

32325 Franklin Road, Franklin, Michigan 48025

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www.franklin.mi.us

VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING MONDAY, November 14, 2022, 7:00 P.M.

Franklin Village Hall, Broughton House 32325 Franklin Road, Franklin, Michigan 48025

AGENDA

- I. CALL TO ORDER
- II. ROLL CALL
- III. ADOPTION OF AGENDA
- IV. MINUTES:
 - A. Regular Meeting of October 10, 2022
- V. PUBLIC REQUESTS AND COMMENTS
- VI. REPORTS OF VILLAGE OFFICERS AND AGENTS
 - A. Police Report
 - B. Fire Report
 - C. Treasurer Report
- VII. SUBMISSION OF CURRENT BILLS

VIII. SPECIAL REPORTS

- A. President's Report
- B. Council Report
- C. Administrator Report
- D. Planning Commission Report
- E. Main Franklin Street Report

IX. PUBLIC HEARING

A. Community Development Block Grant Funding, Plan Year 2023.

X. NEW BUSINESS

- A. Consider Community Development Block Grant Funding, Plan Year 2023.
- B. Consider Civic Event Permit Application for "Art Menorah 2022" on December 19, 2022.
- C. Consider the Outdoor Lighting Ordinance.
- D. Consider the HDSC October 2022 Report on modification to the Historic District.
- E. Consider the Police Department Roof Bid.

XI. ADJOURNMENT

Posted: November 11, 2022

Dana Hughes | Village Clerk

POSTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PUBLIC ACT 267 (OPEN MEETINGS ACT)

The Village of Franklin will provide necessary, reasonable auxiliary aids and services to individuals with disabilities requiring such services. All requests must be made to the Village Clerk at least five (5) business days before a meeting. Individuals with disabilities requiring auxiliary aids or services should contact the Village in writing at 32325 Franklin Road, Franklin, MI 48025 or by calling the Clerk's Office, at 248-626-9666.

Village of Franklin 1825

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VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN SPECIAL COUNCIL MEETING MONDAY, November 21, 2022, 8:00 P.M. Franklin Village Hall, Broughton House 32325 Franklin Road, Franklin, Michigan 48025

<u>A G E N D A</u>

T	CATT	TO	ADDED	
1.	CALL	TO	ORDER	

- II. ROLL CALL
- III. CONSIDER VILLAGE COUNCIL APPOINTMENT
- IV. ADOPTION OF AGENDA
- V. PUBLIC COMMENTS
- VI. FILE ELECTION RESULTS
- VII. ELECTION OF PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE
- VIII. BANK RESOLUTIONS
 - IX. PROPOSED CODE OF CONDUCT
 - X. APPOINTMENTS BY COUNCIL
 - a. Village Treasurer
 - b. Village Deputy Treasurer (s)
 - c. Council Liaison to Fire Commission
 - d. Village Representative to the Birmingham Cablecasting Board
 - e. Village Representative to Birmingham NEXT
 - f. Village Representative to Main Street Franklin
 - g. Council Liaison to Historic District Commission
 - h. Council Liaison to Planning Commission
 - i. Village Finance Committee
 - j. Village Legal Committee
 - k. Village Liquor Control Committee
 - 1. Village Personnel Committee
 - m. Road and Streetscape Committees
 - XI. CONSIDER the Attached Calendar for 2023 Meetings of Village Council, Historic District Commission, Planning Commission and Zoning/Sign Board of Appeals.
- XII. COUNCIL AND ADMINISTRATIVE REPORTS AND COMMENTS.
- XIII. ADJOURNMENT

Posted: November 11, 2022

Dana Hughes | Village Clerk

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VILLAGE COUNCIL

Second Monday of Each Month at 7:00 PM

January 9, 2023July 10, 2023February 13, 2023August 14, 2023March 13, 2023September 11, 2023April 10, 2023October 9, 2023May 8, 2023November 13, 2023June 12, 2023December 11, 2023

WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT BOARD

January 9, 2023

August 24, 2023

PLANNING COMMISSION

Third Wednesday of Each Month at 7:00 PM* (*Except when otherwise noted)

January 18, 2023	July 19, 2023
February 15, 2023	August 16, 2023
March 15, 2023	September 20, 2023
April 19, 2023	October 18, 2023
May 17, 2023	November 15, 2023
June 21, 2023	December 13, 2023 (*2 nd Wednesday)

HISTORIC DISTRICT COMMISSION

First Wednesday of Each Month at 7:00 PM

January 4, 2023	July 5, 2023
February 1, 2023	August 2, 2023
March 1, 2023	September 6, 2023
April 5, 2023	October 4, 2023
May 3, 2023	November 1, 2023
June 7, 2023	December 6, 2023

ZONING/SIGN BOARD OF APPEALS

Third Thursday of Each Month at 7:00 PM* (*Except when otherwise noted)

January 19, 2023	July 20, 2023
February 16, 2023	August 17, 2023
March 18, 2023	September 21, 2023
April 20, 2023	October 19, 2023
May 19, 2023	November 16, 2023
June 15, 2023	December 14, 2023(* 2 nd Thursday)

All Special Meetings and Public Hearings of the Village Council, Commissions, Committees, and Boards are posted as they are scheduled. All Meetings are held at the Franklin Village Office, 32325 Franklin Road, Franklin, Michigan 48025.

Posted: November 22, 2022

VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING

MONDAY, October 10, 2022, at 7:00 PM

Franklin Village Hall, Broughton House

32325 Franklin Road, Franklin, Michigan 48025

I. CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order by President Bill Lamott, at 7:10 P.M.

II. ROLL CALL

Present: Kathy Erlich, David Goldberg, Mark Hanke, Pam Hansen, Mike Seltzer, and Bill Lamott

Absent: Ed Saenz

Present: Dan Roberts, Police Chief; Tony Averbuch, Fire Chief; Roger Fraser, Village Administrator, Susan Goldstrom, Assistant Administrator; and Peter Goicai, Village Attorney

III. ADOPTION OF AGENDA

Lamott asked to add the following item G) Schedule CDBG Public Hearing on November 14th.

Motion by Seltzer, seconded by Erlich to adopt the Agenda, as amended.

AYES:

Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS:

None

ABSENT: Saenz

Motion carried

IV. MINUTES

A. Regular Meeting of September 12, 2022

Erlich stated there was one typo, page (10) change gemstone to "the JenStan".

Motion by Saenz, seconded by Seltzer to adopt the Minutes for the Regular Meeting of August 8, 2022, with corrections.

AYES:

Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS:

None

ABSENT: Saenz

Motion carried

V. PUBLIC REQUESTS AND COMMENTS

Public Comments were opened by President Bill Lamott at 7:13 PM. Lamott added that Village Council will limit Public Comments to three minutes. With the Village Clerk as timekeeper.

Sasha Croswell, 26197 Meadow

• She moved in after the sidewalks were installed. Her concern is the fact she has lost all her brush and now she has lost her privacy. It is now a safety issue because she has two small children, who are drawn to the intersection. Before the sidewalk installation they could not see the intersection. The fence that was discussed for her property does not add any safety. She would like pine trees planted.

Seltzer asked if she knew about the sidewalk project. The homeowner stated that she did know and supported the sidewalk project, but she did not know she would lose so much of her vegetation in the process.

Hanke asked if she has spoken to the Village Administrator about this. She stated that she had spoken to Trustee Hansen and the Village Administrator in the beginning.

Erlich stated that the Council talked about trees, not about brush and rocks. There was supposed to be trees, the idea was to give them a barrier.

Hansen stated that the Croswell's home has been the most dramatically affected by the sidewalk project. They have been working out an arrangement to help the family. A quote of \$1,000 per six to eight feet pine trees was currently received.

Hansen also stated that over the last year and a half, the conversations were about the safety of the kids. There was talk about putting wire in the back of the fence, grass, and some fast-growing shrubs with a couple of trees on the side. But putting a visual barrier or crop of pine trees was not part of the conversation at that time. Hansen recognize that things are changing.

Hansen suggests that Mrs. Croswell, the Village Administrator, and herself get together the next day to go over the options for her property.

Croswell was fine with Hansen's suggestion. But she felt she was not being heard during the process and that better communication is needed.

Amy Benezra, 32960 Franklin Court

• She was concerned about a fix done to Franklin Court Road about five years ago. She has called multiple times along with her neighbors across the street and down the street. Whatever was done to the road is destroying her property. She has sent video, she has called and complained. They have tried to fix it themselves. When the rain comes down, it goes into her property and her property now has divots in her yard. It has brought her property value down.

Lamott stated that he and Fraser have had discussions with the County regarding stormwater issues. Fraser added that the County has not found a solution to the problem. They have tried putting asphalt down to try channel the runoff. It was hoped it would create a slope to keep the dirt from washing

into the hole right at the end of the flow. He also stated that later in the meeting the Council will be talking about how to improve the water flow.

Lamott believes that the solution being presented for Evelyn Court could work for Franklin Court as well.

Sheryl Sparks, 26266 Evelyn Court

• When she moved in, there was a hill on Franklin and Evelyn Court that goes from Franklin all the way up the hill to a cul-de-sac and the road worked perfectly before the road construction went through. The hill was high, and the water flowed on both sides down and there was never a problem. After the road construction, the hill was leveled. Also, the sloping at the top, went from the little round cul-de-sac to a triangle and it is flat. If you all drive by Evelyn Court, her neighbor has a huge rut right in front of his house. Anybody walking on that street, that trips could be seriously injured. The problem is the culvert that goes under Evelyn Court that just fills right up. She is asking for help, just regrade the road the way it was before and put it back, so the residents don't have to deal with this anymore.

Mark Ziessow, 32695 Redfern

He has tried to call the County about the street entrances along 14 Mile Road for all the brush.
 The County has not responded back to him. His question is "where can the Village go with this?"

Kim Gresidanus

• She was here to address the resident of the Village of Franklin. Proposal Three is touted as my body, my choice. She is here to talk about parents and protecting their children. If this bill passes, it is going to be added to our Constitution. It would allow children to have reproductive rights. Under this bill, a child can get puberty blockers or they can get sterilization. Parents will not have a right to know about this. A child at age 14 can get an abortion under this proposal and no parental consent will be needed.

Randy McElroy, 30575 Woodside Drive

• He has been involved in Franklin politics for 25 years. He has served on council and on every committee and usually multiple committees the whole time. He would like to state the accusations that Mr. Lamott is not fit to be the President by two young ladies were wrong. He has served with him on council and on a lot of other things. Lamott is a tremendous leader, and he is a statesman. He is trying to solve problems and that is hard when he is outnumbered five to two. He also stated to the young lady whose property was trashed, it wasn't one of the old-timers; it had to be one of the new hot heads.

Angelina Sulaka, 26172 Meadow Drive

• She stated she is probably one of those ladies the previous speaker was referring too. She stated that two days after she spoke at the last Council meeting her front lawn was vandalized again. She never made that information public; she simply reported it to the police. There is a pending criminal case, with one of Bill Lamott and Kathy Ehrlich's, old running mate, for vandalism of her property. That case will probably resolve itself in the next two to three weeks. She is not sure a stateman should be running with these kinds of criminals. The reason he created a pact to run the campaigns on Nena Downing and Fred Gallasch is because he is outnumbered. All the

- signs you see for Nena and Fred were paid for by Responsible Franklin which is Lamott's pact. That way he can turn the Council from five to two to four to three in his favor.
- The latest pact piece that came out had the service marks of the fire station, the service marks of the police station and the picture of Benjamin Franklin. The Franklin emblem is a symbol of the community. And it is a symbol of this town. And the previous pact piece that was sent out, he used the public title that he had, which doesn't belong to him. It belongs to the public trust, the village president. Now this pact comes out, he uses the Franklin emblem and the service marks of our first responders.

Hanke asked if this was a mailing with the Franklin Police and Fire emblem on it. Seltzer stated that the police and the fire departments would never endorse candidates. Seltzer asked the Village Attorney if there was a violation here. The Village Attorney stated he would have to review it.

David Sahli, 26172 Meadow Drive

He is a regulatory compliance attorney that has committed much of his life to public service, including starting a nonprofit serving in America and serving at every level of government. He is running for the Franklin village trustee. Because fresh ideas and a tireless work ethic are necessary for constant betterment for the village. We should all love the three pillars of the community, the community engagement, and service, and it all starts with service. Throughout his campaign, he has walked the village knocking doors, introducing himself and asking villagers what they would like to see or not see in the village. Without these important conversations, leadership will default to focusing on their priorities and the priorities of their friends. There is no platform or no forum for villagers to raise new ideas or concerns. We regulate the opinions and ideas of villagers to two minutes or three minutes tonight, once a month, and you must attend in person. For out of fear, we might be criticized or asked to be selfreflective. We should be constantly exploring how to increase villager participation, such as live streaming, or using digital platforms, the opportunity for villagers to contribute to their community, and the decisions that impact their lives will always outweigh any potential criticism of me, the office he serves, or the government. That is why once he is elected, he will make sure that residents are given a regular platform to speak up and be heard and most importantly, be respected, like how he is currently hosting coffee and conversations every Wednesday at 6:30 p.m. at Deja Vu, because at the end of the day, the government should serve at the mercy of its community. The community should not serve at the mercy of its government.

Public Comments were closed by President Bill Lamott at 7:44 PM.

VI. REPORTS OF VILLAGE OFFICERS AND AGENT

REPORTS OF VILLAGE OFFICERS AND AGENT

A. Police Report

Dan Roberts, Police Chief

- Dan Roberts, Police Chief reviewed with Village Council the submitted report.
- Roberts stated the Village had some larceny from autos, catalytic converter thefts that had happened at the Franklin Grill, plus one other that happened at the Huda School.

- He mentioned a positive outcome of the Village's new pole cameras that were installed downtown. Because of this, the police were able to identify suspects in both of those crimes. The quality was good enough to capture the license plate and the vehicle and suspect descriptions.
- Roberts informed the Council of an unfortunate drive-by shooting at Steve's Deli at Maple and Telegraph. Officer Hall treated the victim who was shot and stop the bleeding before the fire department could get there. He did a great job.

Discussion:

- ❖ Hanke asked Roberts how long has the department had the cameras?
 - Roberts stated around six months. He then stated the department has asked the contractor to adjust the cameras to give them a better angle. He mentioned the only time the camera footage is reviewed is if there is a reported crime.

B. Fire Report

Tony Averbuch, Fire Chief

- Tony Averbuch, Fire Chief reviewed with Village Council the submitted report.
- He stated that the fire department run volume remains consistently higher than in the past.

C. Treasurer Report

No Treasurer's Report

VII. SUBMISSION OF CURRENT BILLS

Totals: 10-9-2022		
CATEGORY	SUI	3 TOTALS
General	\$	134,083.06
Major Streets	\$	28,438.03
Local Streets	\$	25,883.25
Police	\$	67,454.88
Garbage and Rubbish	\$	14,983,43
Building Dept.	\$	13,588.30
Library	\$	
Street Project	\$	196.25
Road Millage	\$	· -
Pressure Sewer	\$	
Tax Collection	\$	
Wastewater	\$	4,465.95
TOTALS	\$	289,093.15

Discussion:

- Erlich asked what is a bond refund?
 - Fraser explained that it is a bond that a contractor pays to support the quality of their work and once the work is completed and has been inspected. They get their bond back.

- ❖ Lamott asked Fraser to explain the \$56,000 to Johnson Landscaping. It states it is for repairs and the Streetscape.
 - Fraser explained it was for all the work at the corner of 13 Mile and Franklin Road. Also, the work on Woodlore where the rocks are that WRC placed. The Village asked Tracy from Johnson Landscaping to make that area look more appealing.

It was moved by Seltzer, seconded by Hanke to approve the submitted bills.

AYES: Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS: None ABSENT: Saenz Motion carried

VIII. SPECIAL REPORTS

A. President's Report

Lamott wanted to remind the residents that the deer survey will continues through the end of the month and that it is accessible through the weekly e-newsletter. Also, there are copies available at the Village Hall.

B. Council Report

- Goldberg mentioned the light pole on the west side of the street at the intersection of Wellington and Franklin has been out.
- Hansen announced the passing of Amy Sullivan, she was the Village Administrator between 2010 and 2013. She passed on October 4th of pancreatic cancer. She was a good Administrator and helped the Village to work closely with HRC.
- Erlich wanted to clear the record. She felt the need to speak out against the lies that continue to be said. First, she never made any child cry. Her reaction was to laugh at the ridiculousness of this claim. She states her only interaction with anyone in that resident's family was two years ago and that was with her mother. Erlich made a concerted effort to be nice. She is also appalled that Trustee Seltzer is persistently bad-mouthing villagers who he believes caused the sidewalk lawsuit and wasted taxpayer money. She believes it was the Council at the time who wrongly disrespected the Charter and illegally began the creation of sidewalks. The responsibility for that loss of money falls on those who voted for it, specifically, Pam Hansen who was then president. Furthermore, she demands Trustee Seltzer stop placing false blame on the Village's previous clerk, Eileen Pulker. Lastly, she is disturbed by all the allegations against President Lamott made by a candidate running for Trustee and his wife that he manipulated staff members. These attempts were made to make him look bad. They were purely for political game.
- Seltzer stated he immediately retracted his negative comment about the clerk, and he apologize to her personally. However, he is not apologizing for the other things he said because they were factual. Everybody knows what has happened in this community over the

course of the past two years, about the sidewalks. The Council accepted the advice of counsel, that advice was wrong. There was nothing wrong with the Council going forward with a plan the previous legal authorities told them was relevant and right. Once Council found out that it was a problem, it took it to the voters and the voters took on the responsibility of making the decision. The criticism of President Lamont is justified because he continues to use his pulpit. Tonight, it was talked about a mailing and a postcard that had gone out showing endorsements from the police and fire department. The police and the fire department do not endorse. Endorsement by a pack that is run by President Lamott is inappropriate.

Public Comment:

David Sahli, 26172 Meadow Drive

He asked, "When have I ever stated that Bill was manipulating officials?"

Erlich stated he made some comments suggesting that the Village Administrator did not put out an announcement about the Headlee Amendment and he made some questions about the Code Enforcement Officer.

Sahli stated he did not make those remarks. Then he asked Trustee Erlich to state when he said Bill was manipulating any official.

Erlich stated he talked about the Code Enforcement Officer and the signs, saying certain signs were not being allowed to be in certain situation.

Sahli stated that was a Village email and not a public conversation and not a public comment.

C. Administrator Report

Fraser stated that has sent written reports for the Council over the weekend.

D. Planning Commission Report

Pete Halick, Chairman

The Planning Commission had discussions on a possible dog park. The Commission looked at various locations. The vetting process is still ongoing, the Commission is checking to see if a dog park is viable and if it can work and if the people want it. The public hearing for the new lighting ordinance will be this month after the power outage delayed it by a month. The planner has written up an outline for a chicken ordinance that will allow the keeping of chickens in Franklin. It will be reviewed at our next meeting. The first review of the master plan is completed, with minor revisions, the next step is to do an overall review, and that should be completed soon.

Finally, the land inventory process the Commission has been working on to evaluate various possible uses of some of our Village owned properties. The Planning Commission favorably approved of the HRC pathway plan that came through maybe a year ago. A plan to connect neighborhoods through possible easements across properties to allow the connection of neighborhoods. That is being included in this land inventory process along with the JenStan Nature Preserve.

The easements the Commission reviewed are the Colony Hill, Irving, and Captain's Lane easement, the Rosemont Lane and the last one is the Haverford neighborhood. Some of the neighbors there indicated that they might be willing to work with the Village to connect Haverford to Susanne. Those are the possibilities that are included in the land inventory analysis.

Discussion:

- ❖ There was a question regarding the cellular study.
 - ➤ Lamott stated that the Village has completed a drive through analysis and that the data had been presented. It showed there are six distributed antenna systems, and the service is better the closer you are to the antenna. The Village is in discussions with AT&T and Verizon.

E. Main Street Franklin Report

George Venettis

Here is a summary about the Economic Vitality Report that was ran for the Village. The whole purpose of this is to look at the data to know where Franklin is, where is the business coming from, to sort through the socio-economic data, the demographics, and spending habits. Then we can start building a strategy on how we want to move forward for the businesses here in Franklin. An economic vitality report is a snapshot.

IX. NEW BUSINESS

A. Consider Civic Event Permit Application for "Franklinstein Frenzy" on October 22, 2022.

Motion by Seltzer, seconded by Erlich to approve the Civic Event Permit Application for the "Franklinstein Frenzy" on October 22, 2022.

AYES: Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS: None ABSENT: Saenz Motion carried

B. Consider Resolution for Michigan Library Appreciation Month October 2022Week.

Michigan Library Appreciation Month October 2022 Resolution

Whereas, the Michigan Library Association (MLA) annually designates the month of October as a statewide observance to celebrate the contributions of Michigan's public school, academic, tribal, cooperative and special libraries;

Whereas, the Franklin's Library continues to evolve and expand their services and now offers more programs, events, services, resources, and collections than ever to serve and support our community;

Whereas, the Franklin library now offers patrons much more to borrow than books, including games, movies, music and more – serving as an indispensable resource for children, teens, adults and seniors:

Whereas, the Franklin library provides free access of information to our residents allowing them to explore and discover a vast world of information and entertainment;

Whereas, the Franklin library provides materials and programs that are as diverse as the people they serve, while protecting patron's privacy and supporting their right to read;

Whereas, the Franklin library serves as the primary point of access for people without internet or access to computers, enabling everyone to connect to the people and ideas of the world;

Whereas, the Franklin library is an indispensable educational and cultural institution offering residents a place to gather, socialize, study and learn;

Whereas, hundreds of libraries and millions of library supporters across Michigan are celebrating Michigan Library Appreciation Month this October; now, therefore, be it

Resolved that the Franklin Village Council proclaim October 2022 as Michigan Library Appreciation Month. During this time, we encourage all residents to visit their library in person and connect to the numerous services, resources, and collections their library now provides.

It was moved by Seltzer, seconded by Erlich to approve the following resolution for the Michigan Library Appreciation Month October 2022.

AYES: Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS: None ABSENT: Saenz Motion carried

C. Consider Authorizing and directing the Village Administrator and HRC to negotiate "As-Needed Contracts for Construction Services" with D'Angelo Brothers, Inc.

Ed Zmich, HRC

HRC said the as needed contracts for construction services should be awarded to all three contractors that we receive bids from. Then the next two items are the actual contracts individual construction contracts. There is D'Angelo Brothers, Superior Excavating, and Inliner. That is a summary of Item C. One of the main items of interest is drainage in the Village. The Village has done all its roads a few years ago, drainage issues continue to be an issue. Over the past several months, HRC has gone out and taken topography of several areas that were told by council and village staff, where they were having some issues with drainage. HRC has put some sample plans together, which is a mix of fixes. Some of the plans would include removal, replacement of culverts, roadway culverts, some would be just doing ditch clean out shrub removal, and then even lining some sewers is another option and there is a trenches option. So RFQ was sent out on BidNet and MITN. We received three different bidders. All are contractors we've worked with. These contractors also have standing as

needed construction service contracts with many other communities, including Logan County, and Daniel Brothers. What we're trying to accomplish by putting this RFQ out and having the three contracts approved, awarded to these three contractors is that when the Village has an individual project, the Village will ask those three contractors to provide an actual price for the work based on the sample plans. And when they provide those quotes, then we then can enter an individual contract with one of those three contractors by having three separate awards contractors approved. If one of the guys is or two of the guys are too busy, you have another option to go to. And all three of these are state pre-qualified. Again, these are all contractors we worked with that have done great work around Metro Detroit.

Discussion:

- ❖ Hanke asked about what budget line item will the work Inliner come from? And what are the expectation when they are done?
 - First, it is the money the Village received from the State for stormwater. Well, the culverts that we have thus far identified are culverts that have rusted out, or have issues with them being collapsed, by removing replacing that you're going to basically be able to convey the flow the way it should have ended a long time ago.
- Fraser talked about how on Franklin Court and Evelyn Court water is coming off 14 Mile Road and is flowing down Franklin Court. There are no ditches on either side of Franklin Court. As you go down that area, it is creating trenches in the residents' yards. This plan would have ditches reestablished along the edge of Franklin Court. The intent is to create an organized flow.
- Goldberg voiced his concern if this agreement would lock the Village into an exclusivity arrangement.
 - Gojcaj replied he would like to review the contracts, but typically it should lock the Village into an exclusivity arrangement.

Public Comments:

Sheryl Sparks

• It is more than just the retentions and the drainage issues, it is the grading of the road that was flattened. The way it's graded now is it slants toward one side of the street. So, all that water is going into one side. So even if you put in drains, if the center is still slanted toward one side, that is where the water is going to go. She wishes that the people who are coming up with these plans would be here so we can show them and explain to them what is not working.

David Sahli

• Being familiar with the procurement process, what was the process used to pick the three contractors? Was it based on general best value?

Zmich responded it was based on a quality-based selection. A lot of parameters were outlined in the specifications in the bid

Motion by Seltzer, seconded by Erlich to approve authorizing and directing the Village Administrator and HRC to negotiate "As-Needed Contracts for Construction Services with D'Angelo Brothers, Inc., Inliner Solutions, LLC, and Superior Excavating, Inc.

AYES: Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS: None ABSENT: Saenz

Motion carried

D. Consider Authorizing an Award of Contract to Inliner Solutions, LLC of Romulus, MI

Bill Lamott

Stated the next item is to authorize a contract with Inliner Solutions. It is a \$75,000 contract to address the Carol Street drain and some Stonegate Drive drain issues.

Motion by Seltzer, seconded by Hansen to approve authorizing a Contract to Inliner Solutions, LLC.

AYES: Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS: None ABSENT: Saenz Motion carried

E. Consider Authorizing an Award of Contract to D'Angelo Brothers, Inc of Livonia, MI.

Bill Lamott

The D'Angelo Brother contract addresses, the ditches, and culverts in several different places in the Village for \$67,350 plus a \$5,000 contingency.

Motion by Seltzer, seconded by Erlich to approve authorizing an Contract to D'Angelo Brothers, Inc.

AYES: Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS: None ABSENT: Saenz Motion carried

F. Consider Authorizing HRC to use PASER Funds from SEMCOG to Evaluate Condition of Pavement.

Ed Zmich, HRC

Every three years, every community is supposed to rate their roads according to the PASER Rating System, which is what HRC did before your comprehensive real program back in 2015. It rates the roads on the surface only, it doesn't consider how old the road is or what is underneath, what type of road is major, and how much traffic it gets. You are rating the pavement surface only. Every three years, every community is supposed to update their roads, ratings, and SEMCOG offers reimbursement for such work if it is done every three years. Everything that HRC would do out there would be reimbursed to the village. The Village's budget was \$2,900 that HRC came up with based on the mileage and having two people out driving the roads. All of that would be covered by SEMCOG. Everything must be done, rated and the bill submitted to SEMCOG by next September. We would wait till the spring to rate the roads, then we will get the report together and the bill in order. Then Roger would submit it to SEMCOG for the reimbursement. Now about all the

stormwater drainage issues. What HRC is trying to do is to save the Village some money by having a third member in the car that is there just to look for drainage issues because we are going on every street in the Village. So, this is an early opportunity to look to see if there are any apparent obvious drainage issues. They would note that in their own map, so we're combining the efforts and we're saving money on the stormwater side.

Motion by Seltzer, seconded by Hanke to approve authorizing HRC to use PASER Funds from SEMCOG to Evaluate the Conditions of Franklin's Roads Pavement.

AYES: Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS: None ABSENT: Saenz Motion carried

G. Consider setting November 14th as the date for the CDBG Public Hearing.

Motion by Goldberg, seconded by Erlich to approve scheduling November 14th as the date for the CDBG Public Hearing.

AYES: Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS: None ABSENT: Saenz Motion carried

Comments from Trustee Seltzer:

He is out representing Main Street and is a board member of Main Street, and the liaison to this Council for Main Street. He makes no apology for supporting Main Street. He is sorry if it offends someone that the signs that seem to be ever present in the downtown area are all supportive of three candidates who are pro-business and pro-Main Street. We would never ask any of our hard-working retailers to endanger their business by taking a political stand on either side. But for them to be bullied by one or two people who seem to be offended by signs in front of their stores, it is clear what that is all about. So bring all the Main Street business owners in here and let them opine as to whether Main Street has been effective and successful for their businesses, how they value that and they value the support they have from most of us on council, and not the people who denigrate Main Street and suggest it is an overspend and want to make changes in Council that will reverse the progress made here.

XII. ADJOURNMENT

Motion by Seltzer, seconded by all to adjourn the meeting.

AYES: Erlich, Goldberg, Hanke, Hansen, Seltzer and Lamott

NAYS: None ABSENT: Saenz Motion carried There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 9:00 PM.

William Lamott, President

Dana Hughes, Village Clerk

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VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN

OAKLAND COUNTY

MICHIGAN

FRANKLIN - BINGHAM FARMS POLICE DEPARTMENT

32311 FRANKLIN RD FRANKLIN, MICHIGAN Telephone (248) 626-9672

DANIEL D. ROBERTS
Chief of Police

Fax (248) 538-5450

MONTHLY REPORT OCTOBER 2022

CALLS FOR SERVICE					
				VEAR TO	VEAR TO DATE
		NUMBER	PERCENT	YEAR - TO - DATE	YEAR-TO DATE LAST YEAR
BINGHAM FARMS w/S.A.D.		129	29%	1135	1113
FRANKLIN		129	28%	1349	1449
OTHER			3%	1549	106
TRAFFIC STOPS ONLY		13			
TRAFFIC STOPS UNLY		179	40%	2176	2373
		TOTAL: 445	100%	4810	5041
S.A.D. Only: S.A.D.=Special A	ssessment Dis	strict 45		411	367
WRITTEN COMPLAINTS	3				
				YEAR - TO -	YEAR-TO DATE
		NUMBER	PERCENT	DATE	LAST YEAR
BINGHAM FARMS		28	46%	198	267
FRANKLIN		20	33%	186	192
S.A.D./OTHER (S=12, O=1)		13	21%	82	75
		TOTAL: 61	100%	466	534
BREAKING AND ENTER	ING/HOME	INVASION			
RESIDENTIAL		THIS MONTH	YEAR - TO - DATE		
•		0	1		
		THIS MONTH	YEAR - TO - DATE		
		LAST YEAR	LAST YEAR		
		0	0		
	DATE	INCIDENT	ADDRESS		
BINGHAM FARMS	n/a	n/a	n/a		
FRANKLIN	n/a	n/a	n/a		
COMMETERCIAL					
COMMERCIAL		THIS MONTH	YEAR - TO - DATE		
		0	1		
		THIS MONTH	YEAR - TO - DATE		
		LAST YEAR	LAST YEAR		
		0	1		

BINGHAM FARMS FRANKLIN S.A.D.	- n/a n/a n/a	INCIDENT n/a n/a n/a	ADDRESS n/a n/a n/a	
ARRESTS			TOTAL THE HEAR MEANING	
	FELONIES	NUMBER 1	YEAR - TO - DATE YEAR - TO - DATE	YEAR - TO - DATE 2021 6
	MISDEMEANORS	13	138	149
MISDEMEANOR I	NCIDENTS			
(A)=Arrest (B)=Bingham Farms (F)=Franklin (S)=S.A.D. (O)=Other	DATE 10/1/22 10/6/2022 10/6/2022 10/9/2022 10/10/2022 10/11/2022 10/14/2022 10/15/2022 10/16/2022 10/16/2022 10/20/2022 10/24/2022 10/28/2022 10/29/2022	INCIDENT 22-4371(B) 22-4442(F) 22-4443(F) 22-4485(B) 22-4512(S) 22-4569(B) 22-4569(B) 22-4592(B) 22-4602(B) 22-4602(B) 22-4647(B) 22-4680(S) 22-4740(S) 22-4763(B) 22-4765(B) 22-4780(B)	COMMENTS DWLS OPS License Sus License/Title/Registration DWLS OPS License Sus Liquor-Transport (Open Child Abuse Fourth Deg OPS Violate Restricted L License/Title/Registration Operating Under the Infli DWLS OPS License Sus DWLS OPS License Sus OPS - Never Aquired (A) Damage to Property- ME Trespass (Other) DWLS OPS License Sus Operating Under the Infli DWLS OPS License Sus	n (A) spended/Revoked (A) Container) (A) ree License (A) n (A) uence of Alcohol (A) spended/Revoked (A) spended/Revoked (A) OOP spended/Revoked (A) uence of Alcohol (A)
FELONY INCIDEN	ITS			
(A)=Arrest (B)=Bingham Farms (F)=Franklin (S)=S.A.D. (O)=Other	DATE 10/1/2022 10/15/2022 10/24/2022 10/24/2022 10/24/2022 10/28/2022	1NCIDENT 22-4380(B) 22-4579(B) 22-4675(F) 22-4678(F) 22-4679(F) 22-4754(S)	COMMENTS Fleeing or Eluding Police CCW-Concealed Weapo Larceny - Parts & Acces Larceny - Personal Prop Larceny - Personal Prop Fraud (Other)	ons-Carry Concealed (A) sories from Vehicle erty from Vehicle
TRAFFIC CITATION BINGHAM FARMS/S.A FRANKLIN OTHER	NUMBER	PERCENT 81% 19% 0% 100%	<u>YEAR - TO - DATE</u> 1165 496 0 1661	LAST YEAR-TO-DATE 993 681 0 1674
OTHER MATTERS Daniel D. Roberts, Ch	10/22/2022	INCIDENT n/a 2022	<u>COMMENTS</u> Franklinstein	

User: SUSAN

DB: Franklin Village

11/11/2022 10:23 AM CHECK DISBURSEMENT REPORT FOR VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN CHECK DATE FROM 10/07/2022 - 11/10/2022

Page 1/1

Total for fund 101 GENERAL	740,535.40
Total for fund 202 MAJOR STREETS	10,303.32
Total for fund 203 LOCAL STREETS	6,689.30
Total for fund 207 POLICE	129,883.47
Total for fund 211 WASTE WATER	2,042.09
Total for fund 226 GARBAGE & RUBBISH	15,386.11
Total for fund 249 BUILDING DEPARTMENT	10,436.63
Total for fund 303 ROAD MILLAGE DEBT	453,600.00
Total for fund 402 STREET PROJECT	196.25
TOTAL - ALL FUNDS	1,369,072.57

	a	

CHECK REGISTER FOR VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN CHECK DATE FROM 10/11/2022 - 11/09/2022

Amount	21.00 31.00 45.25 97.25	238.29 238.29 57.09 6,683.72 589.80	4,250.41 75.00 4,325.41	130.55 545.50 172,68 68.43 33.69 820,30	710.61 500.00	79,00 171,00 250.00	1,870.00 281.77 997.50 1,508.95	280.00 140.00 30.00 450.00	289,83 75.03 65.54 190.32
Description	WATER BOTTLE REPLACEMENT - VILLAGE HALL WATER BOTTLE REPLACEMENT JULY 2022 - PD WATER BOTTLE REPLACEMENT SEPT 2022 - PD	ENVELOPES/TOWELS COMMUNICATIONS - SEPT 2022 - POLICE ANNUAL BODY CAM SOFTWARE/LICENSES INSPECTED ROOF MADE REPAIRS - POLICE	DISPATCH CONTRACT 9/15/22-10/15/22 LOCK-UP - C MCKENZIE #22-4038	INTERNET - 10/16/22-11/15/22 POLICE ENERGY 8/27/22-9/27/22 POLICE ENERGY 8/27/22-9/27-22 VILLAGE HALL ENERGY 8/27/22-9/27/22 STREETLIGHT ENERGY 8/27/22-9/27/22 KREGER	MOBILE WATCH/NO OUTLET/OAKLEAF LN SIGNS MONITORING & CONTENT RESEARCH - SEPT 2022	CANON LEASE W/COPIES - POLICE OCT 2022 CANON LEASE - VILLAGE HALL OCT 2022	PROFESSIONAL SVCS - P&Z SEPT 2022 TELEPHONE LEASE - OCT 2022 32325 FRANKLIN - COMMERICAL CLEAN UP PROFESSIONAL ACCT'G SVCS (AUDIT/HEADLEE)	ННW DISPOSAL - SEPT 2022 (8 DROP OFFS) ННW DISPOSAL - AUGUST 2022 ННW DISPOSAL - JUNE 2022	ONLINE/SOFTWARE SUBSCRIPTION OCT 2022 - DMP INTERNET/CELLULAR MONITORING 10/15/22 HRA REMIBURSEMENT - K BONACORSI INTERNET OCT 2022 KREGER
Vendor Name	ABSOPURE WATER	ARROW OFFICE SUPPLY CO., AT & T AXON ENTERPRISE, INC. BUTCHER & BUTCHER CONSTRUCTION INC	CHARTER TWP OF BLOOMFIELD	COMCAST DTE	ECONO SIGNS HEATHER MYDLOSKI LLC	K & M LEASING	MCKENNA ASSOCIATES, INC NEXOGY OWEN TREE SERVICE PLANTE & MORAN, PLLC	SOCRRA	THOMSON REUTERS - WEST VIGILANTE SECURITY, INC. BASIC COMCAST
Vendor	00239	00017 00019 00021 00495	00421	00046	00063	00110	00129 00467 00473 00464	76700	00244 00196 00265 00047
Check	33908	33909 33910 33911 33912	33913	33914 33915	33916 33917	33918	33919 33920 33921 33922	33923	33924 33925 421(E) 422(E)
Bank	GEN	GEN GEN GEN GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN GEN GEN	GEN	GEN GEN GEN
Check Date	10/13/2022	10/13/2022 10/13/2022 10/13/2022 10/13/2022	10/13/2022	10/13/2022 10/13/2022	10/13/2022 10/13/2022	10/13/2022	10/13/2022 10/13/2022 10/13/2022 10/13/2022	10/13/2022	10/13/2022 10/13/2022 10/13/2022 10/13/2022

286,12 296,12 582,24	118.23 420.58 4,273.50 382.02	269.43 269.43 538.86	200.00	337.00 221,253.65 221,590.65	442,439.83 1,900.00 79.47	130.00 1,500.00 1,946.00	175.14 85.37 260.51	10,099,99 7,644,36 17,744.35	202.80	50.00 140.00 2,300.00 2,490.00	19.23 56.84 2,404.04
INTERNET SERVICE SEPT 2022 - VILLAGE HALL INTERNET SERVICE - OCT 2022 VILLAGE HALL	NOTE PADS - POLICE COMMUNICATIONS - MONTH - VILLAGE HALL LEGAL SERVICES SEPTEMBER 2022 LEASE PAYMENT - PD VEHICLE LONG DISTANCE SERVICE - OCTOBER 2022	VISION INSURANCE SEPT 2022 VISION INSURANCE OCTOBER 2022	USE OF HALL FOR CANDIDATE FORUM/TOWN HALL	SHARED COST - SHREDDING EVENT OCT 2022 JULY-SEPT 2022 TAX DISBURSEMENT	JULY-SEPT 2022 TAX DISBURSEMENT EMERGENCY TREE WORK (CAROL & WELLINGTON) POSTAGE MACHINE RENTAL OCT 22 - JAN 23	UPDATED FIRMWARE & VIDEO PLAYBACK - POLICE POLICE MGMENT SOFTWARE ANNUAL RENEWAL ARC MEMBERSHIP DUES FOR 2022	LUBRICANT/HDM! CABLE/TONER/STAPLER DRUM CARTRIDGE - FINANCE PRINTER ==	HEALTH INSURANCE NOV 2022 RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE OCT 2022	UNION DUES OCT 2022 BD Bond Refund	TROUBLESHOOT EMAIL ISSUES - SUSAN MONTHLY SUPPORT OCT 2022 EMAIL CONVERSION AND LICENSING	LOF UNIT 9-2 LOF DETECTIVE UNIT LOF, REPLACE FRONT SHAFTS, TIRES UNIT 9-
COMCAST CABLE	ALLEGRA PRINT & IMAGING AT & T BEIER HOWLETT PC CCAP AUTO LEASE LTD CENTURYLINK	FIDELITY SECURITY LIFE INS CO	FRANKLIN COMMUNITY CHURCH	FRANKLIN PUBLIC LIBRARY	FRANKLIN-BINGHAM FIRE DEPARTMENT OWEN TREE SERVICE QUADIENT INC	VIGILANTE SECURITY, INC. ALL TRAFFIC SOLUTIONS ALLIANCE OF ROUGE COMMUNITIES	ARROW OFFICE SUPPLY CO.	BLUE CROSS BLUE SHIELD OF MICHIGAN	COMMAND OFFICERS ASSN OF MICHIGAN DREAMERS INC, DBA APS RESIDENTIAL S	EXPERT TECHNOLOGY SERVICES	FRANKLIN AUTO SERVICE LLC
00048	00008 00019 00442 00449	00403	00075	72000	00072 00473 00468	00196 00215 00010	00017	00028	00049 MISC BLDG	00489	00073
423(E)	33926 33927 33928 33929 33930	33931	33932	33933	33934 33935 33936	33937 33938 33939	33940	33941	33942 33943	33944	33945
GEN	GEN GEN GEN GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN GEN	GEN GEN GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN
10/13/2022	10/18/2022 10/18/2022 10/18/2022 10/18/2022 10/18/2022	10/18/2022	10/18/2022	10/18/2022	10/18/2022 10/18/2022 10/18/2022	10/18/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022	10/27/2022	10/27/2022	10/27/2022 10/27/2022	10/27/2022	10/27/2022

784.07 69.53 3,333.71	225.11 213.08 438.19	297,50	96.09 853.63 1,082.25 7,281.55 1,233.40 10,546.92	2,332.00 825.96 500.00 2,393.50	29.79 28.18 52.57 110.54	2,195,00 468,20 106,00 425,00 100,00 220,00 1,516,50 130,09 196,25 62,80 83,71 1,506,82 39,926,80 50,00 40,52	582.82 144.12
ROTORS/BRAKE PADS/LOF UNIT 9-1 LOF UNIT 9-4	TACTICAL LIGHT FLASHLIGHT POUCH/PATROL BAG/PDU SHIRT	LEGAL SERVICES SEPT 2022	MS4 PERMIT ASSISTANCE-PROGRESS REPORT APPLE TREE/IRVING RD PATHWAY/EASEMENT APPLE TREE/IRVING EASEMENT PATHWAY DETAI STORMWATER & DRAINAGE CONTRACTOR BIDDING MEDC-STORMWATER IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	POLICEONE ACADEMY ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION EMPLOYEE/EMPLOYER RETIREMENT CONTRIBUTIO AMMO .223-55 GRR CLEMIS SUBSCRIPTION JULY-DEC 2022	OFFICE SUPPLIES - POLICE OFFICE SUPPLIES BREAK ROOM SUPPLIES	FUEL (POLICE) 09/06/22-10/05/22 SALT DELIVERY - POLICE 30500 ROSEMOND TREE PROTECTION & PRESERV BLOOD ALCOHOL DESPT 2022 REPAIRS TO GENERATOR - POLICE CELL SERVICE 10/13/22-11/12/22 POLICE COMMERICAL SOIL EROSION CLASS 2 INSP FEE PAYROLL PROCESSING FEE (ADMIN) PPE 10/07 PAYROLL PROCESSING FEE (POLICE) PPE 10/0 FUEL (POLICE) 09/06/22-10/05/22 EMPLOYEE/EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS SEPT 2022 FUEL (MARATHON) POLICE SEPT 2022 FUEL (MARATHON) POLICE SEPT 2022	FUEL (SPEEDWAY) PULICE SEPT 2022 COPY PAPER, HDMI CABLE, STICKY NOTES
	GALLS, LLC	GLASS LAW GROUP PA	HUBBELL, ROTH & CLARK, INC	LEXIPOL LORD ABBETT FUNDS MICHIGAN AMMO LLC OAKLAND COUNTY	OFFICE DEPOT	POLICE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION REYNOLDS WATER CONDITIONING CO SAVATREE, LLC STAR EMS SUNSET MAINTENANCE LLC TOTAL ENERGY SYSTEM, LLC VERIZON WIRELESS WATER RESOURCES COMMISSIONER ADP BP PRODUCTS NORTH AMERICA MERS POINT & PAY WEX BANK MEY BANK	WEX BANK ARROW OFFICE SUPPLY CO.
	62000	60000	96000	00458 00492 00131 00153	00165	00169 00173 00357 00486 00190 00204 00204 00029 00234 00452	00017
	33946	33947	33948	33949 33950 33951 33952	33953	33955 33955 33956 33959 33960 33961 33962 424(E) 425(E) 426(E) 426(E)	429(⊑) 33963
	GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN GEN GEN GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN GEN
	10/27/2022	10/27/2022	10/27/2022	10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022	10/27/2022	10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022 10/27/2022	11/03/2022

126.13	61.60 61.60 61.60 184.80	4,306.50 72.00 600,45 4,250.41 202.80	68.48 148.95 58.87 276.30	200,00	161.70 161.70 323.40	00:009	260 43	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	59,95	105.99	1,567,75	14,828.90	14,936.11	C	90.300	200.00	210,00	1,724.59	22,404.90	79.00	171.00	250.00	4,125.98	3,000.00	1,500.00
LETTERHEAD	MONTHLY HRA ADMIN FEE - AUG 2022 MONTHLY HRA ADMIN FEE JULY 2022 MONTHLY HRA ADMIN FEE SEPT 2022	LEGAL SERVICES OCTOBER 2022 PERMIT APP SUBMISSION SERVICE FEE JULY T REPLACEMENT IPAD AND CASE FOR CODE ENFOR DISPATCH CONTRACT MONTH UNION DUES	ENERGY - POLICE 9/20/22-10/19/22 ENERGY VILLAGE HALL 9/20/22-10/19/22 ENERGY KREGER 9/20/22-10/19/22	BD Bond Refund	2023 WSSN FEE - POLICE 2023 WSSN FEE - VILLAGE HALL	TRUSTEES EMAIL SET UP/CLERK PC ISSUES/SE	VISION INSURANCE NOVEMBER 2022		TIRE REPAIR - CODE ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE	MICROSOFI 365 LICENSE	CELLULAR CONSULTING SERVICES - AUG 2022	RESIDENTIAL HAND PICK UP NOVEMBER 2022	FRONT LOAD TRASH PICKUP-POLICE NOV 2022	COCTOO DOGGETATERT DEFENDANCE	MONITORING & CONTENT NESERACH - OCT 2022	BU Bond Kerund	ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE 2023	PLUMBING & MECHANICAL INSPECTIONS OCT 20	MOWING/BLDG MAINT/SIGNAGE/BRADFORD HOUSE	CANON LEASE W/COPIES - NOV 2022 POLICE	CANON LEASE - VILLAGE HALL NOV 2022		MILLAGE FLYERS/POSTCARDS/MAILING/DESIGN	PUBLIC RELATIONS - MILLAGE	PUBLIC RELATIONS SUPPORT - MILLAGE
ARTISTIC PRINTING, INC.	BASIC	BEIER HOWLETT PC BS&A SOFTWARE CDW GOVERNMENT CHARTER TWP OF BLOOMFIELD COMMAND OFFICERS ASSN OF MICHIGAN	CONSUMERS ENERGY	DESIGNS IN GLASS LLC	EGLE-SWPF	EXPERT TECHNOLOGY SERVICES	COSINI ACIONISCI DE LA CECHIDA DE LA CECHIDA DE LA CECHIDA CECHIDA CECHIDA DE LA CECHI		FRANKLIN AUTO SERVICE LLC	FRANKLIN POLICE OFFICERS ASSOC	GCCSS	GFL			HEALTHER MITDLOSNI LLC	HELLER & ASSOC	IIMC	JERRY L HOBSON	JOHNSON LANDSCAPING, INC	K & M LEASING			KAREN COUF COHEN PUBLIC RELATIONS		
00018	00265	00442 00035 00368 00421 00049	00051	MISC BLDG	00397	00489	00400		00073	92000	00498	00082			CECOOL	MISC BLDG	00499	00106	00108	00110			00422		
33964	33965	33966 33967 33968 33969	33971	33972	33973	74974	יייייייי אייייייי	7766	33976	33977	33978	33979			33980	33981	33982	33983	33984	33985			33986		
GEN	GEN	GEN GEN GEN GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN	NH.			QEN C	GEN	GEN	GEN		į	S E	GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN	GFN	į		GEN		
11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022 11/03/2022 11/03/2022 11/03/2022 11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022	14/02/2022	11/03/2027	11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022			7703/50/11	11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022			11/03/2022		

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0.000	68.45 212.54 280,99	80.79 11,582.35 468.20 504.00	267.90 13.92 281.82	1,471.89 574,35 275.00 322.24 300.00 4,460,00	89.12 62.80 151.92	190.15 286.01 40,182.14	85,200.00 368,400.00 453,600.00	652.33	56.74 415.31 472.05	2.67	514.41 33.31 38.35 164.53
	COPIER LEASE - COPIES VILLAGE HALL 10/21/22 COPIER LEASE- COPIES - VILLAGE HALL 9/22/22	USBS PROFESSIONAL ACCTG SERVICES AUDIT/HEADLEE UNION DUES NOVEMBER 2022 YARD SIGNS W/STAKES - MILLAGE	COLD PATCH SIGNAL MAINTENANCE THRU 9/30/2022	ELECTRICAL INSPECTIONS OCTOBER 2022 LIFE INSURANCE PREMIUMS NOV 2022 JANITORIAL SERVICES OCTOBER 2022 POLICE PHOTO FRAMING - POLICE MICROSOFT OFFICE 365 3RD QTR PYMT - POLICE BUILDING OFFICIAL DUTIES OCTOBER 2022	PAYROLL PROCESSING FEE (POLICE) PPE 10/28/22 PAYROLL PROCESSING FEE (ADMIN) PPE 10/28/22	INTERNET KREGER HOUSE NOV 2022 INTERNET VILLAGE HALL NOV 2022 EMPLOYEE/EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OCTOBER '22	2017 BOND REPAYMENT PER SCHEDULE 2018 BOND REPAYMENT PER SCHEDULE	FUEL (EXXON) POLICE	COMMUNICATIONS - OCT 2022 - POLICE COMMUNICATIONS - OCT 2022 - VILLAGE HALL	LONG DISTANCE SERVICE - NOV 2022	ENERGY 9/28/22-10/27/22 POLICE ENERGY 9/28/22-10/27/22 KREGER ENERGY 9/28/22-10/27/22 STREETLIGHT ENERGY 9/28/22-10/27/22 VILLAGE HALL
	LEADER BUSINESS	OFFICE DEPOT PLANTE & MORAN, PLLC POLICE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION PRINTING SYSTEMS, INC.	ROAD COMMISSION FOR OAKLAND COUNTY	RON SHELTON STANDARD INSURANCE COMPANY RC SUNSET MAINTENANCE LLC TITAN PROFESSIONAL PHOTO LAB INC VC3 INC, WILLIAM DINNAN	АДР	COMCAST COMCAST CABLE MERS	US BANK TRUST N.A.	WEX BANK	AT&T	CENTURYLINK	DTE
	00115	00165 00464 00169 00500	00174	00177 00457 00190 00284 00490	00004	00047 00048 00234	00223	29000	00019	68000	00062
	33987	33988 33989 33990 33991	33992	33993 33994 33995 33996 33997 33998	430(E)	431(E) 432(E) 433(E)	434(E)	435(E)	33999	34000	34001
	GEN	GEN GEN GEN	GEN	GEN GEN GEN GEN	GEN	GEN GEN GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN	GEN
	11/03/2022	11/03/2022 11/03/2022 11/03/2022 11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022 11/03/2022 11/03/2022 11/03/2022 11/03/2022 11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022 11/03/2022 11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/03/2022	11/09/2022	11/09/2022	11/09/2022

11/09/2022	GEN	34002	62000	GALLS, LLC	SALOMON XA FORCES MID GTX - UNIFORM GEAR	204.94	
11/09/2022	GEN	34003	60000	GLASS LAW GROUP PA	LEGAL SERVICES OCT 2022	467.50	
11/09/2022	GEN	34004	MISC BLDG	I B ELECTRIC	BD Payment Refund	95.00	
11/09/2022	GEN	34005	00129	MCKENNA ASSOCIATES, INC	PROFESSIONAL SVCS - P&Z OCT 2022	2,826.25	
11/09/2022	GEN	34006	00357	SAVATREE, LLC	ARBORIST FEE - 32560 SCENIC LN	656.00	
GEN TOTALS:							
Total of 114 Checks:	:ks:					1,369,072.57	
Less 0 Void Checks:	.S:					0.00	
Total of 114 Disbursements	ursements:					1 369 077 57	



32325 Franklin Road, Franklin, Michigan 48025

FAX: (248) 626-0538

(248) 626-9666

www.franklin.mi.us

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUNDS

VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN OAKLAND COUNTY MICHIGAN

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Village of Franklin will hold a public hearing on the use of Community Development Block Grant Funds. The Hearing will be held on November 14, 2022, at 7:00 pm to hear public comments on the CDBG Program Year 2023 application in the amount of \$7,000 to fund eligible projects. All interested citizens are requested to attend the hearing.

The hearing will be held during the regularly scheduled meeting of the Village Council on November 14, 2022, at 7:00 p.m., held at the Village Hall, located at 32325 Franklin Road, Franklin, MI 48025.

Arrangements to reasonably accommodate special needs, including handicap accessibility or interpreter, will be made upon receiving 72-hour notice. Contact Village Clerk, Dana Hughes at 248-626-9666 for special services.

Dana Hughes Village Clerk

Posted: October 24, 2022

Published: Observer Eccentric Newspaper, Sunday October 30, 2022.



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NOV 0 1 2022

VILLAGE OF FRANKLING AU

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Kristin L. Christ Chairperson

Bernadette White 1st Vice Chair

Terry Merritt 2nd Vice Chair

Steve Howell Secretary

Teresa Mulawa Treasurer

William H. Keller Immediate Past Chair

Diane Antishin Laura Castone Diane M. Cartwright Dr. Brent Davidson Kim Easley Steve Green Jon C. Haupt Donna Inch Bryan Kieler Dr. Adnan Munkarah Susan B. Perlin Alexander Schwallbach John Williams Jordan Zlotoff

Christine Kinal President/CEO Kelda London Village of Franklin 32325 Franklin Rd

Franklin, MI 48025-1199

Dear Kelda London:

October 21, 2022

Violence in families is everywhere, crossing racial, ethnic, cultural, social, and economic boundaries. The impact of this violence invades our schools, places of worship, offices, businesses, factories, and throughout our neighborhoods.

Since 1982, HAVEN has been dedicated to building violence-free communities where everyone can live without fear. HAVEN maintains a 24-hour emergency shelter exclusively for domestic violence victims and their children and sexual assault survivors who are afraid to stay in their own homes. HAVEN offers counseling and education that help families stop the violence, begin the process of healing, and create the hope that their future will be free from abuse. The agency steps out into the community – over the phone, in courtrooms, police stations, hospitals, schools, the workplace, and at community meetings - to provide crisis intervention and education to help victims and families prevent violence in future generations. HAVEN staff manage a Personal Protection Order Office exclusively for victims of domestic violence and sexual assault located in the Circuit Court system, helping victims with the creation and filing of Personal Protection Orders, at no charge, as the first step in their safety plan.

HAVEN, through its comprehensive work, serves to break the silence that has kept the crimes of domestic violence and sexual assault behind closed doors. This silence has only served to allow these crimes to flourish. From July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, 4 individuals were seen within our programs and 3 crisis calls were received from families in the Village of Franklin who took the first step to break their own silence by contacting HAVEN.

Our agency is again reaching out to you for support of our work with an even greater need as we assume the burden of increased clientele and additional staff to maintain these vital services. We ask that you continue to support these families through a Community Development Block Grant of 2500 for fiscal year 2022-2023. Please remember that the federal government presumes that domestic violence victims are considered to be low-income and therefore qualify for inclusion in block grant public service requests.

HAVEN looks forward to the opportunity to meet with you this year to provide further information on this request and answer any questions you may have. In the meantime, if you wish to speak with me, I can be reached at (248) 334-1284, Ext. 319, or you may contact our Executive Assistant, Patricia Hoskins at Ext. 305.

Sincerely,

Marianne Dwyer

Director of Business Operations



Village of Franklin 32325 Franklin Road Franklin, MI 48025

> 248-626-9666 Office 248-626-0538 Fax

CIVIC EVENTS PERMIT

NAME OF EVENT:	Art Menorah 2022	2							
ORGANIZATION:	Chabad of Bingha	am Farms							
APPLICANT:	Benzion Geisinsk	xy .							
DATE(S) OF EVEN		2022							
TIME OF EVENT		a couple of hour							
DETAILED DESCR	IPTIONE will be activ	vities for the child	lren and food available, free	of charge.					
			we kindle a Menorah made	- 10					
			r there will be a food Koshe ildren and a possible game						
for entertainment.	- Crianakan rolatoa								
WHERE WILL									
PARTICIPANTS PA	RK? On the lot ne	ar the park.							
Are You Requiring A		□Yes 🙀 No							
Please Attach a Map	Showing Proposed St	reet Closure							
Temporary Sign Need	ded?	□Yes ⋈ No	Are You Requiring a Banı	ner Over Franklin Road?					
Sign application attac		□Yes 🗷 No	□ Yes No (Banner Police						
Have You Held This		🗷 Yes 🗆 No	Expected Number of Parti	cipants					
Does Your Organizat	ion Have any Affiliati	ion with the Villa	ge of Franklin? Yes 🛚 No						
If yes, what is the affi	liation? We arrange	Jewish program	ming for and in the village						
Applicant further agree	ees that the Village ma	ay require reimbu	rsement of Village incurred of	costs associated with Civic Event					
Permit (e.g. Police ov	ertime, cleanup, dama	age to public prop	pertyetc)	oots associated with Civic Event					
□ If Banner requested	attach copy of insur-	ance certificate							
	, www. copy of moun	unco confinente.							
In consideration for this permit, the applicant agrees, to the fullest extent permitted by law. To release, indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Village of Franklin, its elected and appointed officials, boards, councils, commissions, employees, and volunteers from any liabilities, damages, losses, suits, claims, expenses, attorney fees and costs that arise from any injury or property damage relating to use of Village property by the Applicant or Applicant's employees, members, volunteers, contractors, agents, invitees, licensees, guests, attendees or participants. It is further agreed that the Applicant shall supply the Village of Franklin and DTE Energy with a certificate of insurance evidencing commercial general liability insurance, with an insurance carrier licensed and admitted to do business in Michigan, naming the Village, its elected and appointed officials, boards, councils, commissions, employees, volunteers and the property owner of 32654 Franklin and Franklin-Bingham Fire Department if a banner displayed, as additional insured in a form and with coverage and coverage limits acceptable to the Village.									
Benzion Geisinsky			11/1/2022						
Authorized Signatur	e		Date						
Building Dept	Police Dept	Fire Dept	Franklin Church	Administrator					
Initials/Comment	Initials/Comment	Initials/Comm		Initials/Comment					
	11/10/22	Tony Digitally St.	gned by Tony Averbuch ny Averbuch, a i Bon bodolf (1 == 1,1 = 1)						

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MCKENNA



October 3, 2022

Village Council Village of Franklin 32325 Franklin Road Franklin, Michigan 48025

Subject:

Outdoor Lighting Regulations

Dear Council Members:

On behalf of the Planning Commission, I am pleased to submit to you for your consideration a new Outdoor Lighting Ordinance for the Village of Franklin. Following a public hearing and discussion on October 19, 2022, the Planning Commission approved a motion to recommend approval of this Ordinance.

The provisions of the Ordinance that will probably have the greatest impact are in Sections 1470.05—General Requirements, 1470.06—Nonresidential Lighting Requirements, and 1470.08—Prohibited Lighting.

In Section 1470.05, one provision that is particularly important is item (b), dealing with Light Trespass at the Property Line. Planning Commissioners Bevins and Wooters actually went into the Village at night with a light meter to verify the footcandle limits in this regulation.

I believe this Ordinance will have a substantial impact in a relatively short period of time as residents install new or replacement lighting or switch to new lamps. If you have any questions regarding the Ordinance, please feel free to contact me.

Respectfully submitted,

McKENNA

Christopher J. Doozan, AICP Community Planning Consultant

Christophe J. Doogan

C.

Roger Fraser, Village Administrator Dana Hughes, Village Clerk Peter Halick, Planning Commission Chairman Peter Gojcaj, Village Attorney



Outdoor Lighting Ordinance

VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN, MICHIGAN

REVISION PREPARED ON OCTOBER 20, 2022 BY

MCKENNA

235 East Main Street Suite 105 Northville, Michigan 48167

> O 248.596.0920 F 248.596.0930 E info@mcka.com MCKA.COM



Communities for real life.

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CHAPTER 1470

Outdoor Lighting

1470.01 FINDINGS

Adequate outdoor lighting is necessary for safety and security. However, improper use of outdoor electric lighting can cause light pollution, disrupting people's enjoyment of their surroundings. Research has shown that some types of lighting can harm human health and disrupt wildlife. Some types of lighting, such as lighting that creates glare, causes visual discomfort and may even reduce visibility. The goals of Chapter 1470 are to set forth regulations that permit essential outdoor lighting that promotes safety and security but discourage use of lighting that is detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare.

1470.02 PURPOSE

The purpose of Chapter 1470 is to provide regulations for outdoor lighting that will:

- (a) Permit the use of outdoor lighting needed for nighttime safety, utility, security, productivity, enjoyment, and commerce.
- (b) Minimize adverse off-site impacts of outdoor lighting, such as light trespass and glare.
- (c) Curtail light pollution, reduce sky glow, and improve the ambience of the nighttime environment.
- (d) Protect the natural environment from the adverse effects of night lighting.
- (e) Conserve energy to the greatest extent possible.

1470.03 APPLICABILITY

All outdoor lighting installed after the effective date of this Ordinance shall comply with the requirements set forth herein, except as noted. This includes, but is not limited to, new lighting, replacement lighting (including changing from one type or intensity of bulb or lamp to another), or any other lighting whether attached to a building or structure, pole, the earth, or any other location, including lighting installed by any third party.

1470.04 DEFINITIONS

Words and phrases used in Chapter 1470 shall have the meanings set forth below.

Bulb (or Lamp): The source of electric light (to be distinguished from the whole assembly, which is called the luminaire). "Lamp" is often used to denote the bulb and its housing.

Canopy: A covered structure that is open on its sides for vehicular or pedestrian access (e.g., a gas station canopy).

Filtered Fixture: A light fixture that has a glass, acrylic, or translucent enclosure to filter the light.

Fixture: The assembly that holds the lamp in a lighting system. The fixture includes the elements designed to give light output control, such as a reflector (mirror), refractor (lens), ballast, housing, and the attachment parts.

Floodlight: A fixture or lamp designed to flood an area with light.

Footcandle: A unit of measure expressing the quantity of light received on a surface. One footcandle is the illuminance produced by a candle on a surface one-foot square from a distance of one foot. A light meter provides the most reliable means of measuring footcandles.

Fully Shielded Fixture: An outdoor lighting fixture that is shielded or constructed so that all light emitted is projected onto the site and away from adjoining properties. Light from a fully shielded fixture is not visible from adjoining properties and does not cause glare or interfere with the vision of motorists.

Glare: An intense and blinding light that results in reduced visibility and is often accompanied by visual discomfort.

High Pressure Sodium (HPS) Lamp: High-intensity discharge lamp where radiation is produced from sodium vapor at relatively high partial pressures (100 torr).

Incandescent Lamp: A lamp that produces light by a filament heated to a high temperature by electric current.

Laser Light Source: An intense beam of light, in which all photons share the same wavelength.

LED Light: A light fixture that uses a light-emitting diode, which is a semi-conductor diode that emits light when conducting electrical current.

Light Pollution: Any adverse effect of artificial light including, but not limited to, glare, light trespass, sky glow, energy waste, compromised safety and security, and adverse impacts on the nocturnal environment.

Light Trespass: Light that falls beyond the property it is intended to illuminate (also called spill light).

Lighting Uniformity: The human perception of even distribution of light throughout a given area.

Low Pressure Sodium (LPS) Lamp: A discharge lamp where the light is produced by radiation from sodium vapor at a relatively low partial pressure (about 0.001 torr). A LPS lamp produces monochromatic light.

Lumen: A measure of the total quantity of visible light emitted by a source per unit of time.

Luminaire: The complete lighting unit (fixture), consisting of a lamp, or lamps and ballasts (when applicable), together with parts designed to distribute the light (reflector, lens, diffuser), position and protect the lamps, and connect the lamps to a power supply.

Mercury Vapor Lamp: A high-intensity discharge lamp where the light is produced by radiation from mercury vapor.

Metal Halide Lamp: A high-intensity discharge mercury lamp where the light is produced by radiation from metal halide vapors.

Mounting Height: The height of the photometric center of a luminaire above grade level.

Non-Essential Lighting: Outdoor lighting which is not required for safety or security purposes.

Ornamental Lighting: A luminaire that is used to illuminate streets, driveway entrances, sidewalks, or building entrances, that serves a decorative function as well. Such lighting typically has a historical or decorative appearance, along with the following characteristics:

- It is designed to mount on a pole using an arm, pendant, or vertical component.
- It has an opaque or translucent top and/or sides.
- It has an optical aperture that is either open or enclosed with a flat, sag, or drop lens.
- It is mounted in a fixed position.

Recessed Canopy Fixture: An outdoor lighting fixture recessed into a canopy ceiling so that the bottom of the fixture is flush with the ceiling.

Shielded Directional Luminaire: A luminaire that has an adjustable mounting device that allows it to be aimed in any direction and also has a shield, louver, or baffle to block direct view of the lamp.

Sky Glow: The brightening of the nighttime sky that results from scattering and reflection of artificial light by moisture and dust particles in the atmosphere. Sky glow is caused by light directed or reflected upward or sideways. Sky glow reduces one's ability to view the night sky.

1470.05 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this Section apply to residential and nonresidential lighting throughout the Village.

- (a) <u>Fixture Orientation and Shielding</u>. Unless otherwise noted herein, lighting fixtures shall be focused downward and shall be fully shielded to prevent glare and sky glow and to minimize light trespass onto adjoining properties. Full cut-off fixtures shall be used to prevent light from projecting above a ninety degree (90°) horizontal plane (see illustration at end of Chapter 1470).
- (b) <u>Light Trespass at the Property Line</u>. The intensity of light on a site shall not exceed twotenths (0.2) of a footcandle at any property line that abuts a residentially zoned property and one-half (0.5) of a footcandle at any other zoned property.
- (c) <u>Uplighting</u>. Uplighting of buildings and trees for aesthetic purposes shall be confined to the target surfaces to prevent sky glow.
- (d) Mounting Height. Lighting fixture mounting height shall not exceed twenty-two (22) feet.

- (e) <u>Color Correction</u>. Some LED lighting produces significant levels of potentially harmful blue light, which is known to increase glare and compromise human vision. The Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) measures the coolness or warmth of light. To correct for the blue light concern, only fixtures with a CCT equal to or less than 3,000 Kelvin shall be permitted.
- (f) Ornamental Lighting. The orientation, shielding, and light trespass requirements may be modified or waived for ornamental lighting, as defined herein, upon making the determination that the fixture will comply with the illumination levels specified in Section 1470.06, will not cause glare or interfere with the vision of drivers, and will be consistent with the spirit and intent of this Chapter.

1470.06 NONRESIDENTIAL LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this Section apply only to nonresidential lighting throughout the Village.

(a) <u>Illumination Levels</u>. Nonresidential lighting shall comply with the illumination levels specified in the following chart.

Location	Average Maximum Maintained Footcandles		
Infrequently Used Pedestrian Entrances	1.0		
Active Pedestrian Entrances	5.0		
Low Activity Parking Areas	3.0		
High Activity Parking Areas	5.0		
Loading Areas	5.0		

- (b) <u>Uniformity Ratio</u>. In order to attain lighting uniformity, the ratio between average lighting levels to the average maximum lighting levels shall not exceed 4:1.
- (c) <u>Canopy Lights</u>. Light fixtures mounted on the underside of a canopy or similar structure shall be fully recessed into the canopy.

1470.07 EXEMPTIONS

The following outdoor lighting shall be exempt from the regulations in Chapter 1470:

- (a) <u>Fossil Fuel Light</u>. Fossil fuel light produced directly or indirectly from the combustion of natural gas or other utility-type fossil fuels (e.g., gas lamps) is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter.
- (b) <u>Temporary Lighting for a Carnival or Civic Use</u>. Lighting for a permitted temporary carnival, fair, or civic use is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter.
- (c) <u>Construction and Emergency Lighting</u>. Temporary lighting necessary for construction or emergency purposes is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter provided that it is discontinued immediately upon completion of the construction or abatement of the emergency.
- (d) <u>Lighting for Public Monuments</u>. Lighting for public monuments, statuary, or historical markers is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter.

- (e) <u>Flag Lighting</u>. Lighting of federal, state, or local governmental flags is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter provided that the flag lighting fixtures produce a maximum light output of 500 lumens, with a narrow beam ranging between 15 and 25 degrees, that is focused directly on the flag.
- (f) <u>Lighting in a Public Right-of-Way</u>. Lighting within a public right-of-way or easement for the principal purpose of illuminating a public street, road, or sidewalk is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter.
- (g) Temporary Low Illuminance Seasonal Lighting. Temporary low illuminance lights used for seasonal display (e.g., holiday lights) are exempt from the regulations regarding fixture orientation and shielding, mounting height, and color correction in this Chapter. High intensity lights and flashing and moving lights are prohibited, as stated in Section 1470.08.

1470.08 PROHIBITED LIGHTING

The following outdoor lighting shall be prohibited in the Village of Franklin:

- (a) <u>High Intensity Lights</u>. Laser lights, strobe lights, searchlights, and any other similar high intensity lights shall be prohibited for lighting, advertising, or entertaining purposes.
- (b) <u>Flashing and Moving Lights</u>. Flashing, moving, and intermittent lighting, which may be distracting to drivers and aesthetically displeasing, is prohibited.
- (c) <u>Unshielded Lights</u>. Because of the inability to shield them, barn lights, non-shielded wall packs, and floodlights not aimed downward are prohibited (see illustration at end of Chapter 1470).
- (d) <u>Recreational Facility Lighting</u>. No outdoor recreational facility, public or private, shall be illuminated after 10:00 p.m., except to conclude a permitted recreational event in progress prior to 10:00 p.m.

1470.09 SIGN LIGHTING

Illuminated signs shall comply with the regulations in Section 1474.14 (the Sign Code).

1470.10 APPROVAL PROCESS

Approval of proposed outdoor lighting shall be required in the following circumstances:

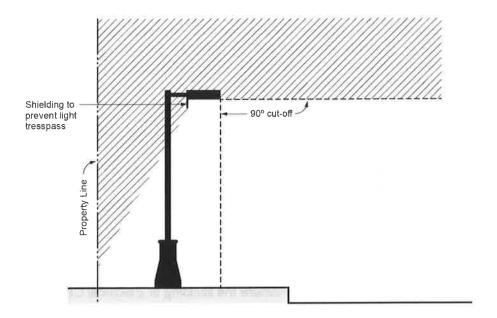
- (a) Nonresidential Lighting where Site Plan Review Is Required. Where site plan review is required (e.g., new development, redevelopment, substantial renovation), proposed outdoor lighting shall be subject to site plan review and approval, pursuant to Section 1268.30. The following information shall be included on or with the site plan:
 - (1) Locations of all outdoor lighting fixtures.
 - (2) Photometric grid overlaid on the site plan indicating the level of illumination throughout the site in footcandles.
 - (3) Manufacturer's specification sheet for each type of proposed fixture.

- (b) <u>Nonresidential Lighting where Site Plan Review Is Not Required</u>. Where site plan review is not required (e.g., lighting replacement only—no other proposed improvements), proposed replacement outdoor lighting shall be subject to review by the Building Official or Electrical Inspector. The following information shall be included on or with the application for a permit:
 - (1) Locations of all outdoor lighting fixtures.
 - (2) Manufacturer's specification sheet for each type of proposed fixture.
- (c) <u>Residential Lighting—New Home</u>. Proposed outdoor lighting for a new home shall be subject to review by the Building Official or Electrical Inspector. The following information shall be included on or with the application for a building or electrical permit:
 - (1) Locations of all outdoor lighting fixtures.
 - (2) Manufacturer's specification sheet for each type of proposed fixture.
- (d) <u>Residential Lighting—Existing Home</u>. Where the Building or Electrical Codes require a permit, proposed replacement lighting for an existing home shall be subject to review by the Building Official or Electrical Inspector. The following information shall be included on or with the application for a building or electrical permit:
 - (1) Locations of proposed replacement outdoor lighting fixtures.
 - (2) Manufacturer's specification sheet for each type of proposed fixture.

Where the Building or Electrical Codes do not require a permit, replacement lighting shall nevertheless comply with the regulations in this Chapter.

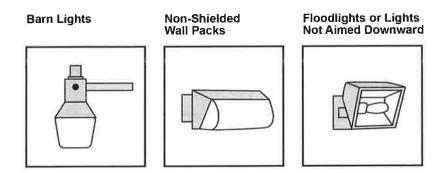
1470.11 ILLUSTRATIONS

(a) Pursuant to Section 1470.05(a), full cut-off fixtures shall be used to prevent light from projecting above a ninety degree (90°) horizontal plane.



Parking Lot Fixture Orientation and Shielding

(b) Pursuant to Section 1470.08(c), the following unshielded lights are prohibited.



Prohibited Lights

ORDINANCE NO. 2022-05

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND SECTIONS 1474.01, AND ADD SECTIONS 1474.02, 1474.03, 1474.04, 1474.05, 1474.06, 1474.07, 1474.08, 1474.09, 1474.10, AND 1474.11 OF THE BUILDING AND HOUSING CODE, OF THE CODIFIED ORDINANCES OF THE VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN, TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE.

THE VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN ORDAINS:

Section 1. Amendment. That Part 14 – Building and Housing Code, Title Six - Miscellaneous Building Regulations, Chapter 1470 – Outdoor Lighting; Section 1474.01 of the Codified Ordinances, Village of Franklin, Oakland County, Michigan, is hereby amended in its entirety to read as follows:

1470.01 STANDARDS; EXCEPTIONS.

- (a) All light sources utilized to illuminate any property outside of the structure erected thereon shall be constructed, aimed, shielded or otherwise designed to minimize intrusive glare or brightness to adjoining properties. The following standards shall govern all outside lighting within the Village of Franklin:
- (1) Any light source, other than incandescent or natural gas lights, shall be protected by a shroud, shield or louver device(s) so that the light emitted therefrom is directed into a cone or other pattern which does not cross the property line. No part of the source shall be visible from any adjoining property, nor shall any shadows be cast upon adjoining properties. Shrouding, shielding or louvering shall mean an opaque cover over the light source.
- (2) All light sources utilized to illuminate any building or yard area shall be of constant intensity and color, and no such illumination shall be of the flashing, moving or intermittent type.
- (3) No light source or illumination shall be located on, nor be of a type to cause, obstruct or confuse, any traffic signal or directional sign, nor create any obstruction, diversion, confusion or hazard to vehicular traffic.
- (4) Illumination of signs shall be governed by this section as well as Chapter 1474. In the event of a conflict, the more restrictive ordinance provision shall govern.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a)(3) hereof, this section shall not apply to traffic control devices.
- (c) This section shall not apply to temporary or emergency lighting so long as such emergency or temporary lighting shall not remain on the property in excess of forty-eight hours during any ninety-day period.

1470.01 FINDINGS

Adequate outdoor lighting is necessary for safety and security. However, improper use of outdoor electric lighting can cause light pollution, disrupting people's enjoyment of their surroundings. Research has shown that some types of lighting can harm human health and disrupt wildlife. Some types of lighting, such as lighting that creates glare, causes visual discomfort and may even reduce visibility. The goals of Chapter

1470 are to set forth regulations that permit essential outdoor lighting that promotes safety and security but discourage use of lighting that is detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare.

Section 2. AmendmentAdditions. That Part 14 – Building and Housing Code, Title Six - Miscellaneous Building Regulations, Chapter 1470 – Outdoor Lighting; Sections 1474.02, 1474.03, 1474.04, 1474.05, 1474.06, 1474.07, 1474.08, 1474.09, 1474.10, AND 1474.11 of the Codified Ordinances, Village of Franklin, Oakland County, Michigan, are hereby added in their entirety to read as follows:

1470.02 PURPOSE

The purpose of Chapter 1470 is to provide regulations for outdoor lighting that will:

- (a) Permit the use of outdoor lighting needed for nighttime safety, utility, security, productivity, enjoyment, and commerce.
- (b) Minimize adverse off-site impacts of outdoor lighting, such as light trespass and glare.
- (c) Curtail light pollution, reduce sky glow, and improve the ambience of the nighttime environment.
- (d) Protect the natural environment from the adverse effects of night lighting.
- (e) Conserve energy to the greatest extent possible.

1470.03 APPLICABILITY

All outdoor lighting installed after the effective date of this Ordinance shall comply with the requirements set forth herein, except as noted. This includes, but is not limited to, new lighting, replacement lighting (including changing from one type or intensity of bulb or lamp to another), or any other lighting whether attached to a building or structure, pole, the earth, or any other location, including lighting installed by any third party.

1470.04 DEFINITIONS

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Filtered Fixture: A light fixture that has a glass, acrylic, or translucent enclosure to filter the light.

Fixture: The assembly that holds the lamp in a lighting system. The fixture includes the elements designed to give light output control, such as a reflector (mirror), refractor (lens), ballast, housing, and the attachment parts.

Floodlight: A fixture or lamp designed to flood an area with light.

Footcandle: A unit of measure expressing the quantity of light received on a surface. One footcandle is the illuminance produced by a candle on a surface one-foot square from a distance of one foot. A light meter provides the most reliable means of measuring footcandles.

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Glare: An intense and blinding light that results in reduced visibility and is often accompanied by visual discomfort.

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Incandescent Lamp: A lamp that produces light by a filament heated to a high temperature by electric current.

Laser Light Source: An intense beam of light, in which all photons share the same wavelength.

LED Light: A light fixture that uses a light-emitting diode, which is a semi-conductor diode that emits light when conducting electrical current.

Light Pollution: Any adverse effect of artificial light including, but not limited to, glare, light trespass, sky glow, energy waste, compromised safety and security, and adverse impacts on the nocturnal environment.

Light Trespass: Light that falls beyond the property it is intended to illuminate (also called spill light).

Lighting Uniformity: The human perception of even distribution of light throughout a given area.

Low Pressure Sodium (LPS) Lamp: A discharge lamp where the light is produced by radiation from sodium vapor at a relatively low partial pressure (about 0.001 torr). A LPS lamp produces monochromatic light.

Lumen: A measure of the total quantity of visible light emitted by a source per unit of time.

Luminaire: The complete lighting unit (fixture), consisting of a lamp, or lamps and ballasts (when applicable), together with parts designed to distribute the light (reflector, lens, diffuser), position and protect the lamps, and connect the lamps to a power supply.

Mercury Vapor Lamp: A high-intensity discharge lamp where the light is produced by radiation from mercury vapor.

Metal Halide Lamp: A high-intensity discharge mercury lamp where the light is produced by radiation from metal halide vapors.

Mounting Height: The height of the photometric center of a luminaire above grade level.

Non-Essential Lighting: Outdoor lighting which is not required for safety or security purposes.

Ornamental Lighting: A luminaire that is used to illuminate streets, driveway entrances, sidewalks, or building entrances, that serves a decorative function as well. Such lighting typically has a historical or decorative appearance, along with the following characteristics:

- It is designed to mount on a pole using an arm, pendant, or vertical component.
- It has an opaque or translucent top and/or sides.

- It has an optical aperture that is either open or enclosed with a flat, sag, or drop lens.
- It is mounted in a fixed position.

Recessed Canopy Fixture: An outdoor lighting fixture recessed into a canopy ceiling so that the bottom of the fixture is flush with the ceiling.

Shielded Directional Luminaire: A luminaire that has an adjustable mounting device that allows it to be aimed in any direction and also has a shield, louver, or baffle to block direct view of the lamp.

Sky Glow: The brightening of the nighttime sky that results from scattering and reflection of artificial light by moisture and dust particles in the atmosphere. Sky glow is caused by light directed or reflected upward or sideways. Sky glow reduces one's ability to view the night sky.

1470.05 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this Section apply to residential and nonresidential lighting throughout the Village.

- (a) <u>Fixture Orientation and Shielding</u>. Unless otherwise noted herein, lighting fixtures shall be focused downward and shall be fully shielded to prevent glare and sky glow and to minimize light trespass onto adjoining properties. Full cut-off fixtures shall be used to prevent light from projecting above a ninety degree (90°) horizontal plane (see illustration at end of Chapter 1470).
- (b) <u>Light Trespass at the Property Line</u>. The intensity of light on a site shall not exceed twotenths (0.2) of a footcandle at any property line that abuts a residentially zoned property and one-half (0.5) of a footcandle at any other zoned property.
- (c) <u>Uplighting</u>. Uplighting of buildings and trees for aesthetic purposes shall be confined to the target surfaces to prevent sky glow.
- (d) Mounting Height. Lighting fixture mounting height shall not exceed twenty-two (22) feet.

- (e) <u>Color Correction</u>. Some LED lighting produces significant levels of potentially harmful blue light, which is known to increase glare and compromise human vision. The Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) measures the coolness or warmth of light. To correct for the blue light concern, only fixtures with a CCT equal to or less than 3,000 Kelvin shall be permitted.
- (f) Ornamental Lighting. The orientation, shielding, and light trespass requirements may be modified or waived for ornamental lighting, as defined herein, upon making the determination that the fixture will comply with the illumination levels specified in Section 1470.06, will not cause glare or interfere with the vision of drivers, and will be consistent with the spirit and intent of this Chapter.

1470.06 NONRESIDENTIAL LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this Section apply only to nonresidential lighting throughout the Village.

(a) <u>Illumination Levels</u>. Nonresidential lighting shall comply with the illumination levels specified in the following chart.

Location	Average Maximum Maintained Footcandles		
Infrequently Used Pedestrian Entrances	1.0		
Active Pedestrian Entrances	5.0		
Low Activity Parking Areas	3.0		
High Activity Parking Areas	5.0		
Loading Areas	5.0		

- (b) <u>Uniformity Ratio</u>. In order to attain lighting uniformity, the ratio between average lighting levels to the average maximum lighting levels shall not exceed 4:1.
- (c) <u>Canopy Lights</u>. Light fixtures mounted on the underside of a canopy or similar structure shall be fully recessed into the canopy.

1470.07 EXEMPTIONS

The following outdoor lighting shall be exempt from the regulations in Chapter 1470:

- (a) <u>Fossil Fuel Light</u>. Fossil fuel light produced directly or indirectly from the combustion of natural gas or other utility-type fossil fuels (e.g., gas lamps) is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter.
- (b) Temporary Lighting for a Carnival or Civic Use. Lighting for a permitted

temporary carnival, fair, or civic use is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter.

- (c) <u>Construction and Emergency Lighting</u>. Temporary lighting necessary for construction or emergency purposes is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter provided that it is discontinued immediately upon completion of the construction or abatement of the emergency.
- (d) <u>Lighting for Public Monuments</u>. Lighting for public monuments, statuary, or historical markers is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter.
- (e) <u>Flag Lighting</u>. Lighting of federal, state, or local governmental flags is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter provided that the flag lighting fixtures produce a maximum light output of 500 lumens, with a narrow beam ranging between 15 and 25 degrees, that is focused directly on the flag.
- (f) <u>Lighting in a Public Right-of-Way</u>. Lighting within a public right-of-way or easement for the principal purpose of illuminating a public street, road, or sidewalk is exempt from the regulations in this Chapter.
- (g) <u>Temporary Low Illuminance Seasonal Lighting</u>. Temporary low illuminance lights used for seasonal display (e.g., holiday lights) are exempt from the regulations regarding fixture orientation and shielding, mounting height, and color correction in this Chapter. High intensity lights and flashing and moving lights are prohibited, as stated in Section 1470.08.

1470.08 PROHIBITED LIGHTING

The following outdoor lighting shall be prohibited in the Village of Franklin:

- (a) <u>High Intensity Lights</u>. Laser lights, strobe lights, searchlights, and any other similar high intensity lights shall be prohibited for lighting, advertising, or entertaining purposes.
- (b) <u>Flashing and Moving Lights</u>. Flashing, moving, and intermittent lighting, which may be distracting to drivers and aesthetically displeasing, is prohibited.
- (c) <u>Unshielded Lights</u>. Because of the inability to shield them, barn lights, non-shielded wall packs, and floodlights not aimed downward are prohibited (see illustration at end of Chapter 1470).
- (d) Recreational Facility Lighting. No outdoor recreational facility, public or

private, shall be illuminated after 10:00 p.m., except to conclude a permitted recreational event in progress prior to 10:00 p.m.

1470.09 SIGN LIGHTING

Illuminated signs shall comply with the regulations in Section 1474.14 (the Sign Code).

1470.10 APPROVAL PROCESS

Approval of proposed outdoor lighting shall be required in the following circumstances:

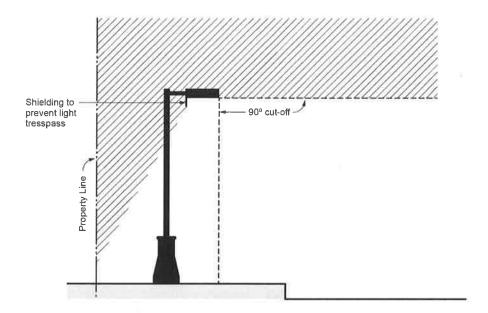
- (a) Nonresidential Lighting where Site Plan Review Is Required. Where site plan review is required (e.g., new development, redevelopment, substantial renovation), proposed outdoor lighting shall be subject to site plan review and approval, pursuant to Section 1268.30. The following information shall be included on or with the site plan:
 - (1) Locations of all outdoor lighting fixtures.
 - (2) Photometric grid overlaid on the site plan indicating the level of illumination throughout the site in footcandles.
 - (3) Manufacturer's specification sheet for each type of proposed fixture.
- (b) Nonresidential Lighting where Site Plan Review Is Not Required. Where site plan review is not required (e.g., lighting replacement only—no other proposed improvements), proposed replacement outdoor lighting shall be subject to review by the Building Official or Electrical Inspector. The following information shall be included on or with the application for a permit:
 - (1) Locations of all outdoor lighting fixtures.
 - (2) Manufacturer's specification sheet for each type of proposed fixture.
- (c) <u>Residential Lighting—New Home</u>. Proposed outdoor lighting for a new home shall be subject to review by the Building Official or Electrical Inspector. The following information shall be included on or with the application for a building or electrical permit:
 - (1) Locations of all outdoor lighting fixtures.
 - (2) Manufacturer's specification sheet for each type of proposed fixture.
- (d) <u>Residential Lighting—Existing Home</u>. Where the Building or Electrical Codes require a permit, proposed replacement lighting for an existing home shall be subject to review by the Building Official or Electrical Inspector. The following information shall be included on or with the application for a building or electrical permit:

- (1) Locations of proposed replacement outdoor lighting fixtures.
- (2) Manufacturer's specification sheet for each type of proposed fixture.

Where the Building or Electrical Codes do not require a permit, replacement lighting shall nevertheless comply with the regulations in this Chapter.

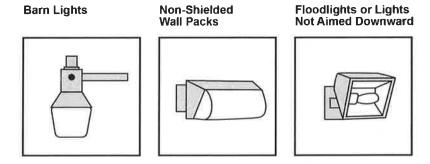
1470.11 ILLUSTRATIONS

(a) Pursuant to Section 1470.05(a), full cut-off fixtures shall be used to prevent light from projecting above a ninety degree (90°) horizontal plane.



Parking Lot Fixture Orientation and Shielding

(b) Pursuant to Section 1470.08(c), the following unshielded lights are prohibited.



Prohibited Lights

- <u>Section 3.</u> <u>Severability.</u> This ordinance and each Chapter, section, subsection, paragraph, subparagraph, part, provision, sentence, word and portion thereof are hereby declared to be severable; and if they or any of them are declared to be invalid or unenforceable for any reason by a court of competent jurisdiction, it is hereby provided that the remainder of this ordinance shall not be affected thereby.
- <u>Section 4.</u> <u>Penalty.</u> All violations of this ordinance shall be municipal civil infractions and upon a determination of responsibility therefore shall be punishable by a civil fine of not more than \$500 and such other sanctions as may be ordered pursuant to Village Code Section 202.99.
- <u>Section 5</u>. <u>Savings</u>. All proceedings pending and all rights and liabilities existing, acquired or incurred the time this ordinance takes effect, are saved and may be consummated according to the law in force when they were commenced.

Section 6. Repeal, Effective Date, Adoption.

- (1) <u>Repeal</u>. All regulatory provisions contained in other Village ordinances which conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.
- (2) <u>Effective Date</u>. This ordinance shall become effective on ______, 2022, twenty (20) days following its adoption, and shall be published prior to its effective date as mandated by charter and statute.
- (3) <u>Adoption</u>. This ordinance was adopted by the Village Council of the Village of Franklin at a meeting thereof held on _______, 2022.

William Lamott, President Village of Franklin

CERTIFICATE

I, DANA HUGHES, VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN CLERK, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A TRUE AND COMPLETE COPY OF AN ORDINANCE, THE ORIGINAL OF WHICH IS ON FILE IN MY OFFICE ADOPTED BY THE VILLAGE COUNCIL OF THE VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN AT A MEETING THEREOF HELD ON NOVEMBER 14, 2022.

Dana Hughes, Clerk Village of Franklin



Village of Franklin

Oakland County, Michigan

Historic District Study Committee Report

Franklin Village Local Historic District Modification

October 2022

Prepared by:

Amanda D. Davis

Historic Preservation Consultant

Mount Clemens, MI

Acknowledgement

This survey has been funded by the Village of Franklin general fund, as approved by the Village Council in 2018.

Executive Summary

This document serves as the preliminary report of the Franklin Village Local Historic District Study Committee charged with identifying, reviewing and evaluating the potentiality of adding resources to the currently established Franklin Village Local Historic District

The Village of Franklin Historic District Study Committee was formed in April 2018 in order to study the possibility of modifying the Local Historic District to include historic properties located within the Village that are not currently protected by the Local Historic District. The members of this committee include: Gary Roberts, Chair of the Historic District Commission; Fred Gallasch, former Village Council President; Nena Downing, Franklin Historical Society Board Member; Eileen Harryvan, former member Historic District Commission; Amanda D. Davis, Historic Preservation Consultant.

The Committee originally identified 101 historic properties to review for further study. This list was gleaned from several sources including the following: a 1971 Historic Study Committee Report, the 1991 Historic and Architectural Study done by Weir/York, a 1998 study of Franklin Farmhouses conducted by Commonwealth Cultural Resource Group, a 1998 study of Early Suburbanization also conducted by Commonwealth Cultural Resource Group, and a 1999 study of 30 historically important properties conducted by the former Historic Preservation Consultant to the HDC, Jennifer Wendler-Lovell.

The Committee members then conducted a windshield survey of these 101 potentially historic properties to determine which would be considered for possible inclusion in the Local Historic District. The survey area included the entire Village of Franklin, encompassing 2.7 square miles, 1728 acres, 699.60 hectares

The National Park Service Criteria for Evaluation were the guidelines used to determine significance. Of these 101 properties, 41 were determined to have high historic and/or architectural significance to the Village of Franklin. The committee decided that these 41 properties would be the focus for the potential modification of the local historic district.

The owners of these 41 properties were contacted via a letter sent through the postal service and invited to an Open House that was held at the Kreger House on Saturday, November 3, 2018. Of those 41 properties, 10 were ultimately decided upon to be included in an intensive level survey for the modification of the Franklin Village Local Historic District. After the intensive level survey was completed, the Historic District Study Committee came to the conclusion that 5 of the 10 properties are appropriate for inclusion in the Franklin Village Local Historic District.

The purpose of this report is to present data collected during the survey of these 5 properties that the Franklin Village Historic District Study Committee would like to nominate to be added to the local district for consideration.

It is the recommendation of the committee that all 5 of the properties surveyed be added to the Franklin Village Local Historic District as *contributing* resources.

Each of the 5 properties were evaluated for their eligibility based on the National Park Service Criteria for Evaluation: Event, Person, Design/Construction, and Information Potential as well as the seven aspects of integrity: historic location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.

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Appendix A: Resume: Amanda D. Davis, Historic Preservation Consultant

Credits and Credentials

The Village of Franklin Historic District Study Committee is comprised of the following members:

Gary Roberts, Architect, Chair of the Historic District Commission
Fred Gallasch, former Village Council President
Nena Downing, Franklin Historical Society Board Member
Eileen Harryvan, Franklin Resident
Amanda D. Davis, Historic Preservation Consultant

This report has primarily been researched and written by Amanda D. Davis, Historic Preservation Consultant, due to her qualifications meeting federal guidelines 36 CFR 61.

Amanda D. Davis resume attached Appendix A

Project Objectives and Methodology

The Village of Franklin is a unique community with a rural feeling sense of place, a pocket of quiet suburban life enmeshed with historic resources, that is increasingly surrounded by encroaching urban development and activity. Throughout the Village, the main threat to this rural sense of place is the private practice of purchasing and demolition of unprotected historic homes for the construction of modern mansions that do not reflect the historic character of the resources they are replacing in form, style, size, or feeling. The study committee was formed, and this project undertaken, with the express intent of identifying, evaluating and recommending for inclusion in the currently established Franklin Village Local Historic District, properties that would enhance the value of the district while also offering protection for potentially threatened resources.

Several previous studies have been undertaken throughout the Village; unfortunately, they resulted in no action at the time of their submittal. These studies include the following:

- Commonwealth Cultural Resources Group. Franklin Early Suburbanization, 1999.
- Commonwealth Cultural Resources Group. Franklin Farmhouses a Non-Contiguous Local Historic District, 1998.
- HP Associates. Intensive Study for: 25300 Thirteen Mile Road, Franklin, MI 48025, 1997.
- Weir, Lynne B. and Mary Grace York. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 1991.
- Wendler-Lovell, Jennifer. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 2006.

The Village of Franklin Historic District Study Committee was formed in April 2018 in order to study the possibility of modifying the Local Historic District to include historic properties located within the Village that are not currently protected by the Local Historic District. The Committee identified 101 historic properties to review for further study. This list was gleaned from several sources including the previously completed studies mentioned above. The Committee members then conducted a windshield survey of these 101 potentially historic properties to determine which would be considered for possible inclusion in the Local Historic District. The boundaries of this survey included the entire Village of Franklin, roughly bounded by Inkster Road to the West, Fourteen Mile Road to the North, Telegraph Road to the East, and Farmbrook Road to the South. This survey consisted of drive-by viewing, brief photography and ranking on a scale of 1 – high historic and/or architectural significance to the Village, 2 - moderate historic and/or architectural significance, 3 - low or no historic and/or architectural significance (also included demolitions & rebuilds). National Register Bulletin 15: How to Apply the National Register Criteria was the guideline used to determine significance. Of these 101 properties, 41 were determined to have high historic and/or architectural significance to the Village of Franklin. The committee decided that these 41 properties would be the focus for the potential modification of the local historic district. The list of 41 properties was narrowed down to 5 included in this report as prioritized by the committee. Once the 5 resources were identified as our target properties, consultant Amanda D. Davis began researching and documenting each property according to the Michigan State Historic Preservation Office Guidelines. This report is the result of this research.

Various resources were used in the completion of this report, due to the Covid-19 pandemic all county records were only available to be viewed online. Resources included: The Franklin Village Historical Society, Franklin Community Church Archives, interviews with homeowners and past homeowners, archives of the Franklin Village Government offices, and the Oakland County Register of Deeds.

Data Location

All survey materials will be stored on file at the Franklin Village Government Offices and a copy of the final report will be sent to the Franklin Village Historical Society to keep in their archives.

Evaluation Results Summary

As a result of the research and investigation conducted by this Franklin Village Historic District Study Committee, it is the recommendation of the committee that the following resources be added to the Franklin Village Local Historic District due to their historic value based on architectural, community and local significance in each instance. The committee feels that each of these resources will bring added value to the current local historic district. All are located in the Village of Franklin, Oakland County, Michigan.

The district currently includes 95 contributing resources and 54 non-contributing resources; the addition of the resources included in this report to the Franklin Village Local Historic District will change the demographics to include 104 contributing resources and 54 non-contributing resources. The percentage of contributing to non-contributing resources is 65% contributing to 35% non-contributing.

- 32020 Franklin Road house and carriage house
- 32325 Franklin Road- house, barn and shed
- 26475 Scenic Highway house and barn
- Franklin Community Church 26425 Wellington Road
- Franklin Community Association (FCA) Property

As a result of adding the above structures and properties to the Franklin Village Local Historic District, the Historic District Study Committee is also proposing to extend the boundaries of the district to include the properties located west of the current local historic district boundary.

The boundary extension is as follows:

The Historic District Study Committee for Modification of the Franklin Village Local Historic District proposes that the western boundary of the district be extended westerly along Brandingham Road to the Southwest corner of the Village Green/FCA property and north along German Mill to the northwest corner of Parcel #24-06-252-001 (26425 Wellington Road) and that the southeastern boundary of the district be extended southernly along Franklin Road to the southeast corner of Parcel# 24-06-280-003/24-06-200-003.

Planning Needs and Recommendations/ Preservation Issues and Threats

At this time, the Historic District Study Committee has not identified further planning needs, preservation issues or immanent threats in the surveyed area.

Survey Map



Local Historic District - Proposed Modification

Village of Franklin Oakland County, Michigan

October 6, 2022

LEGEND

- Franklin Boundary
- National Historic District Boundary
- Existing Local Historic District Boundary
- Proposed Additions to LHD





Basemap Source: Michigan Center for Geographic Information, v. 17a. Data Source: Franklin 2021 McKenna 2021



Descriptive Overview of Survey Area

The area covered by this survey includes the entire Village of Franklin, bounded by Fourteen Mile Road to the north, Inkster Road to the West, just north of Farmbrook Road to the south, and Telegraph Road to the east.

Though established in the now densely developed heart of Oakland County, the Village of Franklin remains a simple, pastoral oasis, called affectionately by its residents, "the town that time forgot." Bounded by the densely populated and retail traffic rich environments of Southfield, Bloomfield Township, Farmington Hills and Bingham Farms, Franklin's large residential lots with rolling hills and many old growth trees provide a respite from the busy-ness of the surrounding area.

Currently, the Franklin Village Local Historic District comprises the pioneer era crossroads settlement of early Franklin, first settled by Euro-Americans in 1824. The founders of Franklin chose the site because of its proximity of the Franklin River, an outlet of Walnut Lake and a tributary of the Rouge River system, which powered several different types of mills in the village. The majority of structures in the district are located primarily along a short north-south stretch of Franklin Road between an early mill and cemetery. Franklin Road bisects the village from Fourteen Mile Road to the village border, one-and-one-half miles to the south. The road is a relatively narrow two-lane paved roadway. The historic district with its narrow, shady streets contains 150 buildings and structures, two-thirds of them considered contributing. Residences and businesses are mixed together throughout the district, and several historic homes now house commercial businesses. The intimate scale of the village proper brings all points within easy walking distance. All of the structures included in the Franklin Village Local Historic District are also included in the Franklin Village National Register Historic District.

When entering the district along Franklin Road from the south, the most dominant feature at the current southern boundary is the Franklin Cemetery at the northwest Corner of Franklin Road and Scenic Drive, including six acres spread out over the hilltop with many large trees interspersed with markers. The northwest side of the cemetery is bordered by an undeveloped wooded area, owned by the Franklin Community Association (FCA), which overlooks much of the district below, including the Village Hall, the Franklin Community Church and the Kreger House, as well as the early twentieth century "village green."

Opposite the cemetery, on the southeast corner of Franklin Road and Romany Way, is an important early twentieth century property that serves as another anchor to the current southern boundary of the district. The Tudor house at 32020 Franklin Road is part of an estate-like setting that features a towered, slate-roofed 1929 residence and a detached flared slate roof carriage house/garage. Hidden from Franklin Road by a small hillock and lush vegetation, this property stands as a harbinger of the mid-later twentieth century estate development that currently surrounds the village. This is the only property that was included in the Franklin Village National Register District that is not included in the local historic district; it is unknown why it was excluded. This important property is one of the proposed additions to this district as recommended by this Study Committee.

Continuing north on Franklin Road, the c. 1830s Broughton House (32325 Franklin Road), which now serves as the Village Hall, is located on the west side of the road. The Kreger House, located at the same postal address as the Village Hall, was moved to this community owned site directly behind the village offices, in 2008 due to being threatened with demolition at the original site. The home was owned and built by prominent community member and builder Art Kreger, who lived in the home until his death in the 1980s. This is another historic structure important to the community that the Study Committee has recommended for addition to the local district.

Directly to the north of the Kreger House is a large, open green space that the community refers to as the "Village Green." The term village green was first used in the early twentieth century to describe the land around the village library. The term has since expanded to include adjoining land owned by the Village of Franklin, the Franklin Community Association, and the Franklin Community Church. The Franklin Community Association owns the southern and central portions of the village green, abutting the property of the Franklin Cemetery, and including the baseball diamonds and the gazebo. The neo-classical Franklin Community Church owns the western portion of the green, where it sits as a prominent architectural feature of the community. Both the FCA property and the Franklin Community Church are vital aspects of the historic pastoral character of this community and it is for this reason that the Study Committee is recommending their addition to the local district.

The business area of Franklin Road is an interesting mix of homes, commercial buildings, and houses that have been adapted for commercial use. The majority of the structures within the local historic district lie along this road or on one of the residential streets running perpendicular.

Franklin Road slopes downward again, gently curving eastward towards the northern boundary of the historic district. Large trees border the west side of the road where Franklin Road intersects with Fourteen Mile Road. Looming over the flood plain on land rising above the Franklin River, the massive wood-frame Franklin Cider Mill (7450 Franklin Road), which sits just across Fourteen Mile Road to the north, has a dominating presence at the northern edge of the district. The Franklin Cider Mill has been included in the district because of its historic associations with the village, although it is located just outside the village limits. The mill was built in 1837 and served the village as a grist mill. Converted to a full-time cider mill in 1949, the mill continues to attract many patrons today, especially in the fall at apple harvest time.

Outside of the current local historic district boundaries, the survey area includes the residential neighborhoods that encompass the entire area from Inkster to Telegraph Roads on the west and east boundaries, and Fourteen Mile Road on the northern boundary to just north of Farmbrook on the southerly boundary. These neighborhoods include large lots with rolling hills, narrow meandering paved roadways, and residences ranging from modest mid-century ranch style homes to large stately mansions and estates encompassing 2-3 residential lots or acreage. Many older homes have been demolished in the past 10 years to accommodate the building of much larger estates.

Historical Context

*Note: a large portion of this historical context was taken directly from the National Register of Historic Places survey continuation sheets, specifically the Narrative Statement of Significance, from the National Register of Historic Places re-survey completed by Consultant to the Franklin Village Historic District Commission Jennifer Wendler-Lovell. It has been updated to current standards and to include pertinent updated and current information.

Founded in 1824, Franklin is a pioneer-era settlement that, bypassed by the railroads in the nineteenth century, grew slowly and today retains the appearance of its early, unplatted layout, narrow streets, and other man-made features, including an early cemetery and many of its early buildings. The Franklin Local Historic District reflects not only this pioneer settlement but also the evolution of the community from a rural market and milling hamlet to a prosperous suburban community beginning after World War I. The early post World War II years through

about 1960 were important for Franklin in marking the beginnings of the intensive period of development for the entire community as a part of the Detroit suburbs, which has resulted in most of the previously underdeveloped countryside around the village being built up with large houses on large lots. Within the district, a church, commercial and civic buildings that give the district and village its character today possess exceptional significance in reflecting the beginnings of this now long-term developmental pattern. The Franklin Historic District's houses dating from the early years of settlement through the 1950s possess a collective significance in reflecting changing tastes in vernacular housing in southern Michigan. Finally, the district is significant in terms of the theme of invention for containing the place in which, in 1940, the dry-roasted peanut was invented.

The Village of Franklin, Michigan is located in Oakland County in Southfield Township. A 1989 archaeological investigation near the site of the Village Hall of Franklin found evidence of a Satchell complex occupation between 3,000 and 4,000 radiocarbon years ago. Findings of flaked stone and tool preforms suggest that tool production was an important activity at the site. Native Americans first settled the land on which Franklin and its Historic District now stand. Tribes such as Chippewa, Ottawa and Potawatomi lived in the Franklin area in the 18th and early 19th centuries. Today, many of the original Indian trails are used as major branches of transportation. Woodward Avenue, which runs five miles east of Franklin, follows the route of the Native American Saginaw Trail.

From 1775 to 1820, four treaties with the Chippewa, Ottawa, Potawatomi and other small bands of Native Americans ceded several million acres of Indian lands to the United States government, land that would support European-American settlement in Michigan. When political and maritime disputes erupted into the War of 1812, Native Americans largely fought on the side of the British. In December of 1814, the British and Americans signed the Treaty of Ghent, which officially ended the War of 1812 and dissolved all British claims to the lands of the Northwest Territories. The absence of British support indicated imminent doom for the Native American tribes, who shortly thereafter ceded their lands to American control.

Townships were established as six miles by six miles and broken down into thirty-six sections. In 1819, the Michigan Territorial Governor, Lewis Cass, established Oakland County. In that same year, Pontiac became the official county seat of government. Cass played a key role in the development of the state by encouraging surveys of the land and road building to aid early settlers. Due to these efforts and probably in part due to its proximity to Detroit, Oakland Country was the first settled interior county of Michigan (Hagman, 364).

Franklin became the first village to be established in what became Southfield Township, organized in 1830. Franklin was established on land originally owned by two natives of Niagara Country, New York, Dillucena Stoughton and Elijah Bullock. Stoughton purchased 80 acres on April 2nd, 1824 on the eastern side of what is now the village's main north/south artery, Franklin Road. Bullock purchased a total of 240 acres of land on what would become the west side of the village on June 7th, 1824 and June 20th, 1825. The area was first called the Stoughton-Bullock settlement. Land cost at that time was \$2.00 an acre, with one quarter of the purchase price paid at the time of purchase, and the rest in three annual installments (Courtney et al., 3). Another early settler, Daniel Wood, came to Franklin from New Hampshire and on June 8, 1824, just one day after Bullock, purchased land to the east of the settlement. (Daniel Wood is the ancestor of Bert Wood, a twentieth century Franklin storeowner and historian (Cannon, 5).

The Franklin River, a tributary of the Rouge River, ran through the settlement. The land in the area was forested with hardwoods such as elm, maple, and oak, for which the county is named. However, it was not as wooded as lands farther north, so lumbering was never intensive in Oakland County.

The settlement was named Franklin in 1828. It may have been named after Benjamin Franklin, one of our country's forefathers, or for a boy named Franklin who lived in the area at that time. Also in 1828, Dr. Ebenezer Raynale was appointed the first postmaster of Franklin (he was the first physician in Franklin as well). By 1828 nine families lived in Franklin. The first school in Southfield Township was established in Franklin that year. The Franklin Cemetery at Franklin Road and Scenic Drive was founded in 1825, 1827, or 1828 (sources vary on date). Franklin was bypassed by a rail line in the 1820s, although a stagecoach line did run through the village on its way from Birmingham to Southfield (Waddell, 51). Over the next few years, Franklin added many businesses, "including grist mills, brick yards, cheese factories, buggy works, distilleries, blacksmith shops, several taverns, a general store and two hotels" (Hagman, 52-56). Two mills eventually were built, the first in 1837, to take advantage of the Franklin River's waterpower. One of them still stands today at Franklin and Fourteen Mile Roads.

In 1833, George Matthews bought part of Bullock's farm. He had hoped to build a mill where the current Franklin Cider Mill stands on the north side of the village. Matthews, however, was never able to make money as most of his capital went into labor and lumber, and his lands were taken over by William Sears. In 1836, Col. Peter Van Every of Detroit exchanged land that he owned in Detroit for the land Sears had taken over from Matthews.

Van Every also purchased the remainder of Bullock's land and became a large landowner and prominent figure in Franklin. He agreed not to subdivide his new land holdings for a period "within fifteen years" (Cannon, 18) after purchase. Van Every was successful in erecting a grist mill in Franklin. Mills were abundant in the area and at one time there was one at least every mile up and down the river. Peter Van Every eventually owned 1500 acres in Franklin and the surrounding townships. He and his wife had fourteen children, allowing the Van Every legacy to continue for some time in the Franklin area. They built and lived in many early houses and ran businesses in the village. Peter Van Every's fortunes eventually ran out, however, and his large landholdings were heavily mortgaged at the time of his death. Several buildings that were built by Van Every remain in Franklin today, including the Franklin Mill (7450 Franklin Road), the Franklin Cottage Tavern (26210 Franklin Road), and the Temperance Hotel (32800 Franklin Road).

In 1849, George Congleton opened a carriage and blacksmith shop next to his home on Franklin Road that provided tools, horseshoes, and implements as well as wagons and buggies. The building continued in its original use through several subsequent owners, and later went on to house a variety of specialty shops, including an antique store, gift store and a flower shop. Today, after reconstruction from a devastating 1979, fire, the building houses the Franklin Grill. The original Congleton house, an 1840 frame Greek Revival, still stands next to the building.

A quote from a letter in the book *All About Franklin* describes Franklin in 1855 as, "about twenty dwellings-not elegant, but simple and comfortable, of various patterns and proportions" (Cannon, 23). In 1860, the first church building of the First Methodist Protestant Church was built in Franklin, located on German Mill Road.

Franklin grew slowly for the rest of the nineteenth century. As the years and technology advanced, Franklin had its first telephone in 1908 in the "brick store", and in 1925 electricity was installed in many homes and businesses (Cannon, 71). The automobile arrived in 1915. During World War One, residents did their part in supporting the troops by knitting socks and gloves, and going without certain luxuries such as meat. Savings were spent on war bonds.

After the war, and with the increasing popularity of the automobile, many Detroit residents relocated to the suburbs, especially those located along the Woodward Avenue corridor (M-1). This eventually brought many people to Southfield and Bloomfield Townships. This period saw the beginning of the development of the

surrounding area with large homes and estates. Well known Bloomfield Township residents such as Albert Kahn, James Couzens and George Booth all built expansive estates at this time and, unknowingly, made way for massive future development in the area.

Franklin's third school building, built in 1869, caught fire and burned to the ground in January of 1922. A new building was built in 1923 with money from Southfield Township at the northeast corner of Franklin Road and Romany Way. This building was much larger than the one-room school it replaced, making room for the increasing population of Franklin (Cannon, 81). With two additions, it is still in use as a private school today.

Franklin developed informally, piecemeal, without an official plat, largely to the east of Franklin Road as early owners sold off parts of their properties, and narrow lanes were opened to provide access to lots off Franklin Road. The west side of Franklin Road remained mostly undeveloped until 1926, when a formal plat was laid out for a new residential area to the west of Franklin Road from just north of the cemetery to Fourteen Mile Road. According to the plat map, the land encompassed by the plat was to be known as "Franklin Village, a subdivision of N. ½ of Sec. 6, T. 1 N., R. 10 E. Southfield Township, Oakland County, Michigan." The plat included large residential lots on artfully curving streets, setting the stage for the exclusive class of development that subsequently took place in Franklin. One year later, in 1927, the area to the east of Franklin Road between Scenic Highway and Fourteen Mile Road was platted as Supervisors Plat No. 8, formalizing the unplatted development that had previously occurred.

Some of the proposed 1926 Franklin Village plat was completed, but some of the roads never existed beyond 'paper.' Remarkably, one large area of the plat was never developed, resulting in a grand open space on Franklin Road that is now known as the Village Green. Local businessman George Wellington Smith preserved most of this land as open space for years after platting it, finally selling off large pieces of it between 1954 and 1973 to the Village of Franklin, the Franklin Community Association and the Franklin Community Church. These sales assured the future preservation of the green space. In 1954, the congregation of the German Mill Church was looking for land on which to build a new church building that would accommodate their needs for church, school classrooms and more sanctuary seating. George Wellington Smith donated four lots and sold six more on the village green for the church site. The Franklin Community Church was completed in 1956. Then in 1957, the IRS posted a tax sale notice on two acres of George Wellington Smith's land on Franklin Road in an attempt to collect a half million dollars in unpaid taxes. Four Franklin residents purchased two acres from Smith, and in 1961 they offered the land to the Village of Franklin with a ten-year purchase agreement. In addition, the Franklin Community Association began purchasing portions of the village green. In 1959, they bought a large portion from George Wellington Smith, and three adjoining lots were purchased from two other land owners in 1959 and 1960. The Village of Franklin purchased the remainder of the village green in 1973. The small piece of property where the Village Hall is located was purchased from a businessman named Owen Hall, and another large piece of land adjoining the cemetery was purchased form George Wellington Smith. The combined land of these purchases has resulted in a green space that is approximately 12 acres in size. This large public space makes a significant contribution to Franklin Village's ambience.

The early 20th century brought industrialization of automobile production to the Detroit area located directly south of Franklin's rural boundaries. Wealthy urbanites seeking solace from the noise and pollution began to search for land outside of the city center on which to build grand estates and comfortable cottage getaways. The once stately and sprawling Tudor estate located at 32020 Franklin Road is one such "country home" built at this time. The Country Life Movement of the 1920s drew more development to rural areas in the hopes of improving life for

the rural residents as well, by brining some of the conveniences of the city to the rural outskirts where life was decidedly more difficult.

The end of the Second World War saw the beginnings of the massive wave of development in Franklin and surrounding areas that continues unabated today. New housing developments of large colonials and ranches – often of architecturally distinguished design-on large lots on narrow, tree shaded winding streets replaced the pre-war pattern of farms and woodland around the present historic district in the late 1940s, 50s, and 60s. These early post-war subdivisions surrounding the historic district contribute to Franklin's aesthetic character and appeal.

The new population growth that began after World War II resulted in new commercial, civic, and church buildings along and near Franklin Road within the district. The first was a gas station built in 1946. Its colonial-inspired design and red brick and white painted woodwork served as a model for future development along the Franklin Road corridor. The Franklin Community Church (1956), fire station (1959), post office (1959), and a bank and commercial building (1959 and 1960) all follow the red brick and white trim formula. These buildings together possess exceptional significance in terms of the Planning and Community Development context because they represent the beginnings of the now more than fifty-year period of intensive suburban growth in this area. The buildings also play a major role in defining the visual character of the Franklin Road corridor in the historic district.

Until 1954, Franklin was an unincorporated village within the Township of Southfield. In 1953, Southfield Township proposed incorporating the entire township as a city. Franklin residents, however, wanted to retain the village character of Franklin, and therefore did not want to become a part of a larger city. After organizing a Charter Committee, Franklin voted to incorporate as a village on June 15, 1954.

In 1966, an area developer wanted to build contemporary condominiums near the banks of the river and German Mill Road. The village council denied the building permit, and the matter was taken to court. The judge ruled that the village must issue the building permit, and in 1972 *The Ravines* condominiums were constructed. This started a movement to ensure that Franklin would have more control over any development within the village. The Franklin Historical Society began efforts to enact zoning laws to prevent such development. A few years earlier, the same organization also began efforts to list Franklin Village in the National Register of Historic Places, and on February 10, 1969 Franklin became the first historic district in Michigan listed in the National Register of Historic Places. (Cannon, 125-126).

Franklin continues to develop today, though not as rapidly as the surrounding areas. Large subdivisions continue to sprawl over the area and threaten the boundaries of the Village. Yet, upon coming over the hill into the village center, there is a feeling of stepping back in time, even though busy US Highway 24 (Telegraph Road) is the eastern boundary of Franklin, and development completely surrounds the hilly, tree-laden historic district. This feeling continues along the narrow, wooded streets in the center of the village, with its carefully preserved architecture. In hindsight, perhaps it was fortunate that the village did not develop rapidly, as it was able to maintain its rural character, even while being surrounded by some of the heaviest development in Southeast Michigan.

Thematic Narrative

The Franklin Local Historic District is important in terms of the following National Register areas of significance: Exploration and Settlement, Agriculture, Commerce, Invention, Architecture and Community Planning and Development H

However, for the purposes of this district modification, the Thematic Narrative will concentrate on Exploration and Early Settlement, Agriculture, Architecture and Community Planning and Development

Exploration and Early Settlement

Franklin was the first village established in Southfield Township, and was an early settlement in Oakland County. A surprising number of its earliest buildings have survived. Dillucena Stoughton was the first white man to purchase land in what would be Franklin Village. He purchased 80 acres of land from the government in 1824. Stoughton came to Michigan from New York, along with thousands of New Yorkers and New Englanders who settled in the Michigan Territory between 1820 and 1840. Six weeks after Stoughton's land purchase, Elijah Bullock, another New Yorker, purchased over 240 acres on what is now the west side of Franklin Road. Subsequent early settlers were also of Yankee stock and reflected the predominant pattern of settlement in Oakland County by people from New York and New England.

A number of properties in the original Franklin Village Local Historic District date from this early settlement period, and reflect the predominant architectural characteristics of New England and New York. The Peter Van Every House/Franklin Cottage Tavern (26210 Evelyn Court) was built in 1833 by Peter Van Every, an early settler from Detroit. The Van Every Grist Mill (7450 Franklin Road) was built by Van Every in 1837. The H.S. Cox Schoolhouse at 32310 Franklin Road was also built during this early settlement period. The Broughton House at 32325 Franklin Road, now the Village Hall, has a Greek Revival portion that was likely built about 1820. The Franklin Hotel (32751 Franklin Road) and the Temperance Hotel (32800 Franklin Road) were also built during this period.

There are also a number of properties dating from this early settlement period that were located out a distance from the village center and main commercial thoroughfare. These properties were primarily small farms run by small families that had also traveled from the New England area. The Worthing/Farynk House (30440 Franklin) was built in 1848 by early settler Jonathan Worthing. The Kreger House (32325 Franklin Road /Historic: 26565 Scenic Drive) property was owned by Hamilton and Lucius Miller from 1848-the mid-1860s; they may have built the home which was moved to its current location in 2008. The John Lock House (26475 Scenic Drive) was built around 1860 by John Lock, an immigrant from England. The Joseph Pickering House (25520 Thirteen Mile Road) was built in 1850 by Franklin pioneers Melvin and Harriet Drake. The Leet/Orlando House was constructed in 1872 by an early Franklin farming family headed by Alanson H. Leet.

Agriculture

There were many small farms that dotted the outskirts of early Franklin during the mid-1850s to the early 1900s, including the Worthing/Farynk House and Farm (30440 Franklin) that consisted of 160 acres in 1848, The Joseph Pickering House and Farm(25520 Thirteen Mile Road), listed as the location of "crock and livestock wells", The Leet/Orlando House and Farm (25905 Romany) which included a 48 acre potato farm in 1872, and the Kreger House (32325 Franklin Road /Historic: 26565 Scenic Drive) that was utilized as a small farm that produced potatoes and corn, along with pigs, cows, chickens and a small fruit orchard by the Johnston family in the early 1900s.

Architecture

The architecture of the Franklin Historic District creates a unified ensemble of architectural scale, design, and styles that depict the building evolution of the village. The varying types and styles can be viewed as markers of important architectural periods and as milestones of external influences upon the village. Few of the homes and commercial buildings in Franklin are examples of "High style" architecture. Most are good examples of vernacular forms.

A majority of the early Euro-American settlers in southeastern Michigan came from New York and New England. Franklin was originally established in the northeast corner of Section 6, Township 1 North, Range 10 East, Southfield Township. According to the original patent deeds, six of the original seven men who obtained land patents for Section 6 were from Niagara County, New York. The early settlers from New York brought New England folk building traditions with them, and many of Franklin's early homes reflect these traditions. These building traditions can also be seen throughout southeastern Michigan. These early houses in Franklin's historic district can be described as vernacular, with little formal styling. Many adhere to massing and floor plan traditions that can be traced to New England antecedents, such as the New England One and a Half cottage, the Gable-Front, and the Upright and Wing folk house types. These common house types, however, are equally as important as high style examples because they are expression of the vernacular culture brought to the area by its early American settlers.

Many of Franklin' earliest buildings also incorporated Greek Revival stylistic elements, which were popular nationally during the first half of the nineteenth century. New England settlers all over southeastern Michigan decorated their traditional folk houses with Greek Revival details, and these homes in elements can still be seen in a large number of examples. The Kreger House (32325 Franklin Road /Historic: 26565 Scenic Drive) is one example with Greek Revival detailing such as a front gable with prominent eave returns.

There are a number of mid-19th century vernacular farmhouses, which is the standard early architectural type in the current local district. The Joseph Pickering House and Farm (25520 Thirteen Mile Road), is a two-story side-gabled vernacular farmhouse built in 1850.

A small number of brick Colonial-inspired commercial and public buildings dating from the late 1940s to 1960 prosses exceptional significance in both defining the village business district's architectural character in the years since then and in represent the beginnings of the post -war building boom. Several of these are included in the recommendations to the district modification, including The Franklin Community Church (26425 Wellington) which was built in 1956, is an outstanding example of a brick Neoclassical Colonial Revival small community church building.

Additionally, the pre-war period of expansion from the hustle and bustle of Detroit's city center drew wealthier industrialists seeking respite from the dirty, loud city. This resulted in the creation of many large estate-like properties located on acreage with rolling hills, numerous shade trees and residential building complexes that include several buildings. One such example is the Newhouser/Meldrum House (32020 Franklin) a prime example of a Chateauxesque Tudor Revival style estate home, including a carriage house and recessed garage, which is included in the Franklin Village National Register Historic District.

Conclusion

Michigan is dotted with many small towns and villages that once were early settlements. However, Franklin has maintained its settlement roots by preserving its mix of vintage commercial, residential, transportation, industrial, civic, and governmental functions. Franklin values its collection of historic structures, its history as a representation of a period of time, and its distinction of having been designated the first historic district in Michigan to be accepted into the National Register of Historic Places.

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Commonwealth Cultural Resources Group, Inc. Franklin Farmhouse a Non-Contiguous Local Historic District: Franklin Historic District Study Committee Report, 1998.

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Harryvan, Eileen. Interview with current owner Janin Meldrum, 2019.

HP Associates. Intensive Study for 26475 Scenic Drive, 1994.

HP Associates. Intensive Study for: 25300 Thirteen Mile Road, Franklin, MI 48025, 1997.

Oakland County Register of Deeds

Weir, Lynne B. and Mary Grace York. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 1991.

Wendler-Lovell, Jennifer. Village of Franklin National Register Historic District Survey, 2006.

Index of Surveyed Properties

32020 Franklin Road – house and carriage house

32325 Franklin Road – house, barn and shed

26475 Scenic Drive – house and barn

26425 Wellington Road (Franklin Community Church)

Franklin Community Association (FCA) Property

Michigan SHPO Architectural Properties Identification FormProperty Overview and Location



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Provide a detailed description of the property, including all character defining features and any accessory resources.

32020 Franklin Road is a Tudor style house with a concrete foundation, brick walls and a slate roof. It is a two-story house with cross gables, dormer windows, patterned brickwork and a two-story turret. There is a large chimney on the front façade and small balcony on the side elevation. There is a one-story flat-roofed addition on the corner of the south & east elevations. There is also a large contributing three bay brick carriage house/garage with flared slate roof and a contributing two-car brick garage recessed below the house. The structure is located on a 3-acre wooded lot.

History of the Resource

Provide information on previous owners, land use, construction and alteration dates in a narrative format. <u>This is required</u> for all intensive level surveys and designation and recommended for other identification efforts.

The property on which the home at 32020 Franklin Road is built was originally owned by A.A. Rust, township supervisor, treasurer, postmaster, business owner, church leader, and prolific landowner in Franklin. The land is shown in his ownership from 1845 -1908. This home was contracted by owner C.H. Gracey to be designed and built by Architect William E. Kapp of Smith, Hinchman, Grylls, who also designed National Historic Landmark Meadowbrook Hall in Rochester, Michigan. Local legend contends that Gracey traveled to Europe with Mr. Kapp to gather ideas for the design of the home, and upon returning, lost all of his fortune in the stock market crash. Mr. Gracey had just enough left to finish building the home; however, he was never able to live in it. From 1949 to 1966, Detroit Tigers Baseball Pitcher and Hall of Famer, Hal Newhouser, owned the home and lived in it. Chuck Jordan, Vice President of Design for General Motors from 1986-1992, owned the home in the mid-to-late 1970s. Mr. Jordan was the Chief Designer for many of GM's popular luxury vehicles, including the 1959 Cadillac and the Chevrolet Cavalier.

Title search: Before 1939, part of lot 55 (ex. Par) Rayner to Smith; 1939, C.H. Gracey to O.J. Shore; 1949, K.L. Fraser to James S. Holden Co.; 1949, Holden to H. Newhouser; 1966, Newhouser to D. C. Long; 1974, D.C. Long to R. Politi; 1978, C./S.Jordan to J./V.Abbott; 1984, J./V.Abott to R.J./J. Meldrum.

Statement of Significance/Recommendation of Eligibility

Provide a detailed explanation of the property's eligibility for the National Register, including an evaluation under at least one of the four criteria, discussion of the seven aspects of integrity, and recommendations about eligibility. <u>This is required for all properties</u>.

This resource is recommended as eligible for inclusion as a contributing resource in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District under Criteria C: Architecture.

32020 Franklin Road is a prime example of a Chateauxesque Tudor Revival style home, an estate home built as a result of the Country Life Movement, designed by a master architect, William E. Kapp, of Smith, Hinchman & Grylls.

The resource retains integrity under all of the seven aspects, including historic location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. The resource remains on its historic location, the building is a prime example of a Chateauxesque Tudor Revival style home, designed by a master architect; the home includes many elements of fine workmanship and original materials including patterned brickwork and custom masonry, leaded glass windows, custom lighting features. The setting of the estate along Franklin Road, the main thoroughfare of the Village on a multi-acre wooded parcel carries significance in expressing the feeling of a home in the woods that has the ease and accessibility of the suburbs; close to amenities while maintaining distance from the noise and pollution of the city. This property stands as a harbinger of the mid-later twentieth century estate development that currently surrounds the Village. The home has been associated with several figures significant to both local and national history.

This structure is currently listed as Contributing in the Village of Franklin National Register Historic District.

It is recommended that the structure located at 32020 Franklin Road be added to the Franklin Village Local Historic District.

References

List references used to research and evaluate the individual property.

Cannon, Bettie Waddell. All About Franklin from Pioneers to Preservation. Michigan: The Franklin Historical Society, 1979.

Harryvan, Eileen. Interview with current owner Janin Meldrum, 2019.

Oakland County Register of Deeds

Weir, Lynne B. and Mary Grace York. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 1991.

Wendler-Lovell, Jennifer. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 2006.



Michigan SHPO Architectural Properties Identification Form

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Provide a detailed description of the property, including all character defining features and any accessory resources.

The Carriage House located at 32020 Franklin Road is constructed in the Tudor Revival style with a concrete foundation, brick walls and a slate roof. It is a one-story gabled roof structure constructed on a linear plan on a north to south axis, with four bays. The southernmost bay includes a vertically oriented casement style window with six lights and a wooden split Dutch door with six lights in the top half. The three northern bays are each comprised of openings wide enough for a carriage or vehicle to enter, and each include large wood paneled garage-style doors, with 16 lights each in the upper 1/3rd portion of each door. The roofline of the east façade is extended forward off the front of the building to create an embankment wall approximately 3' in height that extends approximately 8' from the front facade. The south façade includes another vertically oriented casement style window with six lights and a wooden loft door placed at the gabled end of the roofline. The north and west façades are partially built into the side of a hillock/embankment that rises to approximately 2/3rds the height of the structure.

History of the Resource

Provide information on previous owners, land use, construction and alteration dates in a narrative format. This is required for all intensive level surveys and designation and recommended for other identification efforts.

The property on which the home at 32020 Franklin Road is built was originally owned by A.A. Rust, township supervisor, treasurer, postmaster, business owner, church leader, and prolific landowner in Franklin. The land is shown in his ownership from 1845 -1908. This home was contracted by owner C.H. Gracey to be designed and built by Architect William E. Kapp of Smith, Hinchman, Grylls. Local legend contends that Gracey traveled to Europe with Mr. Kapp to gather ideas for the design of the home, and upon returning, lost all of his fortune in the stock market crash. Mr. Gracey had just enough left to finish building the home; however, he was never able to live in it. From 1949 to 1966, Detroit Tigers Baseball Pitcher and Hall of Famer, Hal Newhouser, owned the home and lived in it. Chuck Jordan, Vice President of Design for General Motors from 1986-1992, owned the home in the mid-to-late 1970s. Mr. Jordan was the Chief Designer for many of GM's popular luxury vehicles, including the 1959 Cadillac and the Chevrolet Cavalier.

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Statement of Significance/Recommendation of Eligibility

Provide a detailed explanation of the property's eligibility for the National Register, including an evaluation under at least one of the four criteria, discussion of the seven aspects of integrity, and recommendations about eligibility. <u>This is required for all properties</u>.

This resource is recommended as eligible for inclusion as a contributing resource in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District under Criteria C: Architecture.

The resource retains integrity under all of the seven aspects, including historic location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. The resource remains on its historic location, the structure is a prime example of a Chateauxesque Tudor Revival style home, designed by a master architect; he home includes many elements of fine workmanship and original materials including patterned brickwork and custom masonry, leaded glass windows, custom lighting features. The setting of the estate along Franklin Road, the main thoroughfare of the Village on a multi-acre wooded parcel carries significance in expressing the feeling of a home in the woods that has the ease and accessibility of the suburbs; close to amenities while maintaining distance from the noise and pollution of the city. This property stands as a harbinger of the mid-later twentieth century estate development that currently surrounds the Village. The home has been associated with several figures significant to both local and national history.

This building is currently listed as Contributing in the Village of Franklin National Register Historic District.

It is recommended that the buildings located at 32020 Franklin Road be added to the Franklin Village Local Historic District.

References

List references used to research and evaluate the individual property.

Cannon, Bettie Waddell. All About Franklin from Pioneers to Preservation. Michigan: The Franklin Historical Society, 1979.

Harryvan, Eileen. Interview with current owner Janin Meldrum, 2019.

Oakland County Register of Deeds

Weir, Lynne B. and Mary Grace York. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 1991.

Wendler-Lovell, Jennifer. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 2006.

Additional Photographs: 32020 Franklin Road

Street Address	32020 Franklin Road				
City/Township, State, Zip Code	Franklin, MI 48025				
County	Oakland				
Assessor's Parcel # 24-06-280-003/24-06-200-003					
Latitude/Longitude (to the 6th dec	imal point) Lat: 42.522767 Long: -83.3047537				



32020 Franklin Road, Carriage House – 2021 *thick brush covers entire south elevation, building is significantly deteriorating due to neglect

Michigan SHPO Architectural Properties Identification FormProperty Overview and Location

For SHPO Use Only



Street Address	С	urrent: 32325	5 Franklii	n Road Hi	storic: 26	65 Scenic		
City/Township, State, Zip (anklin, MI 48	3025					
County		akland						
Assessor's Parcel #		urrent: 24-06	-253-024	Historic:	24-06-40			
Latitude/Longitude (to the			Lat: 42.5			Long: -83.30		
Ownership Private	Pt	ublic-Local	\boxtimes \Box	Public-State	• <u> </u>	Public-Fede	ral 🗌	Multiple
Property Type			(Ins	ert primary	photogra	ph below.)		
Building select sub-typ Commercial Residential Industrial Other	e below	Structure Object						
Architectural Information					- 1			
Construction Date	1860			100			1.0	数
Architectural Style	Greek Re	evival		2			and a	
Building Form	Upright a	nd Wing						
Roof Form	Front gal	ole			11.00	0.00		
	asphalt			1 THE	*			
	Wood							
	Stone				of the same	La Spires		
		eatherboard						
	6/6 doub		_					
Outbuildings	Yes 🗵							
Number/Type:	2/barn, s	hed						
Eligibility		-v						
Individually Criterion	Α 🗌	Criterion E	3	Criterion (Criterion D		
Eligible								
Criteria Considerations:		a b.		d	e. 📗 f.			
Component of Contribu		Non-contr		Historic D	istrict Nar			din Local
a Historic district	\boxtimes	to a distric	t 🔲			Historic	District	
District				-				
Not Eligible								
Area(s) of Significance	Archit	ecture						
Period(s) of Significance	1860							
Integrity - Does the proper	ty posses	s integrity in	all or so	me of the 7	aspects'	?		
Location Design				nship 🛚	Setting			Association 🛛
General Integrity:	Intact		Altered	\Box	Move	ed 🛛	Date	(s): 12-18-2008
Historic Name		r House	7		1	- Kasal		Visite 1
Current/Common Name		r House						
Historic/Original Owner		n Barklay						
Historic Building Use	Resid							
Current Building Use		nunity Cente	ſ					
Architect/Engineer/Designe								
r								
Builder/Contractor	Possi	bly Josiah Ba	arklay					
Survey Date 2021		ecorded By		de D. Devi	_	Agency F	anad #	

Date:

SHPO Concurrence?: Y/N

Provide a detailed description of the property, including all character defining features and any accessory resources.

One-and-one-half story Greek Revival style Upright and Wing frame house. The wing has a shed roof and an engaged porch supported by thin columns. The Upright portion is front gabled, with prominent eave returns. Windows are 6/6 light double hung with shutters. Architectural details include a wide frieze band at the roof line and pilasters at the corners of the upright element.

There is a contributing gabled barn and shed also included in this property.

History of the Resource

Provide information on previous owners, land use, construction and alteration dates in a narrative format. <u>This is required</u> for all intensive level surveys and designation and recommended for other identification efforts.

The property was owned by Hamilton and Lucius Miller from 1848-the mid-1860s; they may have built the home. Charles and Grace Johnston purchased the property in 1901. The Johnston's continued to utilize the property as a small farm that produced potatoes and corn, along with pigs, cows, chickens and a small fruit orchard. The farmland surrounding the house was sold off by the Johnston & Kreger families in the 1920s. The Johnston's daughter, Cora Kreger, and her husband Art, were given the house in 1918. Art Kreger was a builder who constructed many homes in Franklin. The Kregers lived in the house until their death in the 1980s. The Kreger's daughter, Maxine Kreger Nelson, inherited the house after their death and lived there until her death in 2006. The Kreger Farmhouse, barn and shed were donated to the Franklin Village Historic Society by the Bauer family, who were the next to own the home. The structures were moved from their location at 26565 Scenic Drive in Franklin Village to the Village Green on December 18, 2008.

Title Search: 1983, C. Kreger to M.V. Kreger/R.C. Kreger; 2008, M.V. Nelson/R.C. Nelson to C.E. Bauer/A.Z. Bauer; currently owned by the Village of Franklin as donated by the Bauer Family in 2008.

Statement of Significance/Recommendation of Eligibility

Provide a detailed explanation of the property's eligibility for the National Register, including an evaluation under at least one of the four criteria, discussion of the seven aspects of integrity, and recommendations about eligibility. <u>This is required</u> for all properties.

This resource is recommended as eligible for inclusion as a contributing resource in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District under Criteria C: Architecture.

The home located at 32325 Franklin Road (historic 26565 Scenic) is an excellent example of rural American architecture in the Greek revival style. It is a typical mid-19th Century Franklin Village upright and wing farmhouse, which is a standard early architectural form throughout the village speaking to the agricultural roots of the area. Despite the fact that the home and outbuildings have been relocated from their original location, because the resource itself has been little altered, the form does evoke a sense of the feeling of what the original building was used for: to house a small farming family in a small village during the mid-1800s.

The home and outbuildings were donated to the Village of Franklin in 2008 as a preservation method. The structures would have been lost to development had they not been relocated to the Village Green area. They are currently used by the community for small gatherings and events. Though no longer directly threatened by development, it is recommended that the structures be listed as eligible to be included in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District due to their association with prominent Franklin community members, as well as being a prime example of the early rural architecture of the Village.

The resource retains integrity under four of the seven aspects, including design, materials, workmanship and association: the design of the original structure remains intact, the structure retains intact historic materials such as siding, windows and brickwork; the historic workmanship of the vernacular farmhouse has remained unchanged

and matched when repair became necessary; the structure has been and remains to be associated with prominent figures in local history.

The structure does not retain integrity of location, setting, or feeling: the structure has been moved from its original location at 26565 Scenic which has caused the resource to lose all integrity of historic location, setting and feeling.

It is recommended that the residence at 32325 Franklin Road be added to the Franklin Village Local Historic District as a contributing resource.

References

List references used to research and evaluate the individual property.

Cannon, Bettie Waddell. All About Franklin from Pioneers to Preservation. Michigan: The Franklin Historical Society, 1979.

Oakland County Register of Deeds

Weir, Lynne B. and Mary Grace York. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 1991. Wendler-Lovell, Jennifer. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 2006.



Michigan SHPO Architectural Properties Identification Form

Property Overview	v and Loc	cation		•							E HISTORIC ATION OFFIC	E
Street Address			Curre	ent: 3232	25 Frank	lin Road H	istoric: 26	6565	Scenic			
City/Township, S	state, Zip	Code		din, MI 4								
County												
Assessor's Parce	el#		Curre	nt: 24-0	6-2534-	024 Historic	: 24-06-4	101-C	01			
Latitude/Longitud	de (to the	6th dec				2.525100			ng: -83.30	3174		
Ownership Priv				c-Local		Public-Stat	e 🗌		ublic-Federa		Multiple	
Property Type					(Ir	nsert primar	/ photogr	aph l	below.)			
Building X sele	ct sub-ty	oe belo	w St	ructure	П	N. W. BY	W VA	W.				\neg
Commercial							A.				Y	
Residential	\boxtimes		OI	oject [H. Th	9 10 30	Hely	THE RESERVE	-	W. Coulde	
Industrial [44						ii .
Other _												4
Architectural Info	ormation											
Construction Dat		1860					a New York			A SHALL		
Architectural Styl	e						p.		100			
Building Form		barn						-		DE MILE		
Roof Form		Gable				Michael Company	4		SALES IN COLUMN		-	
Roof Materials		Aspha								US CENT		
Exterior Wall Mat				and bat	tan		Manufacture of the State of the	all will be		NAME OF STREET	Mires and and	
Foundation Mate		Fields	tone			4.3	F .	2			4 - 4	3
Window Materials wood						1	-	7	-		1 3- 27	
Window Type casement												
Outbuildings		Yes		No								
Number/Type	e:											
Eligibility												
Individually	Criterio	n A		riterion	В	Criterion	C 🛛	Cri	terion D			
Eligible				◁			====					
Criteria Consider				. 🗌 b		Total Inches		f. 🗌	g. 🗌			
Component of	Contrib			lon-cont		Historic [District Na	ame:				
a Historic	district	\boxtimes	to	o a distri	ct 🗌							
District												
Not Eligible 🔲												13
Area(s) of Signific	cance	Arc	hitect	ure								
Period(s) of Signi		186										
Integrity - Does t		rty pos	sess ir	ntegrity i	n all or s	ome of the	7 aspects	\$?				
		N	/lateria			anship 🛚	Setting		Feeling	□ A:	ssociation 🗵	1
General Integrity:			ict 🔲		Altere	dП	Mo	ved 🛭	ব	Date(s).	
Historic Name			ger B	arn	1		10	2	-10			
Current/Common	Name		ger B									\dashv
Historic/Original (iah Ba									
Historic Building		Bai										
Current Building U			n/she	d								\neg
Architect/Enginee				-								
r												
Builder/Contracto	r	Pos	ssibly	Josiah E	Barklay							
	2021			ded By		nda D. Dav	is		Agency Re	eport #		

For SHPO Use Only	SHPO Concurrence?: Y / N	Date:	
Cown three of \$5:20.19			

Provide a detailed description of the property, including all character defining features and any accessory resources.

One and a half story gabled barn. North façade includes carriage entrance with sliding style barn door in right bay and two four-light casement windows side by side in the left bay. East façade includes carriage entrance with sliding style barn door.

History of the Resource

Provide information on previous owners, land use, construction and alteration dates in a narrative format. This is required for all intensive level surveys and designation and recommended for other identification efforts.

The original property was owned by Hamilton and Lucius Miller from 1848-the mid-1860s; they may have built the home and outbuildings. Charles and Grace Johnston purchased the house in 1901. The farmland surrounding the house was sold off by the Johnston & Kreger families in the 1920s. The Johnston's daughter, Cora Kreger, and her husband Art, were given the house in 1918. Art Kreger was a builder who constructed many homes in Franklin. The Kregers lived in the house until their death in the 1980s. The Kreger's daughter, Maxine Kreger Nelson, inherited the house after their death and lived there until her death in 2006. The Kreger Farmhouse, barn and shed were donated to the Franklin Village Historic Society by the Bauer family, who were the next to own the home. The structures were moved from their location at 26565 Scenic Drive in Franklin Village to the Village Green on December 18, 2008.

Title Search: 1983, C. Kreger to M.V. Kreger/R.C. Kreger; 2008, M.V. Nelson/R.C. Nelson to C.E. Bauer/A.Z. Bauer; currently owned by the Village of Franklin as donated by the Bauer Family in 2008.

Statement of Significance/Recommendation of Eligibility

Provide a detailed explanation of the property's eligibility for the National Register, including an evaluation under at least one of the four criteria, discussion of the seven aspects of integrity, and recommendations about eligibility. <u>This is required for all properties</u>.

This resource is recommended as eligible for inclusion as a contributing resource in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District under Criteria C: Architecture.

The home located at 32325 Franklin Road (historic 26565 Scenic) is an excellent example of rural American architecture in the Greek revival style. It is a typical mid-19th Century Franklin Village upright and wing farmhouse, which is a standard early architectural form throughout the village speaking to the agricultural roots of the area. Despite the fact that the home and outbuildings have been relocated from their original location, because the resource itself has been little altered, the form does evoke a sense of the feeling of what the original building was used for: to house a small farming family in a small village during the mid-1800s.

The home and outbuildings were donated to the Village of Franklin in 2008 as a preservation method. The structures would have been lost to development had they not been relocated to the Village Green area. They are currently used by the community for small gatherings and events. Though no longer directly threatened by development, it is recommended that the structures be listed as eligible to be included in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District due to their association with prominent Franklin community members, as well as being a prime example of the early rural architecture of the Village.

The resource retains integrity under four of the seven aspects, including design, materials, workmanship and association: the design of the original structure remains intact, the structure retains intact historic materials such as siding, windows and foundation; the historic workmanship of the vernacular farmhouse barn has remained

unchanged and matched when repair became necessary; the structure has been and remains to be associated with prominent figures in local history.

The structure does not retain integrity of location, setting, or feeling: the structure has been moved from its original location at 26565 Scenic which has caused the resource to lose all integrity of historic location, setting and feeling.

It is recommended that the barn located at the residence at 32325 Franklin Road be added to the Franklin Village Local Historic District as a contributing resource.

References

List references used to research and evaluate the individual property.

Cannon, Bettie Waddell. All About Franklin from Pioneers to Preservation. Michigan: The Franklin Historical Society, 1979.

Oakland County Register of Deeds

Weir, Lynne B. and Mary Grace York. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 1991.

Wendler-Lovell, Jennifer. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 2006.

Michigan SHPO Architectural Properties Identification FormProperty Overview and Location



Street Address	С	urrent: 32325 F	ranklin Road Hist	toric: 2656	55 Scenic	
City/Township, State, Zip C	Code Fr	anklin, MI 4802	25			
County	0	akland				
Assessor's Parcel #	C	urrent: 24-06-2	53-024 Historic: 2	4-06-401-	001	
Latitude/Longitude (to the	6th decima	al point) La	t: 42.525100		Long: -83.306174	
Ownership Private	Pt	ublic-Local 🛛	Public-State		Public-Federal	Multiple
Property Type			(Insert primary	photograp	h below.)	
Building ⊠ select sub-typ	e below	Structure		WV P		
Commercial						A COLUMN TO SERVICE
Residential 🔯		Object \square		WAN.		
Industrial						The same
Other						1967
Architectural Information						
Construction Date	1860					
Architectural Style						
	Barn				2	
	gabled		200 00 00 00 00	ALL BOOK		
	Asphalt s	shingle		AND STREET		
Exterior Wall Materials	Wood					The second second
	Fieldston	е		100		
	wood					
	Casemer					
Outbuildings	Yes _	No 🗌	_			
Number/Type:						
Eligibility			22			
Individually Criterion Eligible	Α 🗌	Criterion B	Criterion C		Criterion D	
Criteria Considerations:		a. 🗆 b. 🖂	c.	e. 🗍 f. l	□ g. □	
Component of Contribu	ting to a	Non-contribu	The state of the s	strict Nam		
a Historic district		to a district				
District						
Not Eligible						
Area(s) of Significance		ecture				
Period(s) of Significance	1860	Section and the				
Integrity - Does the proper					·	
Location Design		erials Wo	orkmanship 🔯 📗	Setting	🔲 Feeling 🔲 🛭 🗚	Association 🔲
Conoral Integrity	Intact		Altered	Move	d ⊠ Date(s	p):
General Integrity:		er House shed	vitered 🗀	INIOVE	Date(s	5),
Historic Name Current/Common Name			public restrooms			
			Dublic restrooms			
Historic/Original Owner		n Barklay				
Historic Building Use	Barn	restrooms				
Current Building Use		restrooms				
Architect/Engineer/Designer	-					
Builder/Contractor	Possil	bly Josiah Bark	lay			
Survey Date	Re	ecorded By			Agency Report #	
For SHPO Use Only	HPO Coi	ncurrence?: Y	/ N	Date:		

Provide a detailed description of the property, including all character defining features and any accessory resources.

One story, one room shed with fieldstone foundation, wood walls and a gabled roof. Façade includes two bays with the entrance in the right bay and a small single pane wood window in the left bay.

History of the Resource

Provide information on previous owners, land use, construction and alteration dates in a narrative format. <u>This is required</u> for all intensive level surveys and designation and recommended for other identification efforts.

The original property was owned by Hamilton and Lucius Miller from 1848-the mid-1860s; they may have built the home and outbuildings. Charles and Grace Johnston purchased the house in 1901. The farmland surrounding the house was sold off by the Johnston & Kreger families in the 1920s. The Johnston's daughter, Cora Kreger, and her husband Art, were given the house in 1918. Art Kreger was a builder who constructed many homes in Franklin. The Kregers lived in the house until their death in the 1980s. The Kreger's daughter, Maxine Kreger Nelson, inherited the house after their death and lived there until her death in 2006. The Kreger Farmhouse, barn and shed were donated to the Franklin Village Historic Society by the Bauer family, who were the next to own the home. The structures were moved from their location at 26565 Scenic Drive in Franklin Village to the Village Green on December 18, 2008.

Title Search: 1983, C. Kreger to M.V. Kreger/R.C. Kreger; 2008, M.V. Nelson/R.C. Nelson to C.E. Bauer/A.Z. Bauer; currently owned by the Village of Franklin as donated by the Bauer Family in 2008.

Statement of Significance/Recommendation of Eligibility

Provide a detailed explanation of the property's eligibility for the National Register, including an evaluation under at least one of the four criteria, discussion of the seven aspects of integrity, and recommendations about eligibility. <u>This is required</u> for all properties.

This resource is recommended as eligible for inclusion as a contributing resource in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District under Criteria C: Architecture.

The home located at 32325 Franklin Road (historic 26565 Scenic) is an excellent example of rural American architecture in the Greek revival style. It is a typical mid-19th Century Franklin Village upright and wing farmhouse, which is a standard early architectural form throughout the village speaking to the agricultural roots of the area. Despite the fact that the home and outbuildings have been relocated from their original location, because the resource itself has been little altered, the form does evoke a sense of the feeling of what the original building was used for: to house a small farming family in a small village during the mid-1800s.

The home and outbuildings were donated to the Village of Franklin in 2008 as a preservation method. The structures would have been lost to development had they not been relocated to the Village Green area. They are currently used by the community for small gatherings and events. Though no longer directly threatened by development, it is recommended that the structures be listed as eligible to be included in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District due to their association with prominent Franklin community members, as well as being a prime example of the early rural architecture of the Village.

The resource retains integrity under four of the seven aspects, including design, materials, workmanship and association: the design of the original structure remains intact, the structure retains intact historic materials such as siding, windows and foundation; the historic workmanship of the vernacular farmhouse shed has remained

unchanged and matched when repair became necessary; the structure has been and remains to be associated with prominent figures in local history.

The structure does not retain integrity of location, setting, or feeling: the structure has been moved from its original location at 26565 Scenic which has caused the resource to lose all integrity of historic location, setting and feeling. Additionally, the conversion of the shed to a public restroom facility has caused loss of the historic use of the building.

It is recommended that the barn located at the residence at 32325 Franklin Road be added to the Franklin Village Local Historic District as a contributing resource.

References

List references used to research and evaluate the individual property.

Cannon, Bettie Waddell. All About Franklin from Pioneers to Preservation. Michigan: The Franklin Historical Society, 1979.

Oakland County Register of Deeds

Weir, Lynne B. and Mary Grace York. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 1991.

Wendler-Lovell, Jennifer. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 2006.



Michigan SHPO Architectural Properties Identification Form Property Overview and Location

Street Address			26	475 Sceni	c D	rive									
City/Township, State, Zip Code Franklin, MI 480															
County			Oa	akland											
Assessor's Parc				-06-401-0	03										
Latitude/Longitue	de (to the	6 th	decima	al point)	Lá	at: 42.	522076			Lon	ıg: -83.30	8911			
Ownership Pri	vate 🛛		Pu	ıblic-Local			Public-State	e [Puk	olic-Feder	al []	Multiple	
Property Type						(In	sert primary	phe	otogra	oh be	elow.)				
Building X sele	ct sub-tvi	oe b	elow	Structure		77 [W. C. W. TO			13	Cas Marina, 7	ander the	24.		西 斯
Commercial							1. 1. 1			nicklin.	4 2	2 lo			4
Residential	$\overline{\boxtimes}$			Object			Way die -		alute de	13		A. 60	1		
Industrial [•				WE.	7117	100			1		10
Other									to 13 7	8		(E, 9)		T ME	
Architectural Info	ormation							E							
Construction Dat	te	@1	1860: r	emodel 19	40	71			AND COMMENT	17.1	X .	0.1	nn an		
Architectural Sty				Revival		71		Igi		<u>,</u> .				ALC: N	s July
Building Form		На	ll and F	Parlor			Constitution of the Consti	H.		-			0		
Roof Form		Sic	le gabl	e		_	VIZ 100	200							
Roof Materials		_	phalt							-					Carre .
Exterior Wall Ma	terials	Wo	od/we	atherboard	t	711						4		-	
Foundation Mate	rials	Sto	ne, Ce	ement		71					1 500			EN TOTAL	
Window Material	Window Materials Steel								N VIII I	1	115115-6-7			in a	
Window Type	uble hi	ıng, casen	nen	t L											
Outbuildings	es 🖂	No													
Number/Typ	Number/Type: 2/shed				der	n									
		gar	age												
Eligibility															
Individually Eligible	Criterio	n A	\boxtimes	Criterion	В		Criterion	С		Crite	erion D				
Criteria Consider	ations:			a. D). [] c.	d. 🗌	e.	f.		g. 🗌				
Component of	Contribu	uting	to a	Non-con	tribi	uting	Historic D	istri	ct Nan	ne:	Village o	f Fran	nklin	Local	
a Historic	district	\boxtimes		to a distr	ict [Historic I	Distri	ct		
District															
Not Eligible															
Area(s) of Signifi	cance		Archite	ecture											
Period(s) of Sign			1860												
Integrity - Does 1	the prope	rty p	osses	s integrity	in a	ll or so	ome of the 7	7 as	pects?	Ů.					
Location 🛛	Design		Mate	erials	W	orkma	ınship 🔲	Se	etting		Feeling		Ass	sociation	
General Integrity	:		Intact [Τ.	Altered	×		Move	d 🗖		Dat	e(s):		
Historic Name				ock House			_								
Current/Common	Name			t House											
Historic/Original	Owner		John L	.ock											
Historic Building	Use		Reside	ence											
Current Building			Reside												
Architect/Enginee															
Builder/Contracto	or		John E	Brown/Art I	<re< td=""><td>ger</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></re<>	ger									
	2021			corded By			nda D. Davi	s		_ A	gency Re	eport	#		
For SHPO Use C	CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	SLID		currence?					ate:			-	-		

Provide a detailed description of the property, including all character defining features and any accessory resources.

One-and-one-half-story side gabled frame house with varied windows, some double-hung, some casement, with a one-story wing to the east and a one-and-one-half story wing to the west. The façade has three bays with a central entrance covered by a simple portico structure, a large wide bay window to the west of the entrance and a 16-light casement window to the east, the west side of the façade is clad in fieldstone. There is a centrally located fieldstone chimney. The west wing is side gabled, with three bays that each have an 8-light casement window; the west wing is clad in red brick. The east wing is a side gabled seasonal porch with large windows surrounding all elevations as well as an entrance with a small modern porch on the east elevation.

There is a one-and-a-half-story 2 bay brick barn/storage shed on the property. There is also a 3-car side gable modern garage on the property.

History of the Resource

Provide information on previous owners, land use, construction and alteration dates in a narrative format. <u>This is required</u> for all intensive level surveys and designation and recommended for other identification efforts.

It is possible that the core of the center of the home is the remains of a Greek Revival cottage built circa 1864-1870 by John Lock, an English immigrant. Remodeled by local builder Art Kreger in 1940.

Title Search: 1856, R. Adams to H. Cox; 1860, H. Cox to J. Lock; 1864, J. Lock to J. Brown; 1878, M. B. Ferguson to Wm. West; 1911, West to W. Mosher; 1913, W. Mosher to C. Adams; 1916, C. Adams to C. Metcalf; 1921, C. Metcalf to J. Austerberry; 1936, J. Austerberry to J. Allen; 1936, J. Allen to R. Braun; 1944, R. Braun to M. Murphy; 1979, M. Murphy to F.J.Orians; 1994, F.J.Orians/M.Orians to Franklin Foundation; 1998, Franklin Foundation to W.L.Lamott/A.Lamott.

Statement of Significance/Recommendation of Eligibility

Provide a detailed explanation of the property's eligibility for the National Register, including an evaluation under at least one of the four criteria, discussion of the seven aspects of integrity, and recommendations about eligibility. <u>This is required</u> for all properties.

This resource is recommended as eligible for inclusion as a contributing resource in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District under Criteria A: Event (Early Settlement) and under Criteria C: Architecture

26475 Scenic is located on Scenic Drive (formerly Scenic Highway), which appears on the 1857 atlas and may have been a result of the Legislative Act of 1832 that mandated the construction of roads on section lines in townships. The land was purchased in 1860 by early settler John Lock, an immigrant from England classified as a Laborer. John Lock built the first home on the property in 1860, which is purported to be the central core of the structure that stands on this property today. The home is also associated with local builder Art Kreger, who remodeled the structure in 1940.

The resource retains integrity under three of the seven aspects, including historic location, setting, and association. The house sits on its original historic location; the property retains the original setting of the structure on a large wooded lot along a main thoroughfare; the structure retains integrity as having been associated with one of Franklin's early settlers, John Lock, and also with one of Franklin's most prolific builders, Art Kreger.

The resource does not retain integrity of materials, or workmanship as the original structure has been significantly altered and added to at various times throughout history. The resource also does not retain integrity of feeling, as the original structure has been altered beyond immediate recognition.

The resource does retain integrity of design as the Colonial Revival style of the alterations made in 1940 have obtained their own architectural significance since their construction. Many homes in Franklin Village were constructed and remodeled under the Colonial Revival style; thereby making this a significant local architectural style.

It is recommended that the resource located at 26475 Scenic be added to the Franklin Local Historic District as a contributing resource.

References

List references used to research and evaluate the individual property.

Historic Preservation. Intensive Study for 26475 Scenic Drive, 1994.

Oakland County Register of Deeds

Weir, Lynne B. and Mary Grace York. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 1991.

Wendler-Lovell, Jennifer. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 2006.

Michigan SHPO Architectural Properties Identification FormProperty Overview and Location



Street Address		6475 Scenic						
City/Township, State, Zi	Code F	ranklin, MI 4	8025					
County		Dakland						
Assessor's Parcel #	2	4-06-401-00	3					
Latitude/Longitude (to th	e 6 th decim	nal point)	Lat: 42.5	22076		Long: -83.308911		
Ownership Private 🗵] F	Public-Local		Public-State		Public-Federal	Multiple	
Property Type			(Ins	sert primary	photograpi	h below.)		
Building ⊠ select sub-t	pe below	Structure		A 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		Will Design Brooking		C/00200
Commercial	/		_		11.5	THE PARTY OF		
Residential 🖾		Object [7 1 1	2 17 7		THE REAL PROPERTY.	Market Control	HE W
Industrial 🗍		'	_					
Other		74		-30				
Architectural Informatio	n			100	-			
Construction Date	1940						17971	
Architectural Style	Colonial	Revival						4004
Building Form	linear				1			
Roof Form	Gabled							
Roof Materials	shingle			Control of the last	-			
Exterior Wall Materials		icco/wood		TO THE REAL PROPERTY.				100
	shingle							
Foundation Materials	Concrete	e						
Window Materials	Steel							
Window Type	Caseme							
Outbuildings	Yes [No I						
Number/Type:								
Eligibility								
Individually Criterion	on A	Criterion	В	Criterion C		Criterion D		
Eligible								
Criteria Considerations:		a. 🔲 b.			e. 📘 f. [
	ou <u>ting</u> to a	Non-cont		Historic Di	strict Name	e:		
a Historic district	\boxtimes	to a distri	ct 📙					
District		1						
Not Eligible								
Area(s) of Significance	Archi	tecture				1.07		
Period(s) of Significance	1940							
Integrity - Does the prop	erty posse	ss integrity i	n all or so	me of the 7	aspects?		10-	
Location Design	⊠ Ma	terials	Workma	nship 🛚	Setting [Association	
General Integrity:	Intact		Altered		Moved	I ☐ Da	ite(s):	
Historic Name		Lock House						
Current/Common Name		ott House						
Historic/Original Owner		Lock						
Historic Building Use		dence - Barn	1					
Current Building Use		dence – Barr						
Architect/Engineer/Desig								
Builder/Contractor		Brown/Art K	reger					
Survey Date 2021		ecorded By		da D. Davis		Agency Report	#	
For SHPO Use Only		ncurrence?:			Date:			

Provide a detailed description of the property, including all character defining features and any accessory resources.

The barn located at 26475 Scenic Road is constructed in the Colonial Revival style with a concrete foundation, brick walls and an asphalt shingle roof. It is a one-and a half-story gabled roof structure constructed on a linear plan with four bays on the west façade and two bays on the north façade. The north façade includes two carriage style openings with wooden doors hinged at the long edges and each opening from the center. There is a four light casement window in the gable above the carriage doors. The west façade includes two 12 light casement windows in the first two bays, the entryway is located in the third bay, with a wood door that has four lights in the top 1/3rd of the door, and the last bay has another 12 light casement window. There is a slight brick sill under each window.

History of the Resource

Provide information on previous owners, land use, construction and alteration dates in a narrative format. <u>This is required</u> for all intensive level surveys and designation and recommended for other identification efforts.

Barn constructed when property remodeled in 1940.

Title Search: 1856, R. Adams to H. Cox; 1860, H. Cox to J. Lock; 1864, J. Lock to J. Brown; 1878, M. B. Ferguson to Wm. West; 1911, West to W. Mosher; 1913, W. Mosher to C. Adams; 1916, C. Adams to C. Metcalf; 1921, C. Metcalf to J. Austerberry; 1936, J. Austerberry to J. Allen; 1936, J. Allen to R. Braun; 1944, R. Braun to M. Murphy; 1979, M. Murphy to F.J.Orians; 1994, F.J.Orians/M.Orians to Franklin Foundation; 1998, Franklin Foundation to W.L.Lamott/A.Lamott.

Statement of Significance/Recommendation of Eligibility

Provide a detailed explanation of the property's eligibility for the National Register, including an evaluation under at least one of the four criteria, discussion of the seven aspects of integrity, and recommendations about eligibility. <u>This is required</u> for all properties.

This resource is recommended as eligible for inclusion as a contributing resource in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District under Criteria A: Event (Early Settlement) and under Criteria C: Architecture

26475 Scenic is located on Scenic Drive (formerly Scenic Highway), which appears on the 1857 atlas and may have been a result of the Legislative Act of 1832 that mandated the construction of roads on section lines in townships. The land was purchased in 1860 by early settler John Lock, an immigrant from England classified as a Laborer. John Lock built the first home on the property in 1860, which is purported to be the central core of the structure that stands on this property today. The home is also associated with local builder Art Kreger, who remodeled the structure and constructed the barn in 1940.

The resource retains integrity under three of the seven aspects, including historic location, setting, and association: The barn sits on its original historic location; the property retains the original setting of the structure on a large wooded lot along a main thoroughfare; the structure retains integrity as having been associated with one of Franklin's early settlers, John Lock, and also with one of Franklin's most recognized citizens, local builder, Art Kreger.

The resource does retain integrity of materials, workmanship and feeling as the original structure appears unaltered

It is recommended that the resource located at 26475 Scenic be added to the Franklin Local Historic District as a contributing resource.

References

List references used to research and evaluate the individual property.

Historic Preservation. Intensive Study for 26475 Scenic Drive, 1994.

Oakland County Register of Deeds

Weir, Lynne B. and Mary Grace York. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 1991. Wendler-Lovell, Jennifer. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 2006.

Michigan SHPO Architectural Properties Identification FormProperty Overview and Location



Street Address			26	425 Wellin	gto	n Roa	nd						
City/Township, S	tate, Zip	Code	Fra	anklin, MI,	480)25							
County			Oa	ıkland									
Assessor's Parce				-06-252-00	01								
Latitude/Longitud		6th de	ecima	l point)	La	at: 42.	525639		Lo	ong: -83.30	7866		
Ownership Priv	∕ate ⊠		Pu	blic-Local			Public-State		Pι	ublic-Feder	al 🛚	_ Multiple	e 🗌
Property Type						(In	sert primary	photo	graph i	below.)			
Building Select Commercial Residential Industrial Other		e be		Structure Object									
Architectural Info						_						直力所	- 3
Construction Date		1956						(年)	7			12	75
Architectural Style	e		classi	cal					140 J				111
Building Form		U-pla					The state of			THE STATE OF THE S	-	- 1900	4.52
Roof Form			t Gab	le		_	- STEEL		- 1			TO SERVICE	All Property
Roof Materials		Aspl					0.50	alte.	No.			<u>A</u>	
Exterior Wall Mat		Brick								11	· Ja		
Foundation Mater			crete			_							
Window Materials	3		d, ste	el									
Window Type		varie		N.									
Outbuildings Number/Type		Yes	; <u> </u>	No	\boxtimes	- '							
Number Type													
Eligibility				p1.			V.						
Individually Eligible	Criterior	ı A		Criterion	В		Criterion		Cri	terion D			
Criteria Considera	ations:			a. 🛛 b] c.	d. 🗌	e. 🗌	f.	g. 🗌			
Component of a Historic District	Contribu district		to a	Non-cont to a distri			Historic D	istrict I	Name:			nklin Local ct	
Not Eligible					8							7.71 2.15	
Area(s) of Signific	ance	Α	rchite	cture Reli	iaio	n Soc	cial History						
Period(s) of Signif				present	3.0								-
Integrity - Does th					n a	ll or s	ome of the 7	aspec	ts?				-
		X	Mate ⊠				anship 🖂	Settir		Feeling	\boxtimes	Association	\boxtimes
General Integrity:		Ir	ntact 🖸	7	17	Altered		I N	loved [Da	te(s):	
Historic Name				n Commur							100	.0(0).	
Current/Common	Name			n Commur									
Historic/Original C				n Commur									
Historic Building U			hurch										$\overline{}$
Current Building L			hurch										
Architect/Enginee				Donald Ja	cob								
Builder/Contractor	r	R	licher	, Dreyer a	nd	Endre	SS						
	021			corded By			nda D. Davi	S		Agency Re	eport	#	
For SHPO Use Or	nly S	SHPC		currence?:				Date					

Provide a detailed description of the property, including all character defining features and any accessory resources.

Two-story front gabled upright portion Neoclassical style brick church building with 2-story pedimented porch, supported by four Tuscan columns, with wing to the south elevation at the rear of the upright. Pediment has half-circle vent in center and a wide frieze with dentils surrounding all three sides. There is a steeple/bell tower with a cross on top, copper steeple portion, wood bell tower and widow's walk with wood turned railings and a clock in the center of an arched vent. Upright has 6/6 double hung windows, 12/9 arched windows and 2 arched steel casement windows flanking the main entry. Main entrance includes a double-door with an elaborately fluted broken pediment entryway surround. The one-story wing has three bays with a double entry door flanked by a large 12 light window on each side. There is a front gabled1965 addition (Fellowship Hall) to the south, with a pediment broken by an arched multi-light Palladian window. The addition includes a smaller simulacrum of the main bell tower and 9/9 double hung windows flank the entire south elevation.

History of the Resource

Provide information on previous owners, land use, construction and alteration dates in a narrative format. This is required for all intensive level surveys and designation and recommended for other identification efforts.

The property on which the building stands was originally owned by the 2nd landowner of what would become Franklin Village, Elijah Bullock, who purchased the land in 1824. Bullock was a blacksmith who had come to Michigan from New York with his small family.

The Franklin Community Church was originally organized in Franklin in 1840 as the Methodist Protestant Church, meeting in their original location on German Mill and Franklin Road. The congregation grew too large for the original space and the organization purchased land west of the Village Green to build a new church building in 1954. A groundbreaking ceremony was held on December 3, 1954 and the doors of the new Franklin Community Church (name change) were opened in 1956. As the congregation grew, a new fellowship hall addition to the south of the main church building was completed in May 1965.

Statement of Significance/Recommendation of Eligibility

Provide a detailed explanation of the property's eligibility for the National Register, including an evaluation under at least one of the four criteria, discussion of the seven aspects of integrity, and recommendations about eligibility. <u>This is required</u> for all properties.

This resource is recommended as eligible for inclusion as a contributing resource in the Village of Franklin Local Historic District under Criteria C: Architecture.

The Franklin Community Church, located at 26425 Wellington Road, is the oldest continuous organization of any kind in Franklin Village and was one of the first established Methodist Churches in the state of Michigan.

The Franklin Community Church building is an excellent example of a Neoclassical church in a rural community, including a variety of distinctive neoclassical features including the 2-story porch on the main façade supported by four Tuscan columns, the elaborate broken pediment on the main entryway as well as the large multi-light windows. The resource possesses integrity in all 7 aspects: it's location and setting on the Village Green mark the building's importance to the community, it is easily accessible by foot to the main Village and can be seen from many areas of downtown Franklin; the design, materials and workmanship typify the neoclassical style of architecture that can be found on other small rural Michigan churches; the structure's association with the Franklin Community Church and the Methodist Church are intact and remain some of the longest running organizational associations in the greater area.

It is recommended that the Franklin Community Church be added to the Franklin Village Local Historic District as a contributing resource.

References

List references used to research and evaluate the individual property.

Cannon, Bettie Waddell. All About Franklin from Pioneers to Preservation. Michigan: The Franklin Historical Society, 1979.

Franklin Community Church: Consecration Services, 1956. Franklin Community Church. "Our 125th Anniversary," 1965.

Oakland County Register of Deeds

Weir, Lynne B. and Mary Grace York. Village of Franklin Historic and Architectural Survey, 1991.

Michigan SHPO Cultural Landscape Identification Form



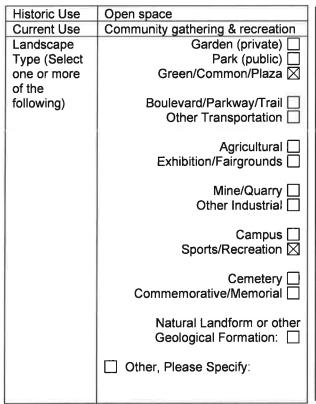
Landscape Overview and Location

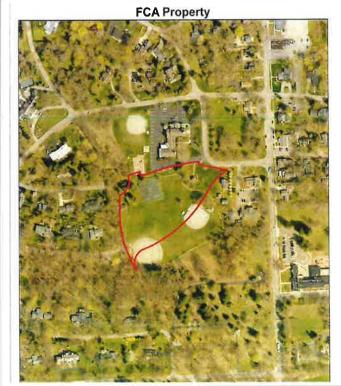
Landscape Historic Name (if applicable)	Village Green
Current/Common Name (if applicable)	Franklin Community Association Property
Boundary Description	T1N,R10E,SEC 6 FRANKLIN VILLAGE LOT 81 TO 88 INCL, ALSO SLY ½ OF VAC CAROL DR ADJ TO LOT 86, ALSO VAC PART OF IRVING RD DESC AS BEG AT PT ON WLY LOT LI OF LOT 75 LOC N 30-45-00 W 80 FT FROM SW COR OF SD LOT 75, TH NLY TO SW COR OF LOT 85, TH ELY ALG NLY R.O.W. LI OF IRVING RD TO PT LOC S 15 FT FROM NE COR OF LOT 81, TH ELY TO PT ON SLY R.O.W. LI OF IRVING RD LOCL WLY 76.64 FT FROM NW COR OF LOT 169, TH WLY ALG SLY R.O.W. LI OF IRVING RD TO BEG 8-21-89 CORR
City, State, Zip Code(s)	Franklin Village, Michigan, 48025
County	Oakland
Total Acres in the Landscape	3.21
Parent Cultural Landscape	
Ownership Private	Public-Local Public-State Public-Federal

Landscape Classification and Type

Landscape ☐ Landscape ⊠	Historic Designed	Historic Vernacular	Ethnographic Landscape	Historic Site	Other 🗌
	Landscape	Landscape ⊠			

(Insert aerial photo with boundaries below.)





National Register Eligibility

Is the landscape listed in the National	Yes	No 🗵	If yes, provide:	Date Listed	i: NF	RIS #:
Register?	15 (-	ton and the trade is		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
				the informatio		
	rion A 🔯	Criterion E		Criterion C	Crite	erion D 🔲
Criteria Considerations:		a. <u> </u>	c	d, 🔲 e. 🔲	f. 🔲 g.	
Not Eligible						
orm date: 6/25/2019						
ational Register Eligibili	ty Continued	I				
Area(s) of Significance						
Period(s) Significance	1945- prese	nt				
, c.,.c.(c) e.gcacc	10 10 p.000					
Integrity - Does the lands	cape possess	integrity in	all or some	of the 7 aspec	ets?	
General Integrity: Intac		Altered [Moved		ate(s):
Location 🛛 Design 🔲	Materials [anship 🔲	Setting 🖂	Feeling 🖂	Association
	Good 🛛		Fair		Poor	· 🗖
Threats to Resource?	None at time	of survey	,			
Survey Date 3 18 2021		TPage	rdod By	Amanda D. Da	ia	

Landscape Description

For SHPO Use Only

Provide a description of the landscape, including general character of the landscape, specific information regarding the landscape characteristics, and the qualities distinguishing the landscape from its surroundings. <u>This is required for all landscapes.</u>

Date:

SHPO Concurrence?: Y / N

Natural Features	
Topography	Well groomed grassy open space with tree line at NW boundary
Vegetation	Shortly cropped grass and few native trees
Water	none
Geology	none
Ecology	none
Climate	
Designed/Cultural Feat	tures
Land use patterns	
	Open green space, community gathering & recreation
Planting patterns	
	none
Boundary	Native tree line at NW boundary, difficult to demarcate other boundaries as there are not
demarcations	physical features designating them as such
Spatial	Small gazebo to North East edge of property, baseball diamonds – one at Eastern
organization/layout	boundary line, one at SW boundary line
Circulation Networks	n/a

Views and vistas	n/a
Water features	n/a
Buildings, structures, and objects*	Gazebo (modern construction- non-contributing), shed (modern construction- non-contributing)
Small-scale elements (markers, statuary, site furnishings)	n/a
Other (including ephemeral qualities – sounds, activities, wildlife, smells, etc.)	

^{*}list and briefly describe each and attach an Architectural Resource Inventory Form for each major resource

History of the Cultural Landscape

Provide a general history that includes the people, trends, and time periods that shaped the landscape over time. This could include information on previous owners, land use, construction and alteration dates in a narrative format. This is required for all intensive level surveys and recommended for other identification efforts.

The Franklin Community Association Property is located on land that was never part of a Master Plan or developed since being platted, which resulted in a grand open space on Franklin Road that is known as the Village Green. Local businessman George Wellington Smith preserved most of this land as open space for years, finally selling off large portions to the Village of Franklin, the Franklin Community Association (FCA) and the Franklin Community Church between the years of 1954 and 1973.

The Franklin Community Association (FCA) property has historically been used as a common gathering and sports/recreational space, utilized by the local community during all seasons for a variety of activities. Several baseball diamonds were added to the north boundary of the property at an unknown date and are used by the community at large. The Village of Franklin shares ownership of these baseball diamond resources with the Franklin Community Association, as they are located along a shared property line between the Village property and the FCA property.

A long running event is held on the FCA property and adjacent areas of the Village Green called the Franklin Village Labor Day Round Up. The event was historically known as the Franklin Fall Festival as well for a period of time during the mid-1940s. This event includes a variety of attractions including games, a petting zoo, picnic foods and other family-friendly fun. The event has been held every year since 1945.

Statement of Significance/Recommendation of Eligibility

Provide a detailed explanation of the landscape's eligibility for the National Register, including an evaluation under the four criteria, discussion of the seven aspects of integrity, and recommendations about eligibility. This is required for all cultural landscapes.

The determination is that this landscape is eligible for inclusion as a contributing resource to the Franklin Village Local Historic District.

The Franklin Community Association (FCA) Property meets Criterion A: Events. The FCA property has been associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history. The community gathering space in the form of the Village Green has been in existence in American landscape design since its introduction in the 1630s in New Haven, CT. The Franklin FCA property encompasses a portion of the larger Village Green area shared by the FCA, the Franklin Community Church and the Village Offices. As such, it has been the center of a variety of long-running historic community focused events, most notably The Labor Day Round Up and community baseball games held on the shared baseball diamonds. The Round Up and other events held across the Village Green throughout the year draw members of the local and surrounding communities to gather in fellowship in a common communal area of the Village. The Round Up, known as the Fall Festival in earlier days, has been held in Franklin on this site for 77 years as of the writing of this report.

In relation to the seven aspects of integrity, the following results have been determined. The FCA Property does retain integrity of historic location only in that it is located on a parcel of land that has not been moved. The FCA Property retains no integrity of design as there was not historically any integrity of design to maintain; this was not, and is not today, a professionally designed landscape. The FCA Property does retain integrity of setting as the parcel of land was historically used as open community gathering space and it is currently used for open community gathering space as well as sports/recreation in the form of modern baseball fields. The FCA Property does not retrain integrity of materials as there are not identifiable materials that have been used to create this landscape. The FCA Property does not retain integrity of workmanship as it is not, and was not historically, planned or maintained as a professionally designed landscape. The FCA Property does retain integrity of feeling only in that it remains virtually an open space upon sight, as it has historically. The FCA Property does not retain integrity of association with any significant person or group throughout the greater history of the area; all historic associations are purely speculative at this point and unable to be corroborated with documentary evidence.

It is for the above reasons that it is recommended that this the FCA Property be included in the Franklin Local Historic District as a contributing resource.

Detailed Site Plan/Map

Provide a full-page site plan or map with important features identified.

N/A

GIS/Locational Information

Please provide the SHPO with GIS shapefiles when available.

N/A

References

List references used to research and evaluate landscape.

Cannon, Bettie Waddell. All About Franklin from Pioneers to Preservation. Michigan: The Franklin Historical Society, 1979.

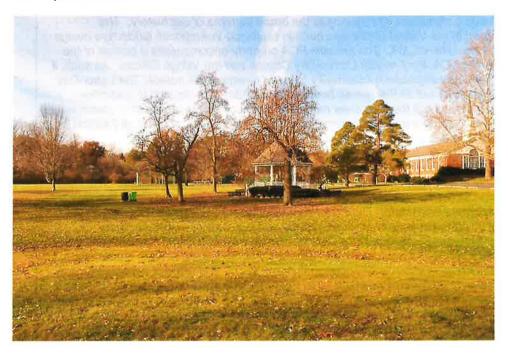
"Fall Festival to Be September 8- 9-10." Franklin Village Crier, 1946.

"Franklin Fall Festival Frolic Features Fun." Franklin Village Crier, 1949.

Oakland County Register of Deeds

Site Photographs

Provide photographs to illustrate the significance of the landscape. These photographs should be two to a page with a brief caption beneath.



FCA Property, view looking north west, 2021



FCA Property, view looking west, boundary of property lies between the two baseball diamonds visible in this image, 2021

Appendix A

Resume

Amanda D. Davis, Historic Preservation Consultant

AMANDA D. DAVIS

1284 Wellesley Drive Mount Clemens, Michigan 48043 Mobile: (586) 322-7880 adavis586@gmail.com

HISTORIC PRESERVATIONIST CULTURAL RESOURCES SPECIALIST PROFESSIONAL PHOTOGRAPHER

Knowledgeable and adaptable historic resources professional with an extraordinary record of providing successful consulting advice to historic communities utilizing proven talents in research, surveying and project management. Professional photographer and business owner skilled in attracting clients, organizational management and creative decision making.

EDUCATION AND CERTIFICATION

Eastern Michigan University; Ypsilanti, Michigan Master of Science in Historic Preservation Planning
University of Michigan – School of Art & Design; Ann Arbor, Michigan Bachelor of Fine Arts in Photography; Magna Cum Laude

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

AMANDA D. DAVIS PHOTOGRAPHY - Mount Clemens, MI

2010 - Present

Owner/Professional Photographer

Established professional photography business to serve clients throughout the Greater Detroit area. Provide services including portraiture, wedding and event photography, architectural and travel photography. Conduct new client development, marketing & promotion, all photographic editing and print sales. Utilize creative software including Lightroom and Photoshop Elements.

VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN - Franklin, MI

2007 - Present

Historic Preservation Consultant

Responsible for providing consulting to the Village of Franklin Historic District Commission during monthly commission meetings and to work on special projects on an as-needed basis. Conduct research on a variety of issues related to historic district design guidelines, ordinances and regulation. Photographically document approved projects completed within the historic district.

- Coordinator of the Certified Local Government (CLG) application process, write & manage CLG grant applications and awards, coordinate CLG annual reporting.
- Lead Member of the Historic District Study Committee for modification of the Franklin Village Local Historic District, completed resurvey of entire Village of Franklin at the reconnaissance level, participated in public meetings, advised HDSC on SHPO procedures, conducted research & completed Michigan SHPO Architectural Properties Identification Forms, prepared final report for submission to the SHPO, continue to manage modification process and procedures.

THE MANNIK AND SMITH GROUP, INC. – Maumee, OH

2007/2009

Cultural Resources Specialist

Chosen by the Cultural Resources arm of this respected full-service engineering consulting firm to serve as a consultant on historic preservation-related projects. Conducted reconnaissance surveys, research and report writing for historic communities in Michigan.

- Collaborated with a team to survey over 2000 residential properties over 50 years of age within Orion Township and determined the level of historic integrity for each structure, which assisted the Township with rewriting their Master Plan.
- Conducted survey of Marine City Water Works (Marine City, MI), including photographing the structure and preparing a Historic Context and Statement of Architectural Significance to be utilized in determining eligibility for the National Register as part of the Section 106 review process.

MOTOR CITIES AUTOMOBILE NATIONAL HERITAGE AREA – Detroit, Michigan

2004

Contract Photographer

Conducted photographic documentation of historic and cultural sites in associated with the automobile in Southeast Michigan. Produced 35mm color and black and white photography, digital photography as well as print editing with Adobe Photoshop 7.0.

VILLAGE OF FRANKLIN - Franklin, Michigan

2002

Student Consultant

Student Consultant for the Village of Franklin NRHP Boundary Increase (2005) directly related to the Preservation Research Techniques class of Eastern Michigan University's Historic Preservation Graduate Program. Responsible for researching residential and commercial properties in Michigan's first nationally registered historic district to assist the community with the revision of their original national register nomination forms. Conducted Land Patent, chain of title, archival and genealogical research on each property and its owners throughout history.

EASTERN MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY HISTORIC PRESERVATION FIELD SCHOOL – Fayette, Michigan

2002

Field School Participant

Involved with the restoration of an 1890s Supervisor's Home at the Fayette National Historic Site in Garden, MI. Tasks included foundation stabilization and rebuilding, preparing and applying wet plaster, both patches and whole wall surfaces, as well as the completion of several detailed scale drawings of the interior wall surface of the building. Also participated in interpretive exercises for this property.

CITY OF SYLVANIA - Sylvania, Ohio

2002

Student Consultant

Participated in the first historic resource survey for the City of Sylvania as part of the EMU Historic Preservation Graduate Program. This survey was used to assist the city with the process of designating official local historic districts and individual resources. Conducted extensive research on three residential and two commercial properties. Utilized Sanborn Insurance Maps to complete a reconnaissance level survey of the proposed historic districts. Completed both the National Register of Historic Places Application and the Historic American Buildings Survey (HABS) report for one of the most significant commercial structures in the community, the Chandler Hardware Building.

NA'ALEHU THEATRE GROUP – Na'alehu, Hawaii

2001

Grant Writing Intern/Summer "Alu Like" Moderator

Served as the intern for this small non-profit organization located in an historic Art Deco plantation movie theater on the island of Hawaii. Primary duties included fundraising and non-profit administration experience. Responsible for attending Ka'u District planning meetings to observe small-town community dynamics as well as the overall planning process.

- Conducted extensive research before beginning the internship, which concentrated on Hawaiian history and government, geography and geology and cultural and land rights issues.
- Participated in the writing and submission of a successful capacity building grant through HUD's Research and Development Department, which resulted in an award of \$90,000 to the Na'alehu Theatre Group.
- Wrote a grant application to the Hawaii Tourism Authority requesting funds to be used in cultural education, skills training for local youth and theater enhancement programs.
- Successfully marketed and sold advertising space in a local history brochure to Ka'u District business owners, which assisted 4-H youth in the creation of a program to support children's acting classes.

		20