

CITY OF LOWELL, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
Basic Financial Statements	
0	
Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Activities	10-11
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds	12
to the Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	13
Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	16 17
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	18
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund	19
Notes to Financial Statements	21-45
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	47
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	48
Budget and Actual - Designated Contributions Fund Defined Benefit Pension Plan	40
Schedule of Changes in Employers Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	49
Schedule of Employer Contributions	50
City of Lowell Retiree Health Care Plan	F4
Schedule of Changes in Employers Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Employer Contributions	51 52
Lowell Light and Power Utility Retiree Health Care Plan	52
Schedule of Changes in Employers Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Employer Contributions	53 54
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
General fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	55-57
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	58-59
Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	60-61
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and	
Actual - Major Streets Fund	62

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Local Streets Fund	63
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Historic District Commission Fund	64
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - LCTV Endowment Fund	65
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Lee Memorial Fund	66
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Look Memorial Fund	67
Internal Service Funds	00
Combining Statement of Net Position	68
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	69
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	70
Component Units	
Downtown Development Authority	
Balance Sheet / Statement of Net Position	71
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance / Statement of Activities	72

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

November xx, 2020

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lowell, Michigan

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lowell, Michigan (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lowell, Michigan, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 8 and the required supplementary information on pages 47 through 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lowell, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

City of Lowell, Michigan Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Lowell (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Financial Highlights

The financial statements, which follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis, provide these significant key financial highlights for the 2020 fiscal year as follows:

- No new debt was issued and principal payments of \$935,146 were made on outstanding debt.
- · Completed the SAW grant funded sewer system infrastructure assessment project.
- Began construction of the new showboat.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include wastewater, water, light and power and airport operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority (DDA) for which the City is financially accountable. Information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general and designated contributions funds which are considered major funds. Data is combined into a single aggregated presentation for the other governmental funds (non-major governmental funds). Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general and special revenue funds to demonstrate legal compliance.

Proprietary funds The City maintains four separate enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its wastewater, water, and light and power activity, as well as nonmajor airport operations. Internal service funds are accounting devices used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City utilizes internal service funds to account for its data processing and equipment usage. Because these services primarily benefit the City's governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer, water, and light and power operations, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, nonmajor enterprise funds and internal service funds are combined into single, aggregate presentations in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this discussion and analysis, required pension and OPEB schedules and the general fund budget and actual presentation. Supplemental information follows the required OPEB schedules and includes combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,023,961 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following chart illustrates the composition of net position.

City of Lowell Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 5,554,236	\$ 5,007,040	\$ 9,168,407	\$10,099,304	\$14,722,643	\$15,106,344
Capital assets	9,360,492	8,780,601	18,474,044	17,668,973	27,834,536	26,449,574
Total assets	14,914,728	13,787,641	27,642,451	27,768,277	42,557,179	41,555,918
Deferred outflows	382,211	593,787	408,238	539,450	790,449	1,133,237
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	526,212	251,586	1,392,722	1,128,218	1,918,934	1,379,804
Long-term liabilities	7,046,838	7,777,388	10,357,895	11,358,245	17,404,733	19,135,633
Total liabilities	7,573,050	8,028,974	11,750,617	12,486,463	19,323,667	20,515,437
Net position						
Net investment in capital						
Assets	5,997,148	5,067,630	11,403,605	11,593,506	17,400,753	16,661,136
Restricted	3,827,964	3,381,304	259,253	259,253	4,087,217	3,640,557
Unrestricted	(2,101,223)	(2,096,480)	4,637,214	3,968,505	2,535,991	1,872,025
Total net position	\$ 7,723,889	\$ 6,352,454	\$16,300,072	\$15,821,264	\$24,023,961	\$22,173,718

The largest portion of the City's net position in the amount of 72% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position in the amount of 17% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position in the amount of \$2,535,991 or 11%, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole, and the business-type activities. Governmental activities unrestricted net position reports a deficit of \$2,101,223.

Statement of Activities The City's total revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was \$15,234,675 while total cost of all programs and services was \$13,251,690. This results in an increase in net position of \$1,982,985. The increase is lower than the 2019 increase as a result of lower grants and contributions received for the showboat project which is in the construction phase. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the years ended June 30.

City of Lowell Changes in Net Position

	Governmenta	I Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 232,525	\$ 282,113	\$10,840,554	\$10,884,913	\$11,073,079	\$11,167,026		
Operating grants and contributions	1,315,300	811,483	78	141	1,315,300	811,483		
Capital grants and contributions	528,749	1,741,909	165,010	296,307	693,759	2,038,216		
General revenues								
Property taxes	1,641,286	1,580,774	1/22	120	1,641,286	1,580,774		
State shared revenues	387,851	402,241	199	9.0	387,851	402,24		
Investment earnings	20,434	18,124	54,771	62,579	75,205	80,703		
Other	38,653	63,611	9,542	14,650	48,195	78,26		
Total revenues	4,164,798	4,900,255	11,069,877	11,258,449	15,234,675	16,158,704		
Expenses								
General government	863,440	989,910	-	≘ * 0	863,440	989,910		
Public safety	1,215,303	1,169,334	2		1,215,303	1,169,33		
Public works	266,768	656,319	8		266,768	656,31		
Culture and recreation	365,750	318,953		9#1	365,750	318,95		
Highways and streets	244,023	308,509	2	989	244,023	308,50		
LCTV endowment	89,629	79,371			89,629	79,37		
Interest on long-term debt	113,022	119,177	-	()	113,022	119,17		
Wastewater	E	S#3	1,296,653	1,355,849	1,296,653	1,355,84		
Water		254	1,332,276	1,141,723	1,332,276	1,141,72		
Light and power			7,391,762	7,587,710	7,391,762	7,587,71		
Airport		141	73,064	78,816	73,064	78,81		
Total expenses	3,157,935	3,641,573	10,093,755	10,164,098	13,251,690	13,805,67		
Increase (decrease) before transfers	1,006,863	1,258,682	976,122	1,094,351	1,982,985	2,353,03		
Transfers in (out)	364,572	364,152	(364,572)	(364,152)	(#3			
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,371,435	1,622,834	611,550	730,199	1,982,985	2,353,03		
Net position – beginning	6,352,454	4,729,620	15,688,522	15,091,065	22,040,976	19,820,68		
Net position – ending	\$7,723,889	\$6,352,454	\$16,300,072	\$15,821,264	\$24,023,961	\$22,173,71		

Governmental Activities During the year the City invested \$1,215,303 or 38% in public safety. General government expenses were \$863,440 or 27% of governmental activities, while public works, culture and recreation, highways and streets, LCTV endowment, and interest on long-term debt made up the remaining 35% of governmental activities. The preceding table shows that the governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,371,435 during this fiscal year. The increase is primarily the result of capital grants related to the showboat.

Business type activities net position at 7/1/19 was restated downward by \$132,742 to reflect the City's share of the purchase power asset retirement obligation as required by GASB Statement No. 83.

Business-type Activities Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$611,550 during the year. This increase is primarily the result of reduced revenue and costs.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,179,596 an increase of \$614,892 from the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$1,187,676. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 41% of total general fund expenditures including transfers out.

Fund balance of the designated contributions fund was \$1,922,545 an increase of \$149,040 primarily due to grant funding.

Proprietary funds The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City of Lowell's enterprise operations consist of four separate and distinct activities. The wastewater, water, light and power, and airport funds provide service to most residents and businesses of the City. The wastewater and water funds reported decreased net position of \$85,882 and \$125,316 respectively while the light and power fund increased net position by \$820,578. The airport fund experienced an increase in net position of \$2,170. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

 The general fund budgeted revenues were increased slightly for unexpected revenue sources and the City Manager budget was increased to reflect the extent of environmental and engineering costs associated with the Ware Road project.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020, amounted to \$27,834,536 (net of accumulated depreciation). Of this amount, \$9,360,492 was for its governmental activities and \$18,474,044 was for its business-type activities. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment and vehicles, and infrastructure.

Significant current year additions included upgrades to the electric systems, and showboat construction costs.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to these financial statements.

Long-term debt At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$17,404,733. Of this amount, \$7,046,838 was for governmental activities while \$10,357,895 was for business-type activities. The balance of noncurrent bonds payable at year end was \$8,242,987. Principal payments during the year were \$935,146.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to these financial statements.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to these financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2020-2021 fiscal year:

- · Modest increase in property values and property taxes
- Reduced state shared sales tax, state gas and weight tax and Lowell Light & Power PILOT revenue.
- Slight inflation in expenditures.
- Retirement unfunded liabilities are a continued concern for the administration.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Treasurer, City of Lowell, 301 East Main Street, Lowell, MI 49331.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

		3423	
		it	Downtown Development
Activities	Activities	Total	Authority
\$ 4,320,335	\$ 4,782,385	\$ 9,102,720	\$ 427,462
988,022	1,046,337	2,034,359	1
78.749	1,350,967	1,429,716	1.0
		29.227	(A)
5 919		550,000,000	- 2
	+	50,500,000,000,000	
120,500	278 063	The state of the s	.€
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32 336			1.7
		453 357	
5,4,7	111,000	100,001	
	125 156	425 156	<u> </u>
	425,150	420,100	
EG0 460	422 640	1 001 079	452,306
			452,500
			4 007 004
8,759,453	16,880,294	25,639,747	1,027,634
14,914,728	27,642,451	42,557,179	1,907,402
335,527	408,238	743,765	
46,684		46,684	
382,211	408,238	790,449	
130 812	431.932	562.744	2,902
		\$1000 mm 1000 mm 1	7,514
00,0.12		5/5/5/6/5/5/5/5/	.,
7.086			2
1,000	0.226		
200 765		the second secon	
200,705	034,449	523,214	
	474.500	474 500	
8/1,416	1,460,571	2,331,987	405.000
2.44	20,400	70 170	165,000
	The second secon		2,068
3,012,380			
			2
3,121,263	5,121,724	8,242,987	
7,573,050	11,750,617	19,323,667	177,484
5,997,148	11,403,605	17,400,753	1,314,940
	WWW.WC2+57+11225		
837,299		837,299	
82,201	E	82,201	
477,070	2		=
		1,922,545	
	259 253		
2,855	255,255	202, 100	
38 094	€	38.094	
	-		
	4,637,214	2,535,991	414,978
	\$ 4,320,335 988,022 78,749 5,919 120,398 32,336 8,477 568,460 32,579 8,759,453 14,914,728 335,527 46,684 382,211 130,812 99,549 7,086 288,765 871,416 41,779 3,012,380 3,121,263 7,573,050 5,997,148 837,299 82,201 477,070 1,922,545 2,855 38,094 467,900	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities \$ 4,320,335 988,022 1,046,337 78,749 1,350,967 29,227 5,919 678,728 120,398 -	Activities Activities Total \$ 4,320,335 \$4,782,385 \$9,102,720 \$988,022 \$1,046,337 \$2,034,359 78,749 \$1,350,967 \$1,429,716 \$29,227 \$29,227 \$5,919 \$678,728 \$684,647 \$120,398 \$120,398 \$120,398 \$120,398 \$120,398 \$120,398 \$120,398 \$120,398 \$165,000 \$165,000 \$32,336 \$32,336 \$32,336 \$4,77 \$444,880 \$453,357 \$444,880 \$453,357 \$444,880 \$453,357 \$1,161,132 \$1,193,711 \$8,759,453 \$16,880,294 \$25,639,747 \$14,914,728 \$27,642,451 \$42,557,179 \$35,527 \$408,238 \$743,765 \$46,684 \$382,211 \$408,238 \$790,449 \$130,812 \$431,932 \$562,744 \$99,549 \$120,345 \$219,894 \$196,670 \$196,670 \$7,086

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				P	rogr	am Revenue	s				
				Charges	Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and		Net (Expense)		
Functions/Programs	<u> </u>	xpenses	fc	r Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Revenue	
Primary government											
Governmental activities					1				•	(004 F0C)	
General government	\$	863,440	\$	138,779	\$	403,075	\$	=	\$	(321,586)	
Public safety		1,215,303		72,196				-		(1,143,107)	
Public works		266,768		6,500		4,699				(255,569)	
Culture and recreation		365,750		6,105		340,722		528,749		509,826	
Highways and streets		244,023		8,945		457,004		<u>~</u>		221,926	
LCTV endowment		89,629		2		109,800		=		20,171	
Interest on long-term debt	-	113,022		-	-	<u> </u>	-		_	(113,022)	
Total governmental activities		3,157,935	_	232,525	-	1,315,300	-	528,749	-	(1,081,361	
Business-type activities										VEST-000	
Wastewater		1,296,653		1,051,990		ŝ		165,010		(79,653	
Water		1,332,276		1,184,635		2		=		(147,641	
Light and power		7,391,762		8,528,929		~				1,137,167	
Airport	-	73,064	-	75,000			-		-	1,936	
Total business-type activities	-	10,093,755	_	10,840,554	-		_	165,010	_	911,809	
Total primary government	\$	13,251,690	\$	11,073,079	\$	1,315,300	\$	693,759	\$	(169,552	
Component unit											
Downtown Development Authority	\$	549,422	\$		\$		\$		\$	(549,422	
Total component unit	\$	549,422	\$		\$		\$		\$	(549,422	

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Pr	Component Unit						
		vernmental Activities	Bu	siness-type Activities	.,,,	Total	Development Authority		
Changes in net assets						and the control of th			
Net (expense) revenue	\$	(1,081,361)	\$	911,809	\$	(169,552)	\$	(549,422)	
General revenues									
Property taxes		1,641,286		12		1,641,286		549,129	
Franchise fees		38,153				38,153		=	
State shared revenues - unrestricted		387,851				387,851		<u> </u>	
Unrestricted investment earnings		20,434		54,771		75,205		7,268	
Other general revenues		500		9,542		10,042			
Transfers - internal activities	-	364,572	-	(364,572)	-	95.	-		
Total general revenues and transfers	_	2,452,796	-	(300,259)		2,152,537	100	556,397	
Change in net position		1,371,435		611,550		1,982,985		6,975	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	7 7	6,352,454	_	15,688,522	=	22,040,976		1,722,943	
Net position, end of year	\$	7,723,889	\$	16,300,072	\$	24,023,961	\$	1,729,918	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2020

		General		esignated ntributions		Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Assets Cash and pooled investments Investments Accounts receivable Prepaid items Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$	1,297,506 5,919 32,336 55,648	\$	1,873,137 - 78,749 - -	\$	1,008,353 988,022 - - - 64,750	\$	4,178,996 988,022 78,749 5,919 32,336 120,398
Total assets	\$	1,391,409	\$	1,951,886	\$	2,061,125	\$	5,404,420
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	84,471	\$	29,341	\$	9,859	\$	123,671
Accrued liabilities	177	85,979		-		3,932		89.911
Due to other governments	_	7,086	-	-		-,	_	7,086
Total liabilities	-	177,536	-	29,341		13,791		220,668
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable receivables		4,156					-	4,156
Fund balances Nonspendable								
Permanent fund corpus				9.		467,900		467,900
Prepaid items		5,919		E		124		5,919
Restricted						837,299		837,299
Streets						82.201		82,201
Historic District Commission				- R		33,910		33,910
Cemetery operations and maintenance				1,922,545		481,254		2,403,799
City enhancement		16,122		1,922,343		401,204		16,122
Police seizures Debt service		10,122		=		2,855		2,855
Committed								10100And11124m50m
City enhancement				2		105,392		105,392
Assigned		(#)		-		36,523		36,523
Unassigned	2	1,187,676	-		-). 	1,187,676
Total fund balances	-	1,209,717	-	1,922,545		2,047,334	0	5,179,596
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	5,179,596
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Add - land		568,460
Add - construction in progress		32,579
Add - capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		8,338,263
Pension contributions, deferred outflows and deferred charges not reported in the funds.		
Add - pension deferred outflows		332,903
Add - deferred charge on refunding		46,684
Certain assets are not due and receivable in the current period and therefore are offset with deferred inflows in the funds.		
Add - long-term receivables		4,156
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of centralized costs, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities.		
Add - net position of governmental activities accounted for in the internal service funds		370,098
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Deduct - compensated absences payable		(41,162
Deduct - OPEB obligation		(864,601)
Deduct - long-term debt payable		(3,245,000)
Deduct - net pension liability		(2,988,820
Deduct - accrued interest on bonds payable	-	(9,267)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	7,723,889

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		General		esignated ntributions		lonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Revenues					120		200	
Taxes	\$	1,708,925	\$	=======================================	\$		\$	1,708,925
Intergovernmental revenues								
State		387,851		500,000		518,577		1,406,428
Local		316,123		5		5.7		316,123
Licenses and permits		77,903						77,903
Charges for services		108,985		9		6,500		115,485
Investment earnings		19,272		22,017		27,158		68,447
Contributions and donations		3,911		284,567		162,186		450,664
Miscellaneous	_	3,570	-		-	14,984		18,554
Total revenues		2,626,540	_	806,584		729,405	_	4,162,529
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		799,778		16,259		94,687		910,724
Public safety		1,034,858						1,034,858
Public works		207,915				-		207,915
Culture and recreation		256,204		681,456		28,302		965,962
Highways and streets				-		405,273		405,273
Other functions		3,364		-		1/2/3/ATT/1/32		3,364
Debt service		0,00						2122
Principal				_		215,000		215,000
Interest	,			<u> </u>		114,113		114,113
Total expenditures	_	2,302,119		697,715	_	857,375		3,857,209
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	324,421	_	108,869		(127,970)		305,320
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		412,956		40,171		483,382		936,509
Transfers out	1	(538,382)			-	(88,555)	_	(626,937
Total other financing sources (uses)		(125,426)	-	40,171	-	394,827		309,572
Net changes in fund balances		198,995		149,040		266,857		614,892
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	1,010,722	_	1,773,505	-	1,780,477	_	4,564,704
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,209,717	\$	1,922,545	\$	2,047,334	\$	5,179,596

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 614,892
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Add - capital outlay	934,975
Deduct - depreciation expense	(340,982)
Some receivables are long-term in nature and are collectable over several years. However the current receipts are reflected as revenues on the fund statements.	
Add - change in personal property tax receivable	1,232
Issuance of bonds or notes provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond or note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Add - principal payments on debt	215,000
Deduct - amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(6,614
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Add - decrease in compensated absences	6,715
Deduct - increase in OPEB obligation	(73,595
Add - decrease in net pension liability	130,024
Deduct - decrease in deferred outflows for pension Add - decrease in accrued interest	(192,349 1,091
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	
Add - increase in net position from the internal service funds	 81,046
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,371,435

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

											vernmental Activities
			Enterpris					0.	Enterprise		Internal
					Light and		on-major		Fund		Service
Assets	Wastewater		Water		Power	(Airport)		Total		<u>Funds</u>
Current assets									1 700 705		
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,958,199	\$	1,516,364	\$	1,277,486	\$	30,336	\$	4,782,385	2	141,339
Investments	(40)		-		1,046,337				1,046,337		-
Restricted cash and pooled investments	3		-		190,830		-		190,830		-
Accounts receivable	138,057		184,457		1,025,998		2,455		1,350,967		
Prepaid items	90				674,953		3,775		678,728		-
Inventory			94,301		350,579				444,880		8,477
201 00000000000000000000000000000000000											
Total current assets	2,096,256	-	1,795,122	_	4,566,183		36,566	-	8,494,127		149,816
Noncurrent assets											
Restricted cash and pooled investments					234,326				234,326		
Special assessments long-term	29,227		-				31.		29,227		
Advance to MPPA	97 50		9		278,063		190		278,063		
Advance to DDA					165,000		14		165,000		
Capital assets									0=67565		
Land	4,500		109,908		259,157		59.053		432,618		
	4,000		100,000		1,161,132		00,000		1,161,132		
Construction in progress Capital assets, net	3,387,167		3,557,979		9,709,883		225,265		16,880,294		421,190
2-50 F-92-02-03-04-04-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-05-		-		-				-		_	
Total noncurrent assets	3,420,894	-	3,667,887	-	11,807,561		284,318	7	19,180,660	_	421,190
otal assets	5,517,150		5,463,009	_	16,373,744	_	320,884		27,674,787	-	571,006
Deferred outflows of resources											
Pension related	25,774	_	100,672	_	281,792	-	-	-	408,238	-	2,624
iabilities											
Current liabilities											
Accounts payable	20,861		26,349		383,535		1,187		431,932		7,14
Accrued liabilities	18,680		26,392		75,273		- Al (2)		120,345		37
Due to other funds	N. Problems		***************************************		32,336		100		32,336		
Customer deposits			8,285		188,385				196,670		
Unearned revenue	-		0,200		100,000		9,326		9,326		
Current portion of long-term debt	70,000		30,000	_	534,449	_	3,525	_	634,449	_	88,76
Total current liabilities	109,541		91,026		1,213,978		10,513		1,425,058		96,277
Total current habilities	100,541		31,020		1,210,010		10,010		1,120,000		33,211
Long-term liabilities									100000		
Premium on bonds	117,571		54,015		€		-		171,586		5
Net pension liability	231,396		903,839		2,299,637				3,434,872		23,560
Net OPEB obligation	66,938		261,461		1,132,172		3.5		1,460,571		6,815
Asset retirement obligation	(*)		-		132,742		200		132,742		
Compensated absences	2,454		11,504		22,442				36,400		617
Bonds payable, net of current portion	2,016,000		864,000		2,241,724	_	-		5,121,724		76,26
Total long-term liabilities	2,434,359		2,094,819	_	5,828,717			_	10,357,895		107,255
otal liabilities	2,543,900		2,185,845		7,042,695		10,513		11,782,953		203,532
let position	4 400 600		0 740 070		7 244 245		204 240		11 402 605		250 100
Net investment in capital assets	1,188,096		2,719,872		7,211,319		284,318		11,403,605		256,162
Restricted for revenue bond retirement	÷:				259,253		I large constitution		259,253		440.00
					A 4 4 5 5 5 5						
Unrestricted	1,810,928		657,964	-	2,142,269	-	26,053	-	4,637,214		113,936

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Euta	a Eurodo		Enterprise	Governmental Activities Internal
		Enterpri	se Funds Light and	Non-major	Fund	Service
	Wastewater	Water	Power	(Airport)	Total	Funds
Operating revenue		The same	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		0 40 700 500	e 200 703
Charges for services	\$ 1,051,990	\$ 1,184,635	\$ 8,408,965	\$ 75,000	\$ 10,720,590	\$ 306,723
Other	4,026	5,516	119,964		129,506	
Total operating revenue	1,056,016	1,190,151	8,528,929	75,000	10,850,096	306,723
Operating expense		- 4				
Treatment	718,398	427,014			1,145,412	9
Transmission and distribution	113,596	294,099	6,684,949		7,092,644	
Customer accounts	82,809	86,071	140	91	168,880	
Administrative and general	124,399	150,522	V.25	56,350	331,271	195,195
Change in benefit liability	89,557	164,160	1.5	3	253,717	(61,116)
Depreciation	92,388	178,083	655,015	16,714	942,200	143,494
Total operating expense	1,221,147	1,299,949	7,339,964	73,064	9,934,124	277,573
Operating income (loss)	(165,131)	(109,798)	1,188,965	1,936	915,972	29,150
Non-operating revenue (expense)						
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(8)		28,007		28,007	
Investment earnings	(10,255)	16,809	47,983	234	54,771	1,162
Interest expense	(75,506)	(32,327)	(79,805)		(187,638)	(4,266
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	(85,761)	(15,518)	(3,815)	234	(104,860)	(3,104
Income (loss) before transfers and capital items	(250,892)	(125,316)	1,185,150	2,170	811,112	26,046
Transfers and capital						
Capital grants	165,010		3		165,010) <u>@</u>
Transfers in	E					55,000
Transfers out			(364,572)		(364,572)	
Total transfers and capital	165,010		(364,572)		(199,562	55,000
Changes in net assets	(85,882)	(125,316)	820,578	2,170	611,550	81,046
Net assets, beginning of year, as restated	3,084,906	3,503,152	8,792,263	308,201	15,688,522	289,052
						\$ 370,098

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				\								vernmental Activities
				Enterpris	se F	unds				Enterprise		Internal
	10	astewater		Water		Light and Power		lon-major (Airport)	5	Fund Total		Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities	V	astewater		vacer		LOWE	7	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		1000		
Receipts from customers and users	S	1,405,580	S	1,165,848	\$	8,387,151	\$	76,527	\$	11,035,106	\$	
Receipts from internal services provided	•	3,100,000				3		=:				306,723
		88,377		(301,728)		(1,657,107)				(1,870,458)		(87,742)
Payments to employees		(1,209,152)		(774,167)		(4,959,500)		(58,189)		(7,001,008)		(107,532)
Payments to suppliers		(1,200,102)	_	(114,101)	-	(4,000,000)		(00,100)		(11-2-11-2-2)	-	1111111111
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	,	284,805	-	89,953	-	1,770,544	_	18,338	=	2,163,640	-	111,449
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities										100		55,000
Transfers in		-						-		(004 570)		33,000
Transfers out	-		-	-	-	(364,572)	-		_	(364,572)	_	-
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital												
financing activities	-		_	72	_	(364,572)	_		=	(364,572)		55,000
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				1								
Principal paid on long-term debt		(70,000)		(30,000)		(532,203)		€		(632,203)		(87,943
Interest expense		(84,688)		(36,438)		(76,064)		-		(197, 190)		(4,266
Proceeds on sale of capital assets		47,406				43,511		=		90,917		1.6
Capital grants		165,010		1		3.7		-		165,010		1.9
Acquisitions of capital assets		(19,168)		(12,463)		(1,778,550)		-	_	(1,810,181)	_	(129,392
A												
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	-	38,560	73	(78,901)		(2,343,306)	_		=	(2,383,647)	-	(221,601
Cash flows from investing activities												
Purchase of investments				1000 m 10		(22,431)				(22,431)		V. Webber
Interest income	_	(10,255)	_	16,809	-	47,982	-	235	-	54,771	_	1,162
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(10,255)	_	16,809	_	25,551		235	. –	32,340		1,162
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments		313,110		27,861		(911,783)		18,573		(552,239)		(53,990
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year		1,645,089		1,488,503	_	2,614,425		11,763		5,759,780		195,329
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$	1,958,199	\$	1,516,364	\$	1,702,642	\$	30,336	\$	5,207,541	\$	141,339
					-	3-						
Cash flows from operating activities				'\								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(165, 131)	\$	(109,798)	\$	1,188,965	\$	1,936	\$	915,972	\$	29,150
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)		1.150 W-1.150 C.F.		(4300,000								
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities												
Depreciation		92,388		178,083		655,015		16,714		942,200		143,494
Deferred outflows of resources		(4,822)		34,735		101,299		12		131,212		12,613
Change in net OPEB obligation		(12,610)		29,619		(205,726)		14		(188,717)		(6,816
Change in net pension liability		106,989		99,806		121,595		8		328,390		(66,913
Change in operating assets and liabilities												
which provided (used) cash												
Accounts receivable		127,171	-	(26,103)	66	(65,040)		1,975		38,003		
Due from other governmental units		125,579		1,500,000		AT-150574		158116 12		125,579		
				3,339		23,528		4		26,867		(1,181
Inventory				0,000		112,748		(649)	ê	112,099		2000000
Prepaid assets and other items		96,814		-		112,140		(048)		96,814		
Special assessments long-term		90,014		4 900		(76,738)				(74,938)		
Customer deposits		(00.000)		1,800	60			(1,190)		(291,784)		2.80
Accounts payable		(80,393)		(124,656)		(85,545)		(1,190	Ĉ	(501,194)		2,00
Due to other governmental units		(EAE)		1 220		/E 2301				(4,555)		26
Accrued liabilities		(545)		1,228		(5,238)			i.			20
Unearned revenue Compensated absences		(635)		1,900		5,681		(448)		(448) 6,946		(1,969
AND TO SEASON WE WANTED WAY SATISFAN	5		040		5		2004	USW VOCAL	1 00		100	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	284,805	\$	89,953	\$	1,770,544	\$	18,338	\$	2,163,640	\$	111,449

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

JUNE 30, 2020

		ency ind
Assets		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	
Total assets	\$	= =
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	9 5 2
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-1	
Total liabilities	\$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Lowell, Michigan (the "City") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations, so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the City.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the Downtown Development Authority (DDA). This component unit provides improvement to the downtown district. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

The DDA was created to correct and prevent deterioration and to promote economic growth within the downtown area. The DDA governing body consists of individuals that are appointed by the City's Council. The City Council approves the DDA's budget and has the ability to significantly influence operations of the DDA. Financial statements are not separately issued for the DDA.

Blended Component Unit

The Building Authority is an entity legally separated from the City. For financial reporting purposes, the Building Authority is reported as if it were part of the City's operations because its purpose is to acquire, construct, and equip public buildings on behalf of the City. The Building Authority is presented as a nonmajor debt service fund.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are changes between enterprise functions and other various functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for reimbursement-based grants, state shared revenue and interest which use a one year collection period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Taxes, state revenue, licenses, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for services. The principal operating revenues of the City's internal service funds are charges to City departments for data processing and equipment. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include depreciation on capital assets, labor, supplies and contracted services. Operating expenses for the internal funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Designated Contributions Fund* is used to account for the collection of restricted grants and contributions and the expenditure of these balance for their restricted purposes. At year end the primary balance in this fund was restricted for the showboat project.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's wastewater department that provides sewer services on a user charge basis.

The Water Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's water department that provides water services on a user charge basis.

The Light and Power Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's electrical utility on a user charge basis.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than permanent trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The *Permanent Funds* are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal may be used for purposes that support the City programs.

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations of the City that are financed by charges for the services provided.

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for data processing services and equipment usage provided to the City departments and funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Agency Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of property taxes that are collected on behalf of outside governments or other parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Comparisons to budget are presented for the general and special revenue funds. General and select special revenue funds adopt a legal budget with remaining funds maintaining budgets as a management control device. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to make budget transfers within an activity. The legal level of budgetary control is the activity level.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed for the governmental fund types as a management control device. Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Annual budgets lapse at fiscal vear-end.
- 6. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the City are governed by Michigan state law. The appropriations resolution is based on the projected expenditures budgets of the department heads of the City. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Michigan law. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any activity must be approved by the City Council. Supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year.

Cash and Pooled Investments

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and pooled investments to be cash and cash equivalents because the pooling of these balances allows for withdrawal at any time similar to a demand deposit account.

Restricted Cash and Pooled Investments

Certain bond and deposit agreements require assets to be set aside for principal, interest repayment, and other purposes. These assets are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable agreement requirements. Certain assets of the Light and Power enterprise fund are held in trust with the Michigan Public Power Agency (MPPA) and can only be distributed to the MPPA for purchased power or specified MPPA payment purposes.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value at the balance sheet date.

City investment policy allows for all investment authorized by State statutes. State statutes authorize the City to invest in:

- a. Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended.

Receivables/Due From Other Governments

All receivables are recorded at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The light and power enterprise fund has established a reserve for uncollectible customer receivables in the amount of \$8,000 at June 30, 2020.

Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable consist of long-term receivables from customers and benefited parties for various infrastructure improvement projects.

Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are accounted for utilizing the consumption method.

Inventory

All inventories are valued at original cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory represents parts, supplies for the repair and maintenance of system infrastructure, and equipment. Inventory is accounted for utilizing the consumption method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental and business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial as well as in the proprietary fund statements.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value (the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction) on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

No interest expense has been incurred or capitalized on capital assets reported in proprietary funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Depreciation on capital assets (including infrastructure) is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	30-50
Equipment	5-50
Improvements	30-50
Public domain and system infrastructure	40

Unearned Revenue

Funds report *unearned revenue* in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unearned revenue* reported in the funds were as follows:

Hangar rentals

\$9,326

Compensated Absences

Under contracts negotiated with employee groups and personnel policy, individual employees have a vested right to receive payments for unused vacation and other compensation depending on employment agreements. Accumulated compensated absences of governmental funds are recorded on the statement of net position and not on the governmental fund balance sheets because the balance is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Amounts accumulated for proprietary funds are reported on the statements of net position of the property funds. Compensated absences reported for governmental activities are primarily liquidated from general fund resources.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. For new bond issuances after the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, regardless of fund or activity, are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government has items that qualify for reporting in this category which are related to deferred charges on bond refunding and the net pension liability which is discussed in Note 6.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the governmental funds report unavailable revenues from unpaid personal property taxes. In the fund financial statements, these amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position and Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental funds report fund balance in the following five categories:

- Non-spendable the related asset's form does not allow expenditure of the balance. The assets
 are either (a) not in a spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained
 intact. Nonspendable fund balance would be equal to inventory, prepaid items, non-current
 financial assets, and the nonspendable portion of endowments.
- Restricted the related assets can only be spent for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or as identified in enabling legislation.
- Committed the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by formal resolution of the governing board.
- Assigned the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed.
- Unassigned is the residual classification and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Fund Balance can only be committed by resolution of the City Council. The City Council has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the City Manager.

Net Position and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position/fund balance and unrestricted – net position/fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resource as they are needed, except for the LCTV endowment, Lee Memorial, and Look Memorial special revenue funds which spend unrestricted resources first, then restricted resources as necessary. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Property Taxes

City property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of December 31. Summer taxes are levied July 1 and are due without penalty on or before August 31. Winter taxes are levied December 1 and are due without penalty on or before February 14. Tax bills include the City's own property taxes and taxes billed on behalf of other taxing units. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1 are turned over to the County for collection, which advances the City 100% of the delinquent real property taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the City Treasurer. Taxes collected on behalf of other taxing units are accounted for in the agency funds. Property taxes levied in July of each year are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied.

Intergovernmental Revenues

Grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as due from other governments and revenue when entitlement occurs. Reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditure/expenses are incurred.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds. Transactions that constitute reimbursement to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Charges between enterprise funds and other functions of the City are not reimbursements because elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Remaining transactions are generally reflected as transfers.

2. STATUTORY COMPLIANCE

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in budgetary funds

Michigan law provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the City's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgeted funds have been shown on a functional basis. The approved budgets of the City for these budgeted funds were adopted at the activity level.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City incurred expenditures in certain budgetary funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

	Final		Variance
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
General Fund			
City Manager	156,325	191,169	(34,844)
Treasurer	115,789	125,963	(10,174)
Planning	68,161	72,623	(4,462)
Police Department	762,688	780,122	(17,434)
Fire Department	118,155	123,783	(5,628)
Emergency management	3,200	12,605	(9,405)
Library	180	181	(1)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance (Unfavorable)
Designated Contributions Fund	611,100	697,715	(86,615)
Major Streets	178,057	199,161	(21,104)
LCTV Fund	*	70,171	(70,171)

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The captions on the financial statements relating to cash and pooled investments and investments are as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Units	Total
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 9,102,720	\$427,462	\$ 9,530,182
Investments	2,034,359		2,034,359
Restricted cash and pooled investments	425,156		425,156
	\$11,562,235	\$427,462	\$11,989,697

The cash and investments making up the above balances are as follows:

Deposits	\$ 10,801,657
Investments	1,188,040
Total	\$11,989,697

The deposits are in financial institutions in varying amounts. All accounts are in the name of the City and a specific fund or common account. They are recorded in City records at fair value. Interest is recorded when earned.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require, and the City does not have, a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$9,355,872 of the City's bank balance of \$11,187,512 was exposed to custodial credit risk because the balance was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

The City chooses to disclose its investments by type. As of year-end, the City had the following investments:

	Maturity	Fair Value	Rating
Governmental agency pools	1-22 years	\$ 4,336	Not rated
GNMA bonds	1-29 years	431,447	Not rated
Kent County Pool	N/A	752,257	Not rated
Total	110	\$1,188,040)

The City categorizes its fair value measurements of investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

- The City does not have any investments that are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- All securities are valued using a pricing model utilizing observable fair value measures of fund/pool investments and other observable inputs to determining the fair value of the securities making up the of investments fund/pool (Level 2 inputs).
- The City does not have any investments that report fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

At June 30, 2020, the balance of the Kent County Investment Pool consisted of the following:

	Percentage of	
Investment	Pool Total	Maturity in Years
Government agency securities	13%	0-3
Certificates of deposits	53%	0-3
Deposits, money markets and other pools	34%	Not applicable

Investment and deposit risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law and City policy limit the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The maturity range of dates for each type of investment is identified above for investments held at year-end.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. Credit risk ratings, where applicable are reported above.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. Of the above \$1,188,040 of investments, the City has a custodial credit risk of \$435,783 because the related securities are uninsured, unregistered and held by the government's brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these particular securities. Of the above investments \$752,257 represents the City's investment in the Kent County Pool, the City's custodial credit risk exposure cannot be determined because the pools do not consist of specifically identifiable securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All investments held at year-end are reported above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

4. INTERFUND/ENTITY TRANSACTIONS

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Transfers out	General fund	Designated contributions Fund	Internal service <u>funds</u>	Nonmajor governmental	<u>Total</u>
General fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$55,000	\$483,382	\$538,382
Light and power	364,572		·	#1	364,572
Nonmajor governmental	48,384	40,171	2		88,555
Total	\$412,956	\$40,171	\$55,000	\$483,382	\$991,509

Transfers are used to (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance capital and other various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and (2) move allocated cost of general operations to applicable funds.

Interfund balances reflect short-term balances due from/to other funds which occur in the normal course of operations. At year-end the light and power fund owed the general fund \$32,336. At year end the light & power fund had advanced the DDA \$165,000 to be repaid in future years.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletio	ons	Balance June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 568,460	\$	- \$	5	\$ 568,460
Construction in progress	32,579		22 	37	32,579
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	601,039		4	- 	601,039
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Land improvements	4,332,542	256,668	3	-	4,589,210
Buildings	7,085,968	639,190)	120	7,725,158
Equipment	1,614,340	161,187	7	±20	1,775,527
Other improvements	368,546	7,322	2	-	375,868
Total capital assets, being depreciated	13,401,396	1,064,367	7	20	14,465,763
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Land improvements	1,179,802	155,008	3	200	1,334,810
Buildings	2,807,668	138,773	3	140	2,946,441
Equipment	1,153,869	174,996	5	- E D	1,328,865
Other improvements	80,495	15,699	9	(#)	96,194
Total accumulated depreciation	5,221,834	484,476	3	-	5,706,310
Net capital assets, being depreciated	8,179,562	579,89	1	-	8,759,453
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$8,780,601	\$579,891	\$		\$9,360,492

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2020
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				\$ 432,618
Land	\$ 432,618	\$ -	\$ -	
Construction in progress	433,097	1,632,253	904,218	1,161,132
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	865,715	1,632,253	904,218	1,593,750
Capital assets being depreciated		19 392		4 500 207
Land improvements	1,569,844	12,463	5 <u></u> 8	1,582,307
Buildings	6,373,653			6,373,653
Plant and equipment	20,596,090	1,050,515	107,194	21,539,411
Other improvements	8,715,257	19,168	=	8,734,425
Total capital assets, being depreciated	37,254,844	1,082,146	107,194	38,229,796
Less accumulated depreciation for				europea (Establish
Land improvements	295,629	36,301	125	331,930
Buildings	6,005,447	48,945	924	6,054,392
Plant and equipment	11,044,158	652,092	16,495	11,679,755
Other improvements	3,078,563	204,862	<u> </u>	3,283,425
Total accumulated depreciation	20,423,797	942,200	16,495	21,349,502
Net capital assets, being depreciated	16,831,047	139,946	90,699	16,880,294
Business-type Activities capital assets, net	\$17,696,762	\$1,772,199	\$994,917	\$18,474,044
Component Unit Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 225,520	\$ 226,786	\$ -	\$ 452,306 -
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	225,520	226,786		452,306
Capital assets being depreciated Land improvements	1,515,236	30,066	·#0	1,545,302
Plant and equipment	30,253	:) -	-30	30,253
Other improvements	176,945		-	176,945
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,722,434	30,066		1,752,500
Less accumulated depreciation for Land improvements	582,707	52,978		635,685
Plant and equipment	21,241	1,008		22,249
Other improvements	61,467	5,465		66,932
Total accumulated depreciation	665,415	59,451	λ₹:	724,866
Net capital assets, being depreciated	1,057,019	The second secon		1,027,634
Component Unit capital assets, net	\$1,282,539		\$ -	\$1,479,940

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities General government	\$ 68,142
Public safety	68,142 188,203
Public works and streets Capital assets held by the governments internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on	159,989
their usage of the assets	100,000
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$484,476
Business-type Activities	\$ 92,388
Sewer	178,083
Water	655,015
Light and power Nonmajor enterprise funds	16,714
Total depreciation expense - business- type activities	\$942,200

6. PENSION PLANS

MERS Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The City participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits Provided

Pension benefits approved by the City Council are provided to all full-time employees based on division/bargaining unit and hire date. Eligible employees hired before 9/1/12 participate in a defined benefit plan which includes a multiplier of 2.50 times final average compensation, vesting period from 6 to 10 years, normal retirement age is 60, early retirement at 55 with 15 or 25 years of service, benefits are calculated using final 3 years of average compensation. Eligible employees hired on or after 9/1/12 participate in a hybrid defined benefit/contribution plan which includes a multiplier of 1.5 times final average compensation, vesting period of 6 years, normal retirement age is 60, early retirement at 55 and 25 years of service, benefits are calculated using final 3 years of average compensation.

Membership of the defined benefit plans consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (December 31, 2019):

Active plan members	33
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefits	16
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	38_
Total	87

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Contributions

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which for the current year was from 7.99% to 31.24% of annual covered payroll depending on position and classification. Participating employees are required to contribute at a rate of 0 to 7% of covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by the MERS Retirement Board. The contribution requirements of employees are established and may be amended by labor agreements.

Net Pension Liability

The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: base wage inflation of 3.00% in the long-term (plus merit and longevity from 0 to 11% based on age)

Investment rate of return: 7.35%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Annuity Mortality Table with a 50% Male and 50% Female blend. For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with a 50% Male and 50% Female blend.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Commendad Billion

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Weighted Rate of Return*
Global Equity	60.0%	7.75%	3.15%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	3.75%	0.25%
Private investments	20.0%	9.75%	1.45%
Inflation			2.50%
Administrative fee			0.25%
Investment rate of return			7.60%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$15,263,628	\$8,947,829	\$6,315,799	
Changes for the Year:				
Service cost	253,182	₹	253,182	
Interest	1,193,992	0₩	1,193,992	
Change in benefits	*	144	394	
Differences between expected and actual experience	60,445	2#3	60,445	
Change in assumptions	455,772	046	455,772	
Contributions: employer	~	532,507	(532,507)	
Contributions: employee	·	118,205	(118,205)	
Net investment income	(e)	1,201,925	(1,201,925)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(930,631)	(930,631)		
Administrative expense	57	(20,700)	20,700	
Other changes	(1)		(1)	
Net changes	1,032,759	901,306	131,453	
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$16,296,387	\$9,849,135	\$6,447,252	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.6%) or 1% higher (8.6%) than the current rate.

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1 % Increase		
Total Pension Liability	\$18,084,228	\$16,296,389	\$14,792,940		
Fiduciary Net Position	9,849,137	9,849,137	9,849,137		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,235,091	\$ 6,447,252	\$ 4,943,803		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020 the employer recognized pension expense of \$976,775. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outflows of Resources
Differences in experience	\$ 107,740
Differences in assumptions	303,848
(Excess) deficit investment returns	40,885
Contributions subsequent to the	
measurement date*	291,292
Total	\$743,765

^{*} The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending 2021.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (excluding contributions subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Total	\$452,473
Thereafter	
2024	
2023	(99,625)
2022	125,395
2021	240,279
2020	\$186,424

Defined Contribution Plan

The Lowell Light and Power defined contribution pension plan (the Plan) provides pension benefits for all full-time employees exclusive of those participating in the defined benefit plans. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings.

Employees are eligible to participate immediately upon employment. LLP contributes 9 – 12% of each participant's compensation to the Plan. LLP's contributions are completed vested with the employee after a five year period of employment. The Plan provisions and contribution amounts were established by the LLP Board, and may be amended by the LLP Board. During the year, the LLP contributed \$1,724 to the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the debt transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2020:

		alance July 1, <u>2019</u>	Addit	tions	Deletions	Balance June 30 2020		W	oue ithin one <u>ear</u>
Governmental Activities Public Offerings: \$300,000 2006 Transportation Improvement Bonds; due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$20,000 through August 2019; plus interest at 3.5% to 4.25%	\$	25,000	\$	25	\$ 25,000	\$	•	\$	=
\$4,545,000 2012 Building Authority Bonds; due in annual installments of \$120,000 to \$355,000 through 2032; plus interest at 2.0% to 3.70%	3	3,435,000		¥	190,000	3,245,0	00	20	00,000
Total Public Offerings	3	3,460,000		2	215,000	3,245,0	00	20	00,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additio	ons	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One <u>Year</u>
Private Placement: 2015 Act 99 installment purchase with annual payments of \$9,460 through May 1, 2024, including interest at 2.55%	\$ 47,300	\$	Ð.	\$ 9,460	\$ 37,840	\$ 9,460
2016 Act 99 installment purchase with annual payments of \$19,113 through April 1, 2021, plus interest at 1.55%	38,226		-	19,113	19,113	19,113
2016 Act 99 installment purchase with annual payments of \$14,674 through April 1, 2021, plus interest at 1.55%	29,348		**	14,677	14,671	14,674
2017 Act 99 installment purchase with annual payments of \$34,147 to \$37,210 hrough June 30, 2022, plus interest at 1.80%	109,623		(4)	35,874	73,749	36,539
2017 Act 99 installment purchase with annual payments of \$7,898 to \$9,142 hrough June 30, 2022, plus interest at 1.80%	28,474			8,819	19,655	8,979
Total Private Placement:	252,971		- 134 - 21	87,943	165,028	88,76
Total long-term debt Unamortized refunding charge Accrued employee benefits	3,712,971 (53,298) 50,463		:: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	302,943 (6,614) 8,684	3,410,028 (46,684) 41,779	288,76
Total Governmental Activities	\$3,710,136	\$		\$305,013	\$3,405,123	\$288,765
Business-type Activities Public Offerings: \$3,805,000 2012 Electric Supply System Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$215,000 to \$305,000 through August 2027; plus interest at 2-3%	\$2,440,000	\$		\$245,000	\$2,195,000	\$245,000
\$3,280,000 2016 General Obligation Capital mprovement Bonds, due in annual nstallments of \$100,000 to \$200,000 hrough November 2041; plus interest at 2% o 4.5%	3,080,000			100,000	2,980,000	100,00
U 4.J /0	5,520,000		(5)	345,000	5,175,000	345,00

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Private Placement:	Balance July 1, <u>2019</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One <u>Year</u>
2017 Act 99 installment purchase with monthly payments of \$10,594 through June 2022, including interest at 1.80%	\$ 370,822	\$ -	\$121,352	\$ 249,470	\$123,598
2019 Act 99 installment purchase of a control panel with annual payments of \$165,851 through June 2022, including interest at 2.15%	497,554		165,851	331,703	165,851
Total Private Placement	868,376	**	287,203	581,173	289,449
Total bonds	6,388,376	· ·	632,203	5,756,173	634,449
Bond premium Accrued employee benefits	184,645 29,454	6,946	13,059	171,586 36,400	-
Total Business-type Activities	\$6,602,475	\$ 6,946	\$ 645,262	\$5,964,159	\$634,449
Component Units					
Accrued employee benefits	\$1,259	\$809	\$ -	\$2,068	\$ -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding (excluding accrued employee benefits and unamortized refunding charge) as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Government	al Activities	
	Public O	ffering	Private Pla	cement
Year Ending				
June 30	Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2021	\$200,000	\$108,632	\$88,765	\$2,791
2022	210,000	102,632	57,343	1,186
2023	225,000	96,332	9,460	482
2024	235,000	89,582	9,460	241
2025	245,000	82,532	48	: **
2026-2030	1,440,000	284,030	= 0	: =
2031-2035	690,000	38,666	5403	: E
2036-2040	3#6	500		-
Total	\$3,245,000	\$802,406	\$165,028	\$4,700
		Business-typ	e Activities	
	Public O		Private Pla	cement
Year Ending				
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$345,000	\$182,614	\$289,449	\$10,656
2022	355,000	173,987	291,724	4,827
2023	360,000	163,975		=
2024	370,000	153,175	*	2
2025	380,000	141,574	-	=
2026-2030	1,440,000	522,925	9=0	¥
2031-2035	535,000	288,200	940	=
2036-2040	810,000	223,013	(<u>=</u>)	-
2041	580,000	39,826		-
Total	\$5,175,000	\$1,889,289	\$581,173	\$15,482

Installment purchase: the City has pledged its limited full faith and credit.

Revenue bonds: the City has pledged future electric utility system specific revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the bonds outstanding. Utility rates will be set within regulatory limits to meet future debt service and operation cost requirements. Annual principal and interest payments on these bonds are expected to require less than 15 percent of gross revenues.

Transportation improvement bonds: The City has pledged future Act 51 funds for the repayment of these bonds.

General obligation and Building Authority bonds: The City has pledged its full faith and credit for the repayment of these bonds.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no changes in insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

9. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Primary government (excluding Light and Power Enterprise Fund)

Plan Description

The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan"). The Plan provides health insurance benefits to certain retirees and their beneficiaries, which are advance funded on a discretionary basis. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and a legal trust has not been established for the plan. The City prepares the actuarial valuation utilizing the alternative method as provided for by accounting standards.

Benefits provided

In accordance with the City policy and agreements, retirees receive an employer-paid benefit of 100% of health insurance premiums for the retiree and spouse less affordable care act taxes. The employer's contributions cease 5 years after retirement or when the employee becomes eligible for Medicare benefits whichever occurs first.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (June 30, 2020):

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	20
Total	23

Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The City's contributions are based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

Net OPEB Liability

The employer's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 by rolling forward the June 30, 2019 liability which was prepared using the alternative measurement method, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the alternative method with the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: implicit in expected payroll increases

Salary Increases: 3.5%

Discount rate: 3.0%

Healthcare cost trend rates: 8.5% initially going down .25% per year, reaching a long term rate of

4 5%

Mortality rates were based on the 2014 life tables for males or females, as appropriate, from the Centers for Disease Control.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on requirements guidance provide by the Michigan Department of Treasury.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 3.0% which did not change from the prior year. Because the plan does not have a dedicated OPEB trust, there are not assets projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. For projected benefits that are covered by projected assets (\$0), the long-term expected rate would be used to discount the projected benefits. From the year projected benefits are not projected to be covered by the projected assets (the "depletion date"), projected benefits would be discounted at a discount rate reflecting a 20 year AA/Aa tax exempt municipal bond yield (3.0%). A single equivalent discount rate that yields the same present value of benefits is calculated (3.0%). This discount rate is used to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability (a)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$1,116,027
Changes for the Year:	-
Service cost	70,729
Interest	34,225
Change in benefits	
Differences between expected and actual experience	
Change in assumptions	
Contributions : employer	
Contributions: employee	lie.
Net investment income	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(21,166)
Administrative expense	20 12
Other changes	
Net changes	83,788
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$1,199,815

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 3%, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2%) or 1% higher (4%) than the current rate.

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1 % increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$1,333,531	\$1,199,815	\$1,079,363		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Healthcare rate	1 % increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$1,112,719	\$1,199,815	\$1,305,731		

For the year ended June 30, 2020 the employer recognized OPEB expense of \$104,954.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Light and Power Enterprise Fund

Plan Description

The LLP administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). The plan provides health insurance premiums for full time employees that retire and their spouses. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and a legal trust has not been established for the plan. The LLP prepares the actuarial valuation utilizing the alternative method as provided for by accounting standards.

Benefits provided

In accordance with the LLP policy, retirees receive an employer-paid benefit of 80 to 90% of health insurance premiums for the retiree and spouse. For employees hired after September 1, 2012 the employer's contributions cease 5 years after retirement or when the employee becomes eligible for Medicare benefits whichever occurs first. For employees hired before September 1, 2012 the employer contributions are for life. Benefit provisions are established by the Board.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at the date of the latest actuarial valuation (June 30, 2020):

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	9
Active plan members	23
Total	32

Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and LLP are established and may be amended by the Board of LLP. LLP's contributions are based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

Net OPEB Liability

The employer's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 using the alternative measurement method, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the alternative method with the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: implicit in expected payroll increases

Salary Increases: 3.0% Discount rate: 2.7%

Healthcare cost trend rates: 3%

Mortality rates were based on the 2017 life tables for males or females, as appropriate, from the Centers for Disease Control.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 2.7% which changed from the prior year (3%). Because the plan does not have a dedicated OPEB trust, there are not assets projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. For

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

projected benefits that are covered by projected assets (\$0), the long-term expected rate would be used to discount the projected benefits. From the year projected benefits are not projected to be covered by the projected assets (the "depletion date"), projected benefits would be discounted at a discount rate reflecting a 20 year AA/Aa tax exempt municipal bond yield (2.7%). A single equivalent discount rate that yields the same present value of benefits is calculated (2.7%). This discount rate is used to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)
	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$1,337,898
Changes for the year:	Superior and the superi
Service cost	53,669
Interest	36,111
Change in benefits	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(240,948)
Change in assumptions	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Contributions: employer	=
Contributions: employee	=
Net investment income	100 planes 2000 100 100 plane 200 pl
Benefit payments, including refunds	(54,558)
Administrative expense	¥
Other changes	<u> </u>
Net changes	(205,726)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$1,132,172

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 2.7%, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.7%) or 1% higher (3.7%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1 % increase
Total OPEB liability	\$1,243,097	\$1,132,172	\$1,028,594

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount rate	1 % increase
Total OPEB liability	\$1,005,442	\$1,132,172	\$1,283,672

For the year ended June 30, 2020 the employer recognized OPEB expense of \$151,168.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

10. JOINT VENTURE

Lowell Light and Power (the "Utility") is a member of a joint venture, the Michigan Public Power Agency (MPPA), with 13 other municipal electric systems. The MPPA was formed to undertake the planning, financing, development, acquisition, construction, improvement, operation and maintenance of projects to supply electric power and energy for present or future needs of its members. Each MPPA member is a municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan and owns and operates a municipal electric system. Effective April 2009 the Utility along with other MPPA members entered into an Energy Services Agreement for the sale and purchase of power with the MPPA. The MPPA has entered into three year power purchase agreement on the behalf of participants. Complete financial statements for the Michigan Public Power Agency can be obtained from the administrative offices at 809 Centennial Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Under the joint venture, the LLP has entered into Power Sales Contracts and Project Support Contracts. These contracts provide for the LLP to purchase from MPPA 1.24% of the energy generated by MPPA's 37.22% ownership in Detroit Edison's Belle River Unit No.1, which became operational in August 1984; 11.86% of MPPA's 4.80% ownership in Consumers Energy's Campbell Unit No. 3, which became operational in September 1980; 5.63% of the energy generated by MPPA's 100% ownership in Combustion Turbine Project No. 1 (50 MW rated simple cycle combustion turbine generating unit and ancillary support facilities located in Kalkaska, Michigan) which became operational in 2004, and 0.88% of MPPA's 5.16% ownership of the AFEC Project (675 MW facility located in Fremont, Ohio). These contracts require the LLP to purchase approximately 3, 4.5, 2.8, and .209 megawatts of power annually, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the LLP recognized expenses totaling \$3,203,874 under the terms of the contracts, which represented approximately \$778,482 for fixed operating costs, \$656,352 for debt service and \$1,769,040 for the purchase of power. Accounts payable to MPPA totaled \$304,293 at June 30, 2020. Under the terms of its contracts, the LLP must make minimum annual payments equal to its share of debt service and its share of the operating costs of Detroit Edison's Belle River No. 1, Consumers Energy's Campbell Unit No. 3, Combustion Turbine Project No. 1, and the AFEC project. Future operating costs are estimated based on MPPA 2019 calendar year costs adjusted for inflation. Debt service costs are the LLP's known share of debt service requirements associated with each contract.

Debt Service requirements expire in the years 2021, 2027, and 2043 for the Campbell, Combustion Turbine and AFEC Project, respectively. The following amounts include estimated operating costs for the same period as the Debt Service. The contracts for the LLP's commitments for operating costs to extend beyond these dates are dependent upon the use of the facilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

A summary of projected future contract payments with the MPPA are as follows:

		Debt				
8	~	Combustion	AFEC			
	<u>Campbell</u>	Turbine	Project			
2020	\$ 500,545	\$ 135,204	\$ 18,080			
2021	499,674	135,416	18,344			
2022	248,913	135,387	18,351			
2023		135,120	18,342			
2024	-	135,176	18,362			
2025-2029		405,937	91,742			
2030-2034		15	91,740			
2035-2039		-	91,718			
2040-2044			73,359			
Total	\$1,249,132	\$1,249,132 \$1,082,240				
		Operating				
		Combustion	AFEC			
	Campbell	Turbine	Project			
2020	\$ 412,127	\$ 147,812	\$ 41,191			
2021	424,491	152,247	42,427			
2022	437,226	156,814	43,700			
2023	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	161,518	45,011			
2024	-	166,364	46,361			
2025-2029	-	529,641	253,522			
2030-2034	-	(=)	293,903			
2035-2039		-	340,713			
2040-2044	24		311,246			
Total	\$1,273,844	\$1,314,396	\$1,418,074			

The joint venture is a result of an ongoing financial responsibility. The Utility did not have an initial equity interest and does not participate in net income or losses.

11. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

LLP's participation in various MPPA projects includes a responsibility to fund asset retirement obligations. As of December 31, 2019, the MPPA has two project that have identified asset retirement obligation totaling \$1,251,294. The LLP began recognizes their portion of these asset retirement obligations beginning in fiscal year 2020. LLP has calculated their portion of MPPA's asset retirement obligations to be \$132,742 based on LLP's participation percentage in each project.

12. RESTATEMENT

GASB Statement Number 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" was implemented during 2020 which resulted in an asset retirement obligation of \$132,742 and a corresponding reduction in net position of the Light & Power fund and business-type activities at July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

13. LITIGATION

In the normal course of its operations, the City has become a party in various legal actions, including property tax appeals. Management of the City is of the opinion that the outcome of such actions will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City. No reserves for losses related to legal actions have been included as a liability in the City's financial statements.

14. COMMITMENTS

The LLP has agreements with the MPPA committing it to the purchase up to .854 MW of renewable energy from Granger Electric of Michigan, LLC, .273 MW of renewable energy from North American Natural Resources, Inc, 1.4 MW of renewable energy from Assembly Solar, LLC, and 3.8 MW of renewable energy from Pegasus Wind.

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Budget /	Amo	unts Final		Actual Amount		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		Original		rmai		Amount	(IN	egative		
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	1,700,728	\$	1,700,728	\$	1,708,925	\$	8,197		
Intergovernmental revenues	•	1,700,720		111.5011.20	-350	11/13/21/23	<i>T</i> .	(2)		
State		413,759		413,759		387,851		(25,908		
Local		315,740		315,740		316,123		383		
Licenses and permits		42,300		62,300		77,903		15,603		
(1) The Control of th		156,600		173,725		108,985		(64,740		
Charges for services		(7)		15,100		19,272		4,172		
Investment earnings		8,000				3,911		(89		
Contributions and donations		0.400		4,000				The second secon		
Miscellaneous	-	2,400	_	2,400		3,570		1,170		
Total revenues	_	2,639,527	-	2,687,752		2,626,540		(61,212		
Expenditures										
Current										
General government		684,495		818,613		799,778		18,835		
Public safety		1,077,859		1,087,059		1,034,858		52,201		
Public works		353,626		293,626		207,915		85,711		
Culture and recreation		295,873		296,603		256,204		40,399		
Other functions		5,100	=	5,100	-	3,364		1,736		
Total expenditures	H	2,416,953		2,501,001	_	2,302,119		198,882		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	3==	222,574	-	186,751		324,421	_	137,670		
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in		382,023		382,023		412,956		30,933		
Transfers out		(538,382)	_	(538,382)		(538,382)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(156,359)	_	(156,359)		(125,426)		30,933		
Net changes in fund balance		66,215		30,392		198,995		168,603		
Fund balance, beginning of year	/ <u></u>	1,010,722	-	1,010,722		1,010,722		<u>.</u>		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,076,937	\$	1,041,114	\$	1,209,717	\$	168,603		

Basis of Accounting

Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP).

DESIGNATED CONTRIBUTIONS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget	Amo	unts		Actual		Variance Positive		
## The state of th		Original		<u>Final</u>		Amount	(Negative)			
Revenues										
Intergovernmental revenues	-				-	Attitude to the state of the state of the	1000			
State	\$	-	\$	(=):	\$	500,000	\$	500,000		
Investment earnings		F VILLED TO A CONTROL OF THE CONTROL		3 4 0		22,017		22,017		
Contributions and donations	<u>~</u>	1,500	-	1,500	5	284,567	-	283,067		
Total revenues	_	1,500	79	1,500	-	806,584		805,084		
Expenditures										
Current										
General government		1,500		1,500		16,259		(14,759)		
Culture and recreation	_	582,000		609,600		681,456		(71,856)		
Total expenditures	_	583,500		611,100	=	697,715		(86,615)		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(582,000)		(609,600)		108,869		718,469		
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	,				_	40,171		40,171		
Total other financing sources (uses)	:)——			-		40,171		40,171		
Net changes in fund balance		(582,000)		(609,600)		149,040		758,640		
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	1,773,505		1,773,505		1,773,505		2 4		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,191,505	\$	1,163,905	\$	1,922,545	\$	758,640		

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS NET PENSION LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	2	014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Total pension liability	75.	- MACAN	_					1215-22-02				
Service cost	\$ 2	211,215	\$	226,719	\$	221,995	\$	226,646	\$	241,911	\$	253,182
Interest	٤	968,262		973,757		1,084,670		1,111,041		1,146,666		1,193,992
Changes in benefit terms		ú		(3,794)		72				(10,024)		7.5
Difference between expected and actual experience		*		382,316		(76,607)		7,653		131,060		60,445
Changes in assumptions		÷		632,698				8		-		455,772
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(7	703,688)		(799,852)		(906,870)		(898,605)		(916,716)		(930,631)
Other	_		_	30,429	_	1	_			(1)		(1)
Net change in total pension liability	4	175,789		1,442,273		323,189		446,735		592,896		1,032,759
Total pension liability, beginning of year	11,9	982,746		12,458,535	- 2	13,900,808	_	14,223,997	3	14,670,732	24	5,263,628
Total pension liability, ending of year	\$12,4	158,535	\$	13,900,808	\$	14,223,997	\$	14,670,732	\$ 1	15,263,628	\$1	6,296,387
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions-employer	\$ 3	360,904	\$	390,446	\$	339,082	\$	478,711	\$	482,925	\$	532,507
Contributions-employee		95,994		99,696		86,729		88,435		239,360		118,205
Net investment income		532,437		(129,061)		924,514		1,135,449		(371,069)		1,201,925
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(7	703,688)		(799,853)		(906,870)		(898,605)		(916,716)		(930,631)
Administrative expense		(19,532)	_	(18,997)		(18,271)	_	(18,000)	_	(18,455)		(20.700)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2	266,115		(457,769)		425,184		785,990		(583,955)		901,306
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	8,5	12,264	_	8,778,379		8,320,610		8,745,794		9,531,784		8,947,829
Plan fiduciary net position, ending of year	\$ 8,7	78,379	\$	8,320,610	\$	8,745,794	\$	9,531,784	\$	8,947,829	\$	9,849,135
Total net pension liability	\$ 3,6	80,156	\$	5,580,198	\$_	5,478,203	\$	5,138,948	\$_	6,315,799	\$	6,447,252
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the												
total pension liability		70%		60%		61%		65%		59%		60%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,8	92,987	\$	2,048,657	\$	2,050,553	\$	2,164,938	\$	2,277,076	\$	2,380,001
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage												
of covered employee payroll		194%		272%		267%		237%		277%		271%

Notes to schedule:

Above information is based on measurement date of December 31

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal Year end	de	etuarially termined tributions	in r the de	ntributions relation to actuarially termined ntribution	de	stribution ficiency excess)	,	Covered employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
6/30/2015 6/30/2016 6/30/2017 6/30/2018	\$	400,161 364,270 336,384 526,138	\$	400,161 364,270 339,082 523,138	\$	(2,698) 3,000	\$	1,892,987 2,048,657 2,050,553 2,164,938	21% 18% 17% 24%
6/30/2019 6/30/2020		590,877 509,149		590,877 509,149		-		2,277,076 2,380,001	26% 21%
Notes to schedule Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization per Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement age Mortality	eriod		25 ye 5 yea 2.5% 3.00 7.35 Varie	/ Age el percentage ears ar smoothed 5 (3.5% 2014 % (3.75% fo % (7.75% fo es depending female/ 50%	(10) r 201 r 201 g on p	year smoth 5 through : 5 through : olan adopti	ing 201 201 on	19)	

mortality table

Notes to schedule:

DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS NET OPEB LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		2018		2019		2020
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	54,970	\$	70,729	\$	70,729
Interest		26,232		29,526		34,225
Changes in benefit terms				-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		15		1,70		
Changes in assumptions		41,650		79,691		-
Benefit payments including employee refunds Other		(16,432)		(25,473)		(21,166)
Net change in total OPEB liability		106,420		154,473		83,788
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year		855,134		961,554		1,116,027
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$	961,554	\$	1,116,027	\$	1,199,815
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions-employer	\$	-	\$	10	\$	-
Contributions/benefit payments made from general operating funds Net investment income		¥		(%) (%)		-
Benefit payments including employee refunds Administrative expense				\\\		-
Other		15				-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1.5		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	-		-		-	
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	\$		\$		\$	
Employer net OPEB liability	\$	961,554	\$	1,116,027	\$	1,199,815
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0%		00/		00/
total OPEB hability		0%		0%		0%
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,303,483	\$	1,202,712	\$	1,202,712
Employer's net OPEB liability as a percentage						

Notes to schedule:

Above information is based on measurement date of June 30

DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal Year end	de	etuarially termined tributions	in r the de	tributions elation to actuarially termined tribution	d	ntribution eficiency excess)	3	Covered employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
6/30/2018	\$	87,367	\$	16,432	\$	70,935	\$		1%
6/30/2019 6/30/2020		108,538 108,538		25,473 21,166		83,065 87,372		1,202,712 1,202,712	2% 2%
Notes to schedule									
Actuarial cost method				/ Age					
Amortization method			Leve	el percent, c	losed	i i			
Remaining amortization period			30 ye	ears					
Asset valuation method			N/A						
Inflation			3.00						
Healthcare cost trend rates Salary increases			8.5% 3.50°		n .25	% per year t	0 4	1.5% long-ter	m
Investment rate of return			3.00						
Retirement age			Varie	es dependir	ng on	plan adoptio	on		
Mortality				000 tables					

Notes to schedule:

The actuarially determined contribution for fiscal year 2020 based on assumptions required by Michigan Public Act 202 of 2017 rolled forward from 2019 is \$108,538. Contributions to the OPEB internal service fund exceeded normal costs for employees hired after June 30, 2018.

LOWELL LIGHT AND POWER DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS NET OPEB LIABILTY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		2018		2019		2020
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	60,317	\$	63,075	\$	53,669
Interest		37,328		34,355		36,111
Changes in benefit terms				TOTAL SAVE		02103 20020
Difference between expected and actual experience		(126, 352)		27,409		(240,948)
Changes in assumptions		, 		=		-
Benefit payments including employee refunds Other		(55,025)		(55,586)		(54,558)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(83,732)		69,253		(205,726)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	_	1,352,377		1,268,645		1,337,898
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$	1,268,645	\$	1,337,898	\$	1,132,172
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions-employer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Contributions/benefit payments made from general operating funds		(=)		*		*
Net investment income		140		2		F
Benefit payments including employee refunds				- I I S		2
Administrative expense		-		-		-
Other	_	•	-		_	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-		=		2.00
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	_				-	*
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	
Employer net OPEB liability	\$	1,268,645	\$	1,337,898	\$	1,132,172
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0%		0%		0%
Covered employee payroll	\$	960,003	\$	996,957	\$	1,116,306
Employer's net OPEB liability as a percentage						101%

Notes to schedule:

Above data is based on a June 30 measurement date.

LOWELL LIGHT AND POWER DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal Year end	de	ctuarially termined ttributions	in r the a	tributions elation to actuarially termined ntribution		ontribution deficiency (excess)	Covered employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
6/30/2018	\$	101,935	\$	55,025	\$	46,910	\$ 960,003	6%
6/30/2019		106,965		55,586		51,379	996,957	6%
6/30/2020		92,259		54,558		37,701	1,116,306	5%
Notes to schedule								
Actuarial cost method			Entry	y Age				
Amortization method			Leve	el percent, c	per	1		
Remaining amortization period			30 ye					
Asset valuation method				et value				
Inflation			3.00	%				
Healthcare cost trend rates			3.00	%				
Salary increases			3.00	%				
Investment rate of return			2.70					
Retirement age			MER	S				
Mortality			2017	CDC life ta	able	s		

Notes to schedule:

The actuarially determined contribution for fiscal year 2020 based on assumptions required by Michigan Public Act202 of 2017 is \$150,388. There were no normal costs for employees hired after June 30, 2018. The schedule is being accumulated prospectively until 10 years of information is presented

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Rudget	Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
Expenditures		-		
Current				
General government				
Council	\$ 21,675	\$ 21,675	\$ 15,697	\$ 5,978
City Manager	71,325	156,325	191,169	(34,844
Elections	15,525	15,525	5,775	9,750
Assessor	60,600	60,600	54,359	6,241
City attorney	60,000	95,000	82,456	12,544
Clerk	130,930	130,930	122,600	8,330
Treasurer	115,789		125,963	(10,174
City hall	148,664		123,693	25,471
Other	5,000		5,443	Owner Control
	54,986		72,623	(4,462
Planning	684,495		799,778	18,835
Public safety				
Police department	756,688		780,122	(17,434
Code enforcement	113,017	113,017	88,814	24,203
Building inspections	90,000	90,000	29,534	60,466
Fire department	118,155	118,155	123,783	(5,628
Emergency management	9	3,200	12,605	(9,405
Emergency management	1,077,859		1,034,858	52,201
Public works			00 000	20.48
Cemetery	128,197		99,009	29,188
Department of public works	221,641		106,910	54,73
Sidewalks	3,789		1,996 207,915	1,793 85,71
Culture and recreation	333,020	293,020	201,515	00,111
Parks	162,832	162,832	148,159	14,673
Showboat	102,00	- 550	550	terre i
	5,000	5777270	5.000	
Recreation contributions	78,874		61,647	17,22
Library	10,01	- 180	181	(
Historical district commission	40.166		40,667	8,49
Museum	49,166 295,873	_	256,204	40,39
Other functions	200,000			and the state of t
Economic development	1,100	1,100		1,10
Chamber/riverwalk	4,000	4,000	3,364	636
	5,100	5,100	3,364	1,736
Total expenditures	2,416,95	2,501,001	2,302,119	198,882
Revenues over (under) expenditures	222,574	186,751	324,421	137,670
Other financing sources (1905)				
Other financing sources (uses)	382,02	382,023	412,956	30,933
Transfers in Transfers out	(538,38			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(156,35	9) (156,359)	(125,426)	30,93
Net changes in fund balances	66,21		198,995	168,60
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,010,72		1,010,722	
TW.		e se versev over		6 400.00
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,076,93	5 1,041,114	\$ 1,209,717	\$ 168,600 (concluded

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2020

	-					Special	Revenue			
		Major Streets		Local Streets		Historic District mmission	LCTV Endowment		<u> </u>	Lee Memorial
Assets	20077		7067	Comment of the Commen	10000					
Cash and pooled investments Investments	\$	486,898	\$	299,442	\$	82,201	\$	2	\$	222,121
Due from other governments	-	48,425	-	16,325	-			- 5	-	
Total assets	\$	535,323	\$	315,767	\$	82,201	\$	-	\$	222,121
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	6,178	\$	3.681	\$	1925	\$	-	\$	9
Accrued liabilities	-	2,648	10761 1 7	1,284			O. 60		-	-
Total liabilities	1	8,826	_	4,965	-	- 2	7-	- 5	_	2
Fund balances										
Nonspendable										
Permanent fund corpus		18		350						ALL I
Restricted										
Streets		526,497		310,802		3 9 0		-		_
Historic District Commission		- E		^ =		82,201		-		-
Cemetery operations and maintenance				-		3.5		180		-
City enhancement		· ·		127		528				201,194
Debt service		=				-		0.63		
Committed										
City enhancement								(*)		11,030
Assigned										113030 Televisia
City enhancement	_	<u>*</u>			-				<u> </u>	9,897
Total fund balances		526,497	-	310,802	_	82,201			_	222,121
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	535,323	\$	315,767	\$	82,201	\$		\$	222,121

	11		Debt ervice			Pe	rmanent				
Lo <u>Mem</u>			uilding thority		emetery erpetual <u>Care</u>		Carr I emorial		Carr II emorial		<u>Total</u>
	00,098 96,766	\$	2,855	\$	14,307 397,745	\$	20,836	\$	1,716 71,390	\$	1,008,353 988,022 64,750
\$ 3	96,864	\$	2,855	\$	412,052	\$	20,836	\$	73,106	\$	2,061,125
\$	18	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	9,859 3,932
			-		-				•	-	13,791
	5 0				378,142		20,000		69,758		467,900
	*				33,910		æ ⊊2		*		837,299 82,201 33,910
2	75,876 -		2,855		33,910		836		3,348		481,254 2,855
	94,362				9 8 0				85		105,392
	26,626	_		-		-		-	70.455	-	36,523
	96,864 96,864	\$	2,855	\$	412,052		20,836	\$	73,106 73,106	\$	2,047,334

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

						Special	Reven	ue		
		Major Streets		Local Streets	Dis	Historic District LCTV Commission Endowment			Lee <u>Memorial</u>	
Revenues		nanna communication and commun	121							
State	\$	315,695	\$	127,882	\$	75,000	\$	-71	\$	-
Charges for services		2000000						- 2		
Investment earnings		5,010		2,378		476		391		2,720
Contributions and donations		î .		-		*		109,800		
Miscellaneous	286	7,492	_	7,492	-		-		-	
Total revenues	_	328,197		137,752		75,476	3	109,800	_	2,720
Expenditures										
Current										
General government		=				5,058		89,629		S
Culture and recreation		2		2		2		120		- 19
Highways and streets		199,161		206,112				(4)		194
Debt Service		Allegran & Victorian V.		Herrican Man				2/		
Principal		- 2		25,000		2		20		
Interest			_	531	_		_		-	
Total expenditures	_	199,161		231,643		5,058		89,629		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		129,036		(93,891)		70,418		20,171		2,720
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in		2		180,000				· ·		19
Transfers out		<u>+</u>	_	*	-		-	(70,171)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_		_	180,000		-		(70,171)	_	
Net changes in fund balances		129,036		86,109		70,418		(50,000)		2,720
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	397,461	_	224,693		11,783	-	50,000	-	219,401
Fund balances, end of year	\$	526,497	\$	310,802	\$	82,201	\$		\$	222,121

	Debt Service		Permanent		
Look <u>Memorial</u>	Building Authority	Cemetery Perpetual <u>Care</u>	Carr I <u>Memorial</u>	Carr II Memorial	<u>Total</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 518,577
081	*	6,500	-	000	6,500
10,817		4,699	222	836	27,158 162,186
52,386	-	_	-	-	14,984
				-	11,001
63,203		11,199	222	836	729,405
<u>.</u>	_	::	-	-	94,687
28,302	_	-		-	28,302
-	9	<u> </u>	126	583	405,273
-	190,000	· ·		-	215,000
	113,582				114,113
28,302	303,582				857,375
34,901	(303,582)	11,199	222	836	(127,970)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	303,382	224	-	74	483,382
(18,384)					(88,555)
(18,384)	303,382				394,827
16,517	(200)	11,199	222	836	266,857
380,347	3,055	400,853	20,614	72,270	1,780,477
\$ 396,864	\$ 2,855	\$ 412,052	\$ 20,836	\$ 73,106	\$ 2,047,334

MAJOR STREETS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget /	Amo	unts		Actual	Variance Positive		
	-	Original		Final		Amount	(1	Negative)	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental revenues									
State	\$	340,284	\$	340,284	\$	315,695	\$	(24,589)	
Investment earnings		1,500		1,500		5,010		3,510	
Miscellaneous		5,000	_	5,000	_	7,492	_	2,492	
Total revenues		346,784		346,784	_	328,197	-	(18,587)	
Expenditures Current									
Highways and streets	-	149,657		178,057	-	199,161	-	(21,104)	
Total expenditures	-	149,657		178,057	_	199,161	_	(21,104)	
Net changes in fund balance		197,127		168,727		129,036		(39,691)	
Fund balance, beginning of year		397,461		397,461	-	397,461		74	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	594,588	\$	566,188	\$	526,497	\$	(39,691)	

LOCAL STREETS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget /	Amo	unts		Actual		Variance Positive	
	-	Original		Final		Amount	(Negative)		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental revenues							227	107 (00 Em	
State	\$	143,602	\$	143,602	\$	127,882	\$	(15,720)	
Investment earnings		700		700		2,378		1,678	
Miscellaneous	_	5,000	-	5,000	_	7,492	_	2,492	
Total revenues		149,302	-	149,302	2	137,752	_	(11,550)	
Expenditures									
Current Highways and streets		322,768		328,587		206,112		122,475	
Debt service						30.034 1.0AD		0.07500 / 70.48	
Principal		25,000		25,000		25,000		9	
Interest		531		531	0]-	531	-		
Total expenditures	E.	348,299		354,118). 	231,643	-	122,475	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(198,997)		(204,816)		(93,891)		110,925	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		175,000	-	175,000	-	180,000		5,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		175,000	4	175,000	, <u> </u>	180,000	2	5,000	
Net changes in fund balance		(23,997)		(29,816)		86,109		115,925	
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	224,693	-	224,693		224,693			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	200,696	\$	194,877	\$	310,802	\$	115,925	

HISTORIC DISTRICT COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget	Amou	nts		Actual		Variance Positive		
		Driginal		Final		Amount		(Negative)		
Revenues										
State	\$	50,000	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	()e		
Investment earnings			-	-	_	476	-	476		
Total revenues	-	50,000		75,000	-	75,476		476		
Expenditures Current										
General government		50,000	-	10,000	_	5,058	-	4,942		
Total expenditures		50,000		10,000	_	5,058	-	4,942		
Net changes in fund balance		9		65,000		70,418		5,418		
Fund balance, beginning of year		11,783	-	11,783	_	11,783				
Fund balance, end of year	\$	11,783	\$	76,783	\$	82,201	\$	5,418		

LCTV ENDOWMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget Amounts Actual						Variance Positive		
		Original		Final		Amount	(1)	legative)		
Revenues						Via Via via				
Contributions and donations	\$_	110,000	\$	112,629	\$	109,800	\$	(2,829)		
Total revenues	9	110,000	-	112,629	_	109,800	_	(2,829)		
Expenditures Current										
General government	-	110,000	20	119,629		89,629		30,000		
Total expenditures	15	110,000		119,629		89,629	S====	30,000		
Revenues over (under) expenditures) (4)		(7,000)		20,171		27,171		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out			-		0:	(70,171)		(70,171)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-		-	(70,171)	-	(70,171)		
Net changes in fund balance		=		(7,000)		(50,000)		(43,000)		
Fund balance, beginning of year		50,000		50,000	VI.E	50,000	_			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	50,000	\$	43,000	\$	5.	\$	(43,000)		

LEE MEMORIAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	-	Budget	Amo	unts		Actual	Variance Positive		
		Original		Final		Amount		(Negative)	
Revenues	590								
Investment earnings	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	2,720	\$	(2,280)	
Total revenues		5,000	-	5,000	_	2,720	_	(2,280)	
Expenditures Current									
Culture and recreation	_	5,000		5,000				5,000	
Total expenditures		5,000		5,000	œ	5	_	5,000	
Net changes in fund balance		*		-		2,720		2,720	
Fund balance, beginning of year		219,401	·	219,401	9	219,401		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	219,401	\$	219,401	\$	222,121	\$	2,720	

LOOK MEMORIAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget	Amou	ınts		Actual	Variance Positive		
		Original		Final		Amount	(Negative)		
Revenues									
Investment earnings	\$	(e)	\$	10,000	\$	10,817	\$	817	
Contributions and donations	_	20,000	-	52,386	_	52,386	_	-	
Total revenues	_	20,000		62,386	_	63,203	_	817	
Expenditures									
Current									
Culture and recreation		20,000	_	52,386	_	28,302	_	24,084	
Total expenditures	8	20,000		52,386		28,302	_	24,084	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		*		10,000		34,901		24,901	
Other financing source (uses)									
Transfers out	÷	-	_	(2)		(18,384)	_	(18,384	
Total other financing sources (uses)					X 	(18,384)	_	(18,384	
Net changes in fund balance		9		10,000		16,517		6,517	
Fund balance, beginning of year	·	380,347		380,347	_	380,347	_		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	380,347	\$	390,347	\$	396,864	\$	6,517	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

Assets		ata essing	1	OPEB Activity	E	quipment		Total
Current assets		40.040				70 705	•	444.000
Cash and pooled investments	\$	10,843	\$	57,771	\$	72,725	\$	141,339
Inventory)		_		-	8,477	-	8,477
Total current assets		10,843		57,771		81,202		149,816
Capital assets								
Capital assets, net		72,859	9		_	348,331	-	421,190
Total assets	-	83,702	y 	57,771	_	429,533	120	571,006
Deferred outflows of resources								
Pension related	-		_		_	2,624	-	2,624
Liabilities								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable		2,501		-		4,640		7,141
Accrued liabilities		949		9		371		371
Current portion of long-term debt	-		·		-	88,765		88,765
Total current liabilities		2,501	_		-	93,776		96,277
Long-term liabilities								
Compensated absences		(#)0		94		617		617
Long-term debt, net of current portion		; 8 0				76,263		76,263
Net pension liability		27.1		Ħ		23,560		23,560
Net OPEB obligation	4		-		-	6,815	30	6,815
Total long-term liabilities					_	107,255		107,255
Total liabilities		2,501	-			201,031		203,532
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets		72,859		=		183,303		256,162
Unrestricted	-	8,342	-	57,771		47,823		113,936
Total net position	\$	81,201	\$	57,771	\$	231,126	\$	370,098

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Data cessing		OPEB Activity	Ec	quipment		<u>Total</u>
Operating revenue Charges for services	•	00.000	•	20.045	•	407.505	•	000 700
Charges for services	\$	82,293	\$	36,845	\$	187,585	\$	306,723
Total operating revenue		82,293		36,845	×===	187,585	_	306,723
Operating expense		1						
Administrative and general								
Personnel services						24.924		24,924
Supplies		9,701		-		12,747		22,448
Services and other charges		72,448				75,375		147,823
Change in benefit liability		12,110		-		(61,116)		(61,116)
Depreciation		21,968			-	121,526	_	143,494
Total operating expense		104,117				173,456	_	277,573
Operating income (loss)	-	(21,824)	i	36,845		14,129		29,150
Non-operating revenue (expense)		/*						
Interest income		51		222		889		1,162
Interest expense			_		_	(4,266)	_	(4,266)
Total non-operating revenue (expense)		51	_	222		(3,377)	_	(3,104)
Income (loss) before transfers and capital contributions		(21,773)		37,067		10,752		26,046
Transfers and capital contributions								
Transfers in			_			55,000		55,000
Total transfers and capital contributions			_		_	55,000		55,000
Changes in net position		(21,773)		37,067		65,752		81,046
Net position, beginning of year		102,974		20,704		165,374		289,052
Net position, end of year	\$	81,201	\$	57,771	\$	231,126	\$	370,098

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Data Processing		OPEB Activity	E	quipment		<u>Total</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from internal services provided	\$ 82,293	\$	36,845	\$	187,585	\$	306,723
Payments to employees	02,200	*	-	*	(87,742)		(87,742)
Payments to suppliers	(80,532	_	-	,	(27,000)	_	(107,532)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,761	_	36,845	_	72,843	_	111,449
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities Transfers in		-		-	55,000		55,000
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities							
Principal paid on long-term debt			_		(87,943)		(87,943)
Interest expense	¥		143		(4,266)		(4,266)
Acquisitions of capital assets	(21,574) _	-	:=	(107,818)	-	(129,392)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(21,574) _	-	-	(200,027)		(221,601)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income	51		222		889		1,162
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments	(19,762)	37,067		(71,295)		(53,990)
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year	30,605	s S .	20,704		144,020	_	195,329
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$ 10,843	\$	57,771	\$	72,725	\$	141,339
Cash flows from operating activities							
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (21,824)) \$	36,845	\$	14,129	\$	29,150
Depreciation	21,968		- 4		121,526		143,494
Deferred outflows of resources	VALAR MARKET		**		12,613		12,613
Net OPEB obligation			-		(6,816)		(6,816)
Net pension liability					(66,913)		(66,913)
Change in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash							
Inventory	2		2		(1,181)		(1,181)
Accounts payable	1,617				1,187		2,804
Accrued liabilities Compensated absences			= =		267		267
Compensated absences	<u> </u>	-		\-	(1,969)	=	(1,969)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,761	\$	36,845	\$	72,843	\$	111,449

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

	Ē	vernmental <u>und Type</u> General <u>Fund</u>	Adjustments	100	Statement of et Position
Assets	\$	427,462	\$ -	\$	427,462
Cash and pooled investments Capital assets	Ф	427,402	Ф -	Ф	427,402
Land			452,306		452,306
Depreciable capital assets, net	3		1,027,634	-	1,027,634
Total assets	\$	427,462	1,479,940	-	1,907,402
iabilities and fund balances					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,902			2,902
Accrued liabilities		4,627	2,887		7,514
Noncurrent liabilities					
Advance from City			165,000		165,000
Compensated absences			2,068	-	2,068
otal liabilities		7,529	169,955	-	177,484
und balances					
Unassigned	=	419,933			
otal liabilities and fund balances	\$	427,462			
let position					
Net investment in capital assets					1,314,940
Unrestricted					414,978
otal net position				\$	1,729,918
Reconciliation of fund balances to net position					
Fund balances of governmental funds				\$	419,933
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statem. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not cur are not reported in the funds.	ent of net posit rent financial r	on are differ esources and	ent because: d therefore		
Add - land					452,306
Add - capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)					1,027,634
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current p	eriod and there	fore are not	reported in		.,02.,004
the funds.					V 72-V 292-32-0
Deduct - compensated absences				-	(2,068)
Net position of governmental activities				\$	1,897,805

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	<u> </u>	vernmental <u>und Type</u> General Fund	Adjustments	707520	ement of ivities
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	549,129	\$ -	\$	549,129
Investment earnings	13	7,268	-	,	7,268
Total revenues	÷	556,397			556,397
Expenditures/expenses					
Current		7000 (4 00 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00			
General government	·	743,127	(196,592)		546,535
Debt Service			V20V605348		mai escala
Interest	_	*	2,887		2,887
Total expenditures/expenses		743,127	(193,705)	I	549,422
Revenues over (under) expenditures/expenses	-	(186,730)	(193,705)		6,975
Other financing sources (uses)					
Advance from City		165,000	(165,000)		*
Net changes in fund balance		(21,730)	21,730		
Change in net position			123,977		6,975
Fund balance/net position, beginning of year	77	441,663		1,	722,943
Fund balance/net position, end of year	\$	419,933		\$ 1,	729,918
Reconciliation of change in fund balances to change in net Net change in fund balances of governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	N	are differen	t because:	\$	(21,730)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated					
expense. Add - capital outlay				1	256,852
Deduct - depreciation expense					(59,451)
Certain liabilities are not expected to be liquidated with exp	endable avai	ailable reso	urces and are		(00,401)
not report in the funds					
Deduct - increase in accrued interest payable					(2,887)
Deduct - increase in advances payable				(165,000)
Deduct - increase in compensated absences				2	(809)
Change in net position of governmental activities				\$	6,975

November xx, 2020

To the City Council City of Lowell, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lowell (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 16 2020. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" during 2020 which resulted in an asset retirement obligation of \$132,742 and a corresponding reduction in net position of the light & power fund and business-type activities at July 1, 2019. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets is based on previous history and future expectations and the estimate of pension plan and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) obligations is based on valuations of the plans. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements was:

The disclosure of commitments in Note 14 to the financial statements.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The following listing itemizes adjustments identified during the audit process which were posted by management:

- Reduced sewer fund receivable from the state by \$65,318 and receivable from the township by \$124,179.
- Reduced designated contributions fund accounts payable by \$9,000.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November xx, 2020.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI), as itemized in the table of contents, that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on supplementary information which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and management of City and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

City of Lowell 6/30/2020 Audit adjustments

Account	Account name	Debit	Credit
260-301-740.000	OPERATING SUPPLIES	1.00	
715-000-665.000	INTEREST		
101-426-715.000	SOCIAL SECURITY		
101-000-665.000	INTEREST	1.00	
238-000-665.000	INTEREST		
202-000-665.000	INTEREST	4.00	
203-000-665.000	INTEREST		4.00
711-000-665.000	INTEREST		
581-000-665.000	INTEREST	1.00	
248-000-665.000	INTEREST		
351-906-995.000	INTEREST		1.00
598-000-665.000	INTEREST		
718-000-665.000	INTEREST		
661-000-665.000	INTEREST	1.00	
661-000-083.000	DUE FROM EMPLOYEE	1.00	
636-000-665.000	INTEREST		
714-000-665.000	INTEREST		
715-000-665 000	INTEREST		1.00
590-000-665.000	INTEREST		1.00
591-000-665.000	INTEREST		
716-000-665.000	INTEREST		1.00
110 000 000.000	ROUNDING ENTRY - DO NOT POST		
714-000-084.020	DUE FROM INVESTMENT	633.00	
714-000-001.000	CASH		633.00
715-000-001.000	CASH	633.00	
715-000-084.020	DUE FROM INVESTMENT		633.00
	Remove negative cash balance in Lee fund (do not post)		
101-000-085 000	DUE FROM LIGHT & POWER		70.00
101-000-082.000	DUE FROM ROTARY	70.00	
101-000-082.000	DUE FROM ROTARY	205.00	
101-000-123.000	PREPAID EXPENSES		205.00
101 000 120.000	Balance due to/from (do not post)		
Line transfer the	THE PARTY OF THE P		045.00
590-000-191.000	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS EXCESS INVESTMENT RETU	E 727.00	915.00
590-000-190.000	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS CONTRIBUTIONS	5,737.00	400 000 00
590-000-290.000	NET PENSION LIABILITY	100 107 00	106,989.00
590-552-716.000.9	OPEB/HEALTH change	102,167.00	
590-552-718.000	PENSION		00 740 00
591-000-190.000	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS CONTRIBUTIONS		28,719.00
591-000-191.000	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS EXCESS INVESTMENT RETU		6,016.00
591-000-290.000	NET PENSION LIABILITY	107 511 00	99,806.00
591-570-718.000.9	OPEB/HEALTH change	134,541.00	
591-571-718.000	PENSION		
591-572-718.000	PENSION		700.00
661-000-191.000	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS EXCESS INVESTMENT RETU		768.00
661-000-190.000	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS CONTRIBUTIONS		11,845.00
661-000-290.000	NET PENSION LIABILITY	66,913.00	E + 000 00
661-895-718.000.9	OPEB/HEALTH change Record current year effect of MERS pension reporting per GASB #68		54,300.00
	needs surrout your errors of ments portain reporting per serious most		
590-000-257.100	NET OPEB OBLIGATION	12,610.00	
590-552-716.000.9	OPEB/HEALTH change		12,610.00
591-000-257,100	NET OPEB OBLIGATION		29,619.00
591-570-718.000.9	OPEB/HEALTH change	29,619.00	
661-000-257,100	NET OPEB OBLIGATION	6,816.00	11 9555 50000 0000000000
661-895-718.000.9	OPEB/HEALTH change		6,816.00
	Record current year change in OPEB liability		
661-000-148.000	MOTOR VEHICLES & EQUIPMENT	76,907	
661-895-981.000	EQUIPMENT	ಇದುತೆ ಸೌ.ಪೇ.ನಿ.	60,412
661-895-968.000	DEPRECIATION		16,495
661-000-149.000	ALLOWANCE FOR DEPRECIATION		138,021
661-895-968.000	DEPRECIATION	138,021	

City of Lowell 6/30/2020 Audit adjustments

Account	Account name	Debit	Credit
636-000-146.000	DATA PROCESSING EQUIPMENT	21,574	
636-000-986.000	COMPUTER DATA PROCESSING EQUIPMENT		21,574
636-000-968.000	DEPRECIATION	21,968	
	ALLOWANCE FOR DEPRECIATION	2/	21,968
636-000-147.000	LAND IMPROVEMENTS	12,463	1275/M99853
591-000-130.001	CAPITAL OUTLAY		12,463
591-571-970.000	DEPRECIATION	178.083	
591-573-968.000			26,456
591-000-133.000	ACC DEPREC-LAND & IMPROVEMENTS		34,443
591-000-137.000	ACC DEPREC-BUILDINGS & IMPROVE		23,214
591-000-141.000	ALLOW-DEPREC MACH & EQUIPMENT		93,970
591-000-153.000	ALLOW-DEPREC WATER SYSTEMS	2	201212
590-000-136.000	BUILDINGS & IMPROVEMENTS	~	2
590-552-740,000	OPERATING SUPPLIES	92.388	_
590-553-968.000	DEPRECIATION	52,000	7,633
590-000-137.000	ALLOW/DEPRECIATION-SEWER TREATMENT		1,652
590-000-141.000	ALLOW-DEPREC MACH & EQUIPMENT		83,103
590-000-155.000	ALLOW-DEPREC SEWER MAINS		16,495
590-000-140.000	MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT	16,495	10,455
590-000-141.000	ALLOW-DEPREC MACH & EQUIPMENT	19,168	
590-000-154.000	SEWER MAINS	19,100	19,168
590-551-970.000	CAPITAL OUTLAY	16714	10/04/07/00/1
581-000-968.000	DEPRECIATION	107.14	9845
581-000-133.000	ACC DEPREC-LAND & IMPROVEMENTS		6869
581-000-137.000	ACC DEPREC-BUILDINGS & IMPROVE		2
581-000-136 000	BUILDINGS & IMPROVEMENTS	2	
581-000-910.000	INSURANCE	-	4
	Record capital asset activity		
590-000-078.000	DUE FROM STATE OF MICHIGAN		65,318.00
590-000-539.000	STORM WATER ASSET & WASTEWATER GRANT	65,318.00	
	Reverse prior year audit entry		
260-751-801.000-PK1701	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES		9,000.00
260-000-201.000	VOUCHERS PAYABLE	9,000.00	
200-000-201.000	Reverse accounts payable invoice accrued in 2019		
To represent			124,178.00
590-000-040.000	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	124,178.00	
590-000-630.000	OTHER TOWNSHIP CHARGES	124,176.00	
	Reverse 2019 entry to accrue receivable for sewer		
598-906-999.101	TRANSFER TO GENERAL FUND	30,000.00	
598-000-970.000	CAPITAL OUTLAY		30,000.00
715-000-880.000	COMMUNITY PROMOTION	Parentanair rana	18,384.00
715-965-999.101	TRANSFER TO GENERAL FUND	18,384.00	
260-751-598.000-PK2002	LCTV SHOWBOAT RESTROOM PROJECT	40,171.00	
260-751-699.598	TRANSFER FROM CABLE		40,171.00
SS440/1.54005-255435-557	To reclassify between expenses and transfers		
591-573-995.000	INTEREST-BONDS	17,944.00	r:
591-573-955.000	MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSE		17,944.00
	Reclassify iinterest on bond from misc exp		
	and the company of th		