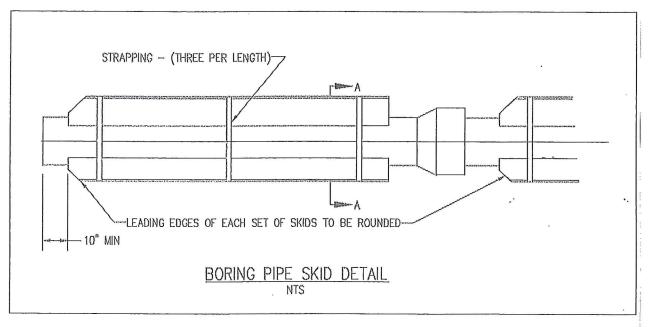
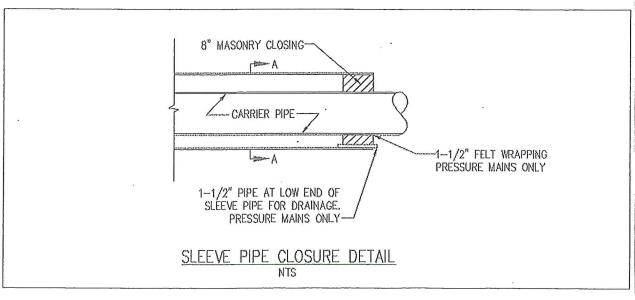
v .	CARRIER PIPE STEEL CASING PIPE		TYPE OF						
	DIAMETER	DIAMETER	THICK	GRADE	FILL				
	6"	12"	0.5"	1.0%	SAND				
8			(*)			·			
SLEEVE (12" DIA MIN — CLASS 52 DIP) ————————————————————————————————————									
FOR SANITARY: GROUT OR									
SAND FILLED AS REQUIRED									
MINIMUM OF FOUR TREATED OR WULMANIZED HARDWOOD SKIDS									
BANDED TO TH	IE CARRIER PIPE					(See added)			
(EQUALLY SPACED)									
CARRIER PIPE									
SECTION A-A									
NOTES:									
1. MINIMÚM THICKNESS FOR NEW CASING PIPE IS 3/8" INCH. MINIMUM THICKNESS FUR USED CASING PIPE IS 1/2 INCH.									
2. SLEEVE DIAMETER TO BE A MINIMUM OF 6" GREATER THAN THE LARGEST OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF THE CARRIER PIPE,									
BORING DETAIL - OPTION #1									



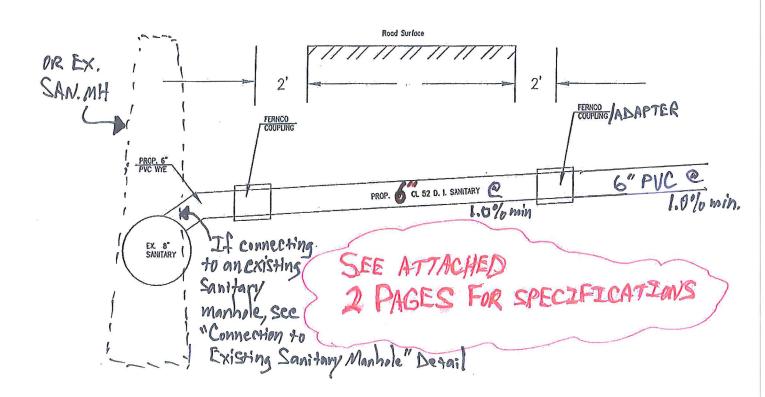


BORE DETAIL - OPTION #2

nts

Road Surface

CONTRACTOR JACK & BORE SANITARY CONN. (NO OPEN CUTTING) INSTALL 6" CL 52 DUCTILE IRON PIPE



1042.02 CONNECTION SPECIFICATIONS.

(a) Sanitary sewer service connections to the public sewerage system shall be constructed of any of the materials in the following table for allowable material:

Material Vitrified clay (extra-strength clay pipe)	Material Specifications ASTM-C-700-71T	Joint Specifications ASTM-C-425
Cast iron	ANSI-A21.11 and AWWA-C111	Rubber slip joints w/lead joints on fittings
Ductile iron	ANSI-A21.51 and AWWA-151	Rubber slip joints w/lead joints on fittings
ABS composite pipe (solid wall)	4" and 6" SDR 23.5 meeting the requirements of ASTM D-1751	
ABS composite pipe (truss pipe); PVC white truss pipe	8" through 15" meeting the requirements of ASTM D-2680	ASTM D-3212
Polyvinyl chloride pipe (PVC)	ASTM F-949	

(b) The furnishing and/or installation of pipe, pipe fittings and jointing materials, other than those specified herein, may be submitted to the City Engineer for review and approval as an alternate material. The submittal of an alternate material does not constitute the use of the alternate.

(c) If a joint is selected, having a design pattern different from the Uniloc or Amvit pattern used in the public sanitary sewerage system was or riser, then the person authorized to make the connection as herein provided shall obtain a compatible vitrified transition fitting having a spigot end compatible with the selected pattern.

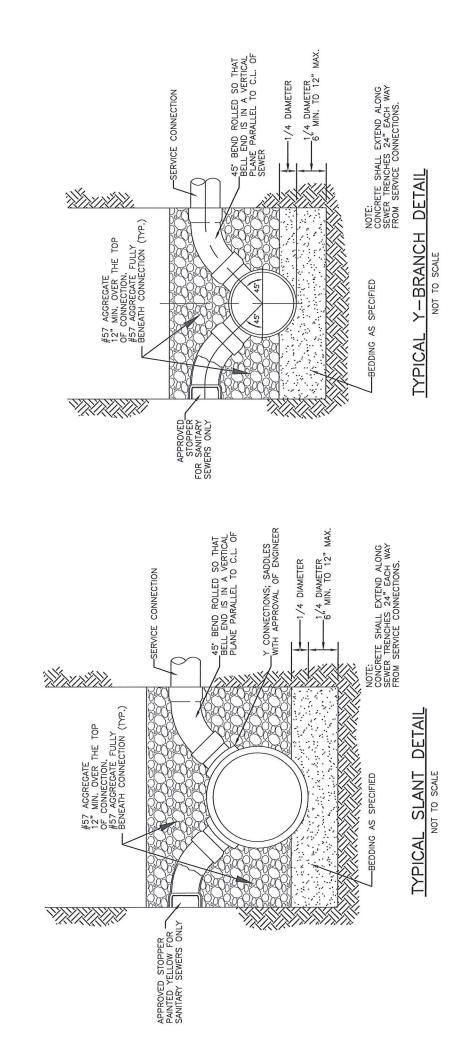
(d) Connections to the sanitary sewer main other than the standard four-inch (plastic) or six-inch size shall be made in an approved manhole. Any connection other than where a four-inch (plastic) or six-inch wye or curb connection is provided shall also be made in an approved manhole. All approvals shall be made by the City Engineer.

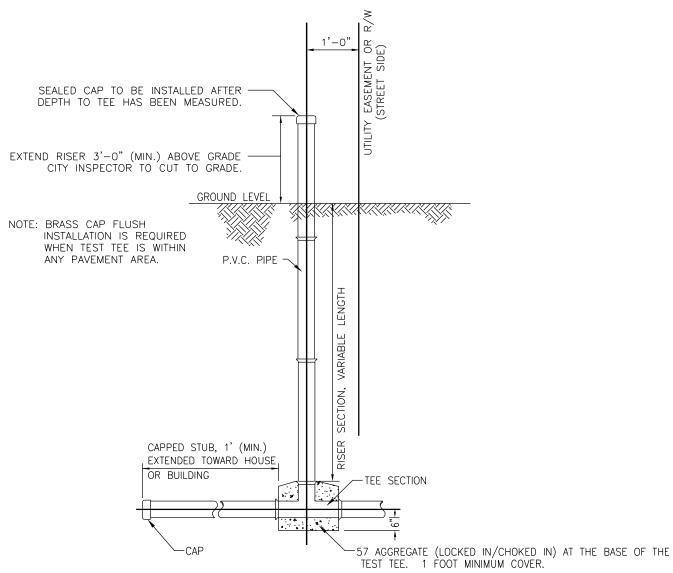
(Ord. 09-119. Passed 11-17-09; Ord. 11-73. Passed 6-21-11.)

1042.09 INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS.

(a) Sanitary Sewers: All service connections for sanitary sewers shall be installed in accordance with the recommended practice for installing clay sewer pipe as provided for in the American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) Specification C 12-64, as amended or for installing polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe as provided for in the "Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe." The pipe comprising the connection shall be laid at a minimum depth of four feet and a maximum depth of twenty-one feet below the finished ground surface. The pipe shall be bedded upon a granular foundation course consisting of uniformly graded one-fourth inch to one-half inch crushed gravel or stone for a minimum of six inch depth beneath the pipe. The connection pipe shall be laid with the bell ends upstream and the pipe shall be so bedded in the foundation course as to provide a uniform bearing along the entire barrel of the sewer and 120 degrees of its periphery. Under no circumstances shall the service connection be covered prior to inspection by the City Engineer or his or her duly authorized representative. Sanitary sewer service connections within public roadways or rights-of-way shall be laid in open cut trench as specified in this section, except as may be otherwise provided herein. Excavated earth and other materials removed from within the public roadway or right of way shall be removed from the site immediately upon excavation and promptly disposed of by the permittee. Backfill within the public right of way to the underside of the pavement and to within the 1:1 zone of influence of the roadway shall consist of thoroughly compacted premium crushed limestone or recycled Portland Cement Concrete (RPCC) meeting requirements of ODOT 304 limestone. Where no pavement exists the last three feet not under the pavement shall be original soil backfill. Repaving and reconditioning of all disturbed surfaces, including replacement of topsoil and reseeding, shall be done immediately upon completion of backfill. Permittee shall comply with the requirements of Chapter 1020.

(Ord. 09-119. Passed 11-17-09; Ord. 10-11. Passed 1-19-10.)





SEWER TEST TEE

NOT TO SCALE