Width	Max. 12'	8-20d nails	½" thru-bolt
Building Length			
Pole Size	Girt s	pacing, size and o	rientation
Bay Width	Bay Width max	x. 10' -2x6 @ 24" o	o.c. attached
Header Size	to the outside of	of the posts. (see gir	t detail)
Trusses (NV Engineered), must be	Bay Width Ove	er 10' to 12' – 2x6	@ 24" o.c.
submitted at time of permit issuance.	installed horizo	ontally (flat between	n posts) with
	2x6 blocking b	etween girts.	
Rafter/Perlin size			
Rafter/Perlin spacing	Roof	purlin spacing and	d size
Roof Sheathing	Roof purlin siz	e and spacing: Min	. 2x6 @ 24" o.c.
Roofing material/gage			
Truss/Rafter attachment to post	Head	er Sizes	
Girt size	Header sizes -	see attached sheet	
Girt spacing			
Type of siding & gage			
Corbel attachment to post	Buria	l Depth of Posts	
Slope of roof (to determine max. height)	Eave Height 10	3' = 3' depth	
Rurial depth of nost	Fave Height or	er 10' = 4' denth	

2. On a separate page provide a plan showing the size of the building, the location and spacing of all posts, trusses, doors and windows. Indicate location of electrical subpanel. If you are planning to construct the roof with rafters, you will be required to submit a roof framing detail. Also, provide a site plan indicating the distances from the property lines and any other structures. Check with the Public Works department (775) 754-6515 for the required set-backs from the property lines.

### **General Notes:**

	Buildings having over a 12' eave height shall be required to provide engineered plans.
	Post and ground girts must be pressure treated.
	Posts must be a minimum of 6 x 6.
	Used, warped, cracked or otherwise damaged building materials shall not be approved for use.
	Posts should not be surrounded by concrete unless approved by the manufacturer of the posts.
	Posts shall be placed in undisturbed soil. If fill is installed, post shall be placed 3 feet below any fill.
	Holes for posts shall not be over excavated. Use an auger to drill holes. Digging holes with a backhoe is an over excavation and is not an approved method. Compact around posts in holes by filling in 6" lifts, adding a small amount of water and tamping.
	Roof trusses are required to be stamped by a Nevada engineer.
	End wall trusses are required or if using a rafter/header it shall be sized per the header table attached.
	Truss loads which will occur over a header/opening shall be indicated on the plans. Header shall be
	sized for the load.
	Truss engineering shall be submitted to this office prior to issuance of the permit or inspection.
	Review truss design for specific bracing requirements.
	All structural members shall have positive connections made at all points of load. These connectors shall
	be provided at post and beam (header) connections, rafter (purlins) and truss connections.
	Nailing shall comply with IBC requirements.
	Roofing materials shall comply with IBC requirements.
Si	ding:

- Veneers of metal shall be fabricated from approved corrosion-resistant materials or shall be protected front & back with porcelain enamel or otherwise be treated to render the metal resistant to corrosion. Such veneers shall not be less than 0.0149-inch nominal thickness sheet steel mounted on wood or metal furring strips or approved sheathing on the wood construction. If other types of siding are installed, engineering may be required. IBC Section 1405.10.
- Metal siding shall be attached to pressure treated ground girt so a minimum of 4 to 6 inches is maintained from the bottom of the siding to the soil/finish grade.
- Exterior metal veneer shall be securely attached to the supporting masonry or framing members with corrosion-resistant fasteners, metal ties or by other approved devices or methods. The spacing of fasteners or ties shall not exceed 24 inches either vertically or horizontally, but where units exceed 4 square feet in area there shall be not less than four attachments per unit. The metal attachments shall have a cross-sectional area not less than provided by W 1.7 wire. Such attachments and their support shall be capable of resisting a horizontal force in accordance with the wind loads specified in Section 1609, but not less than 20 psf. IBC Section 1405.10.1.
- Metal supports for exterior metal veneer shall be protected by painting, galvanizing or by other equivalent coating or treatment. Joints and edges exposed to the weather shall be caulked with approved durable waterproofing material or by other approved means to prevent penetration of moisture. IBC 1405.10.2.

- O Wood siding-shall be attached to pressure treated ground girt so minimum of 6" is maintained from grade to bottom of siding. Siding shall be nailed per manufacturer's minimum requirements.
- O Stucco- weep screed shall be a minimum of 4" from grade.

1716	etal roof panels – the installation of metal roof panels shall comply with the following:  Deck requirements-Metal roof panel roof coverings shall be applied to a solid or closely fitted deck,
	except where the roof covering is specifically designed to be applied to spaced supports. IBC Section 1507.4.1.
	☐ The minimum slope for standing seam roof systems shall be one-quarter unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (2% slope). IBC Section 1507.4.2.
	Material standards-Metal sheet roof covering systems that incorporate supporting structural member shall be designed in accordance with Chapter 22. Metal sheet roof coverings installed over decking shall comply with Table 1507.4.3(1) IBC Section 1507.4.4.
	Attachment-Metal roof fastened directly to steel framing shall be attached by approved manufacturer's fasteners. In the absence of manufacturer recommendations, all the following fasteners shall be used.
	<ul> <li>Galvanized fasteners shall be used for galvanized roofs.</li> </ul>
	• 300 series stainless-steel fasteners shall be used for copper roofs.
	Stainless steel fasteners are acceptable for all types of metal roofs.
	A minimum of 5% grade shall be provided away from the building to allow drainage.
	Lean-to / roof cover / carport supported off a pole building are considered part of the width or length of
_	the building.
	Ledger installed to support a lean-to / roof cover / carport shall be attached to an appropriately sized header using lag bolts 24" o.c.
<u>)oors</u>	
	A man door shall be provided in addition to the garage doors. The exit doorway shall be of a size as to permit the installation of a door not less than 3 feet in width and not less than 6'8" in height. The exit door shall be capable of opening so that the clear width of the exit doors is not less than 32". IBC Section 1010.
Electr	
	Owner shall verify service size is adequate for an additional electric load. Only one service is permitted on a residential lot.
	Call 811 for utility locate before you dig.
	Submit number of fixtures including switches, lights and outlets.
	This office recommends an owner not familiar with electrical installation of the NEC obtain a simple wiring booklet, which is written to comply with the 2017 National Electric Code. This type of book wil contain more specific information regarding wiring methods, wiring sizes, supports, sub panels, overcurrent protection, connections, fixtures, working space, safety precautions, grounding, branch
	circuits, etc. There are various requirements that cannot be covered in this handout.
	All garage outlets shall be GFI (ground fault interrupter) protected. See NEC Code for specific exceptions.
	Exterior outlets shall have weather tight covers, which will remain weather tight when a plug is inserted (bubble covers are required). NEC 406.9.
	All exposed wiring shall be securely stapled or protected.

	If installing romex wiring (nonmetallic sheathed cable) wiring shall be protected from damage.
	Provide individual ground rod and ground wire when more than (1) circuit is provided in a garage. If a four-wire system is run from the service, a ground rod is <u>not</u> required. (NEC 250.24)
	A disconnecting means and overcurrent protection shall be provided per NEC. Overcurrent protection
	requires their breaker to be rated for the amperage of the wire. #12 wire=20 amp breaker, #10 wire=30
_	amp breaker. See NEC for further information.
	Ground wire and neutral wires shall be separated/isolated.
	Feeder wires for the garage shall not be serviced from the manufactured/mobile home unless
	approved by the Manufactured Housing division.
	Schedule 80 PVC rigid nonmetallic electric conduit is required to protect above ground conductors.
	NEC Art. 230.50.
	All wiring used underground shall be listed for wet location or underground use when installed in
	conduit. NEC 300.5.
	Inform the Public Works Department if an upgraded service will be necessary. Normally one service is permitted on a residential lot.
	Contact Wells Rural Electric for their requirements at (775) 754-6362
	Building or concrete floor slab shall not be constructed over existing utilities.
Plum	bing
	Locate your septic system before planning the garage construction (if applicable). A minimum of 8 fee
	is required to the nearest portion of the septic tank.
	Call 811 for utility locate before you dig.
Mech	anical/Heating
	Permits are required for wood or pellet stoves and gas/electric appliances and shall comply with
	Uniform Mechanical Code requirements.
	Call 811 for utility locate before you dig.

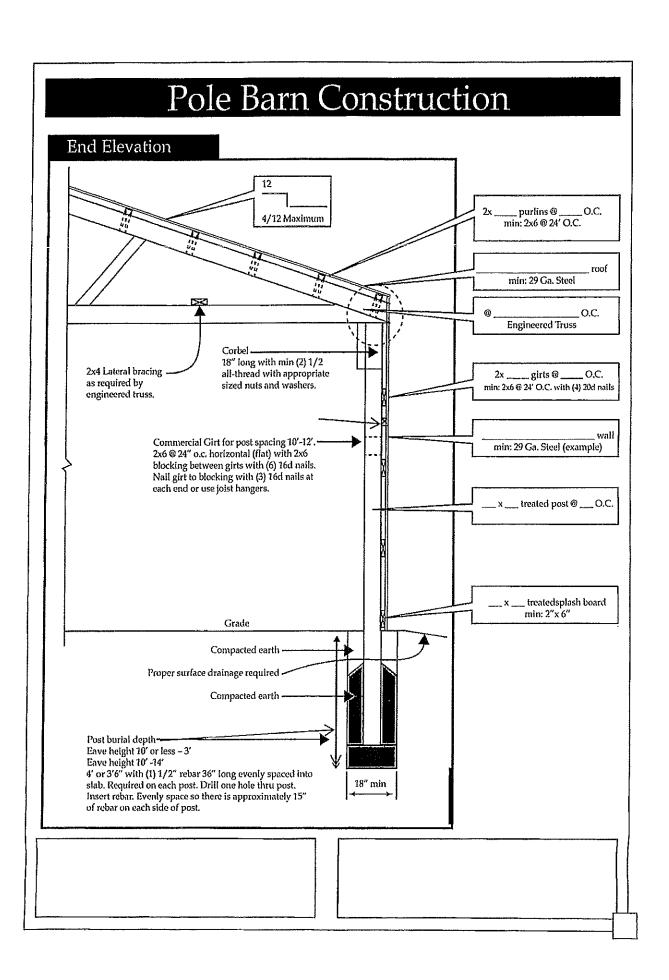
SUBMIT COMPLETED WORKSHEET WITH BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION.

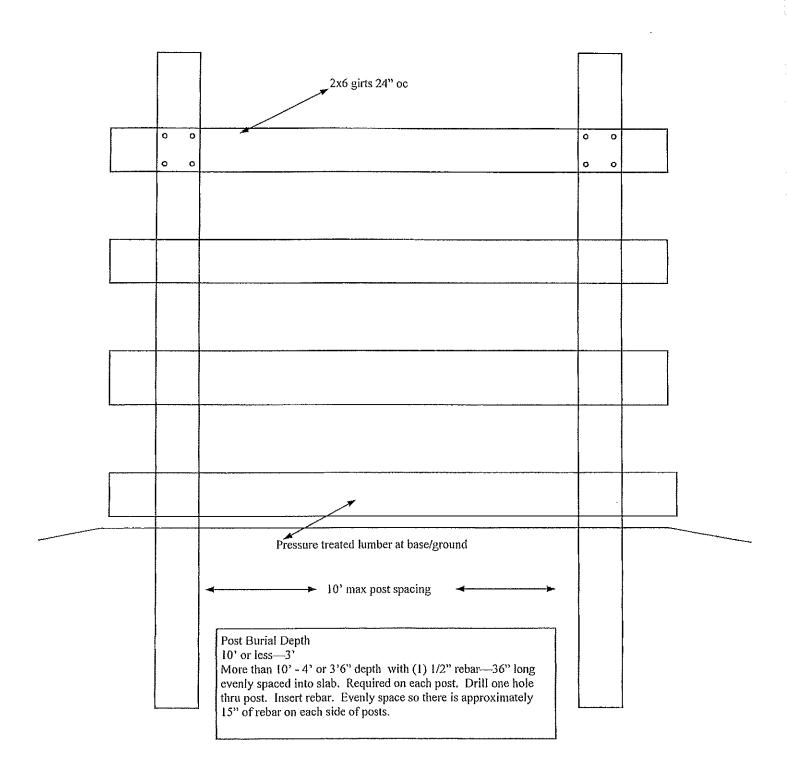
	<u>PLOT PLAN</u>	DATE:	
APPLICANT:	ADDRESS:	PHONE	
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PLOT PLAN

STREET/ROAD

INDICATE THE FOLLOWING INFORMANTION, (IF ALL INFORMATIN LISTED BELOW IS NOT INCLUDED, APPROVAL OF PERMITS WIL BE DENIED). LOCATION OF RESIDENCE; LOCATION AND NAME OF STREET OR ROAD, SEWER OR SEPTIC; CITY WATER OR WELL; PROPANE TANK; POWER SUPPLY PANEL. (DIMENSIONS, SETBACKS & DISTANCES REQUIRED)





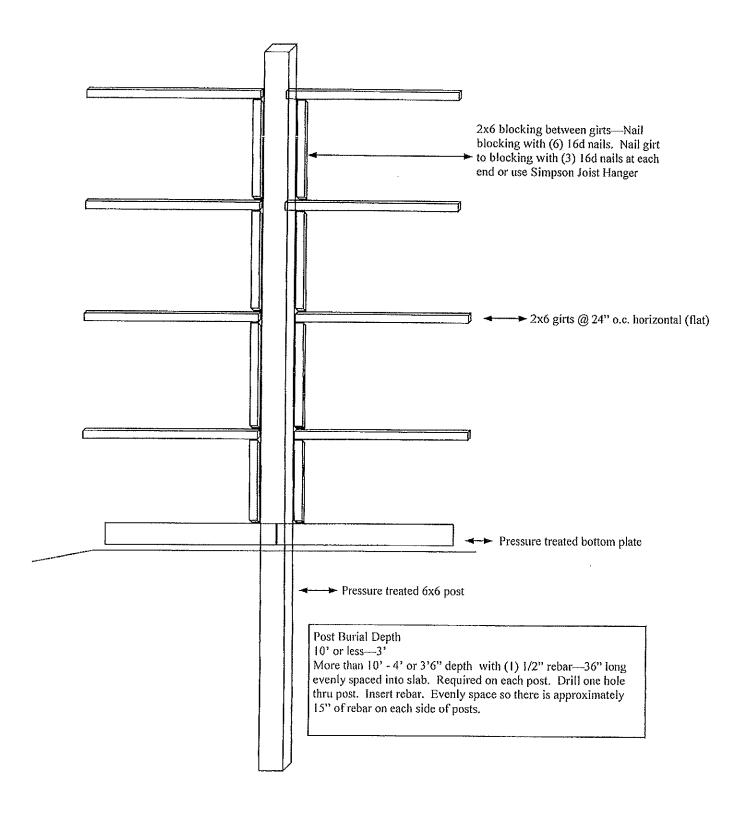


TABLE R502.5(1)

GIRDER SPANS\* AND HEADER SPANS\* FOR EXTERIOR BEARING WALLS

(Maximum spans for Douglas fir-larch, hem-fir, southern pine and spruce-pine-fir and required number of jack studs)

		GROUND SNOW LOAD (psf) <sup>c</sup>													
		30							50						
			Building width <sup>c</sup> (feet)												
GIRDERS AND HEADERS		20		28		36		20		28		3	36		
SUPPORTING	SIZE	Span	NJd	Span	NJ <sup>d</sup>	Span	NJ₫	Span	NJq	Span	NJ <sup>d</sup>	Span	NJd		
	2-2×4	3-6	1	3-2	1	2-10	1	3-2	1	2-9	1	2-6	1		
	2-2×6	5-5	1	4-8	1	4-2	1	4-8	1	4-1	1	3-8	2		
	2-2×8	6-10	1	5-11	2	5-4	2	5-11	2	5-2	2	4-7	2		
	2-2×10	8-5	2	7-3	2	6-6	2	7-3	2	6-3	2	5-7	2		
	2-2×12	9-9	2	8-5	2	7-6	2	8-5	2	7-3	2	6-6	2		
Roof and ceiling	3-2×8	8-4	1	7-5	1	6-8	1	7-5	1	6-5	2	5-9	2		
	3-2×10	10-6	1	9-1	2	8-2	2	9-1	2	7-10	2	7-0	2		
-	3-2×12	12-2	2	10-7	2	9-5	2	10-7	2	9-2	2	8-2	2		
}	4-2×8	7-0	1	6-1	2	5-5	2	6-1	2	5-3	2	4-8	2		
	4-2×10	11-8	1	10-6	I	9-5	2	10-6	1	9-1	2	8-2	2		
	4-2×12	14-1	1	12-2	2	10-11	2	12-2	2	10-7	2	9-5	2		

## TABLE R802.5.1(1) RAFTER SPANS FOR COMMON LUMBER SPECIES (Roof live load=20 psf, ceiling not attached to rafters, L/A = 180

(Roof live load=20 psf, ceiling not attached to rafters, $L/\Delta = 180$ )													
				· DEA	D LOAD =	10 psf		DEAD LOAD = 20 psf					
			2 × 4	2×6	2 × 8	2 × 10	2 x 12	2×4	2 × 6	2 x 8	2 × 10	2 × 12	
RAFTER			Maximum rafter spans <sup>a</sup>									т	
SPACING (inches)	SPECIES AND GRADE	t	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	(feet - inches)	
	Douglas fir-larch	SS	11-6	18-0	23-9	Note b	Note b	11-6	18-0	23-5	Note b	Note b	
	Douglas fir-larch	#1	1-1	17-4	22-5	Note b	Note b	10-6	15-4	19-5	23-9	Note b	
	Douglas fir-larch	#2	1-10	16-7	21-0	25-8	Note/b	9-10	14-4	18-2	22-3	25-9	
	Douglas fir-larch	#3	8-7	12-6	15-10	19-5	22/6	7-5	10-10	13-9	16-9	19-6	
	Hem-fir	SS	10\10	17-0	22-5	Note b	Note b	10-10	17-0	22-5	Note b	Note b	
	Hem-fir	#1	10 7	16-8	21-10	Note b	Note b	10-3	14-11	18-11	23-2	Note b	
	Hem-fir	#2	10-1	15-11	20-8	25-3 19-5	Note b	9-8	14-2	17-11	21-11	25-5	
12	Hem-fir Southern pine	#3 SS	8-7 11-3	12-6 17-8	15-10 23-4	Note b	/22-6 Note b	7-5 11-3	10-10 17-8	13-9 23-4	16-9 Note b	19-6 Note b	
	Southern pine	#1	11-3	17-6	22-11	Note b	Note b	11-3	17-8	21-9	25-10	Note b	
	Southern pine ·	#2	10-10	17-0	22-5	Note b	Note b	10-6	15-1	19-5	23-10	Note b	
	Southern pine	#3	9-1	13-6	17-2	20-3/	24-1	7-11	11-8	14-10	17-6	20-11	
	Spruce-pine-fir	SS	10-7	6-8	21-11	Note/b	Note b	10-7	16-8	21-9	Note b	Note b	
	Spruce-pine-fir	#1	10-4	16-3	21-0	25/8	Note b	9-10	14-4	18-2	22-3	25-9	
	Spruce-pine-fir	#2	10-4	16\3	21-0	25-8	Note b	9-10	14-4	18-2	22-3	25-9	
	Spruce-pine-fir	#3	8-7	12-6	15-10	1/9-5	22-6	7-5	10-10	13-9	16-9	19-6	
	Douglas fir-larch	SS	10-5	16-4	21-7	Note b	Note b	10-5	16-0	20-3	24-9	Note b	
	Douglas fir-larch	#1	10-0	15-4	19-5	/23-9	Note b	9-1	13-3	16-10	20-7	23-10	
	Douglas fir-larch	#2	9-10	14-4	18-2	22-3	25-9	8-6	12-5	15-9	19-3	22-4	
	Douglas fir-larch	#3	7-5	10-10	13-9 /	16-9	19-6	6-5	9-5	11-11	14-6	16-10	
	Hem-fir	SS	9-10	15-6	20-5	Note b	Note b	9-10	15-6	19-11	24-4	Note b	
	Hem-fir	#1	9-8	14-11	8-11	23-2	Note b	8-10	12-11	16-5	20-0	23-3	
	Hem-fir	#2	9-2	14-2	17-1/1	21-11	25-5	8-5	12-3	15-6	18-11	22-0	
16	Hem-fir	#3	7-5	10-10	13/9	16-9	19-6	6-5	9-5	11-11	14-6	16-10	
	Southern pine	SS	10-3	16-1	2/2	Note b	Note b	10-3	16-1	21-2	Note b	Note b	
	Southern pine	#1	10-0	15-9	20-10	25-10	Note b	10-0	15-0	18-10	22-4	Note b	
	Southern pine	#2	9-10	15-1	/19-5	23-2	Note b	9-1	13-0	16-10	20-1	23-7	
	Southern pine	#3	7-11	11-8	/14-10	17-6	20-11	6-10	10-1	12-10	15-2	18-1	
	Spruce-pine-fir	SS	9-8	15-2	19-11	25-5	Note b	9-8	14-10	18-10	23-0	Note b	
	Spruce-pine-fir	#1	9-5	14-4	18-2	22-3	25-9	8-6	12-5	15-9	19-3	22-4	
	Spruce-pine-fir	#2 #3	9-5 7-5	14-4/ 10-10	18-2 13-9	22-3	25-9 19-6	8-6 6-5	12-5 9-5	15-9	19-3	22-4	
	Spruce-pine-fir					1				11-11	14-6	16-10	
- 1	Douglas fir-larch	SS	9-10	15/5	20-4	25-11	Note b	9-10	14-7	18-6	22-7	Note b	
1	Douglas fir-larch	#1	9-5	14-0	17-9	21\8	25-2	8-4	12-2	15-4	18-9	21-9	
	Douglas fir-larch	#2	8-11	1/3-1	16-7	20-B	23-6	7-9	11-4	14-4	17-7	20-4	
	Douglas fir-larch	#3	6-9	9-11	12-7	15-4	17-9	5-10	8-7	10-10	13-3	15-5	
	Hem-fir	SS #1	9-3	14-7	19-2	24-6	Note b	9-3	14-4	18-2	22-3	25-9	
	Hem-fir Hem-fir	#1	9-1 8-8	/ 13-8 12-11	17-4	21-1	24-6	8-1 7-8	11-10	15-0 14-2	18-4	21-3	
11	Hem-fir	#2	6-9	9-11	16-4 12-7	15-4	17-9	5-10	11-2 8-7	10-10	17-4 13-3	20-1 15-5	
	Southern pine	SS	9-8	15-2	19-11	25-5	Note b	9-8	15-2	19-11	25-5	Note b	
	Southern pine	#1	9-5	14-10	19-11	23-7	Note b	9-3	13-8	17-2	20-5	24-4	
	Southern pine	#2	9-3	13-9	17-9	21-2	24-10	8-4	11-11	15-4	18-4	21-6	
1	Southern pine	#3	7/3	10-8	13-7	16-0	19-1	6-3	9-3	11-9	13-10	16-6	
	Spruce-pine-fir	SS	<i>p</i> -1	.14-3	18-9	23-11	Noteb	9-1	13-7	17-2	21-0	24-4	
	Spruce-pine-fir	#1	8-10	13-1	16-7	20-3	23-6	7-9	11-4	14-4	17-7	20-4	
	Spruce-pine-fir	#2	8-10	13-1	16-7	20-3	23-6	7-9	11-4	14-4	17-7	20-4	
	Spruce-pine-fir	#3 /	6-9	9-11	12-7	15-4	17-9	5-10	8-7	10-10	13-3	15-5	

(continued)