

### PEE DEE LWDA INSTRUCTION NUMBER: 21-004

To: Pee Dee Local Workforce Development Area Businesses

**Subject:** Incumbent Worker Training Funding Policy

Issuance Date: July 8, 2021

Effective Date: July 1, 2021

<u>Purpose:</u> The purpose of this instruction is to transmit the Pee Dee Workforce Development Area's requirements for Incumbent Worker Training (IWT) funding, to disclose the evaluation criteria upon which each application will be evaluated, and to establish an appeal process for applications not awarded. This policy replaces Pee Dee Local Workforce Development Area Instruction #20-006.

<u>Background:</u> IWT provides both workers and employers with the opportunity to build and maintain a quality workforce. Training is intended to assist with expansion, new technology, retooling, new services/product lines, and/or new organizational structuring, or to be used as a layoff aversion strategy. IWT is conducted with a commitment by the employer to retain the incumbent worker(s) trained and to increase the competitiveness of the employee and the employer.

In April 2021, SC Department of Employment and Workforce updated its instructions regarding the use of statewide and local funding for IWT. The new instruction incorporates the following requirements and clarifications:

- Clarifies that SC for-profit and non-profit businesses are eligible for IWT
- Requires businesses to use a third-party training provider
- Clarifies that credential attainment is an expected outcome of IWT that should be prioritized when awarding IWT
- Removes the requirement that LWDAs submit quarterly progress reports
- Incorporates a self-attestation form regarding working eligibility
- Includes minor revisions to forms to more closely align with expectations, clarify language, and/or make them more user-friendly

<u>Policy:</u> This instruction will govern the IWT activities conducted in the Pee Dee Workforce Development Area. It is based upon the State Instruction #20-08 issued by the SC Department of Employment and Workforce for statewide and local IWT funding and incorporated into the local area's policy as Attachment A. Furthermore, the following additional guidelines will apply to businesses requesting IWT funds in the Pee Dee LWDA:

- 1. IWT Awards to a single business or consortium will be limited to no more than \$30,000.
- 2. Priority consideration will be given to businesses that did not receive IWT funding in the award cycle immediately preceding the cycle for which a new application is made
- 3. Priority consideration will be given to businesses that use other services of SC Works to meet their hiring and retention needs.
- Employers requesting Incumbent Worker Training Funding must provide information regarding any apprenticeship designations (if applicable). (Attachment B)
- 5. The Pee Dee LWDA reserves the right to incorporate a mandatory information session as a condition for application acceptance and/or award. When required, at least one weeks' notice will be provided as part of the announcement regarding the availability of funding or notice of planned award.

The attached State Guidelines and Pee Dee LWDA's additional requirements will not apply to businesses who are submitting applications for Rapid Response (layoff-aversion) IWT funding. Rapid Response IWT will be governed by Pee Dee LWDA Instruction #21-005, which incorporates State Instruction 20-13 by reference.

Action: Businesses seeking "traditional" IWT funding (i.e. not for layoff aversion) should complete the WIOA Incumbent Worker Training Program Application and submit it to the LWDA in accordance with the requirements published in the LWDA's request for applications. The availability of IWT funding is advertised on the SC Works Pee Dee website at <a href="https://www.scworkspeedee.org">www.scworkspeedee.org</a>, the SC Works Pee Dee Facebook page, through each county's economic developer, the local technical colleges, Pee Dee Workforce Development Board members, and other interested parties upon specific request. The most current application will be provided to businesses at the time a request for applications is made.

Completed applications will be evaluated by the economic developers (or his/her designee) for Chesterfield, Darlington, Dillon, Florence, Marion, and Marlboro Counties, using the LWDA's Incumbent Worker Training Application Evaluation Instrument (Attachment C). Applications will be ranked, highest score first, based on the total score received and awards will be made in order of ranking until available funding is exhausted. Applicants who were not funded based on a lack of available funding, will receive priority consideration for any funds that become available subsequent to the initial award cycle. All IWT funding decisions made by the Pee Dee Workforce Development Board are final and not subject to appeal.

<u>Inquiries:</u> Businesses that wish to be placed on a list to be directly notified regarding the availability of IWT funds or anyone that has questions pertaining to this instruction should contact Dianne Herrington at <u>d-herrington@peedeecog.org</u> or (843) 687-0091.

Joette R. Dukes

Workforce Development Director

Duke

P.O. Box 995 1550 Gadsden Street Columbia, SC 29202 dew.sc.gov



#### Henry McMaster Governor

G. Daniel Ellzey
Executive Director

#### **STATE INSTRUCTION NUMBER 20-08**

To: Local Workforce Area Signatory Officials

Local Workforce Area Board Chairs Local Workforce Area Administrators

DEW Area Directors DEW Regional Managers

Subject: Local and Statewide Incumbent Worker Training Policy

**Issuance Date:** April 23, 2021

Effective Date: July 1, 2021

<u>Purpose</u>: To provide guidance on the operation of Incumbent Worker Training (IWT) programs funded through local WIOA Title I Adult and Dislocated Worker program funds (local IWT) and Governor's Reserve or Statewide program funds (statewide IWT). Unless otherwise specified, the provisions outlined below apply to both local and statewide IWT programs. This policy guidance replaces State Instruction 17-03, Change 1.

#### References:

- Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, Public Law 113-128 § 134(d)(4)
- 20 CFR §§ 680.780 680.820
- Training and Employment Guidance Letters 10-16, Ch. 1; 19-16
- State Instruction 19-01

<u>Background</u>: IWT provides both workers and employers with the opportunity to build and maintain a skilled workforce. Training is intended to assist with expansion, new technology, retooling, new services/product lines, and/or new organizational structuring, or to be used as part of a layoff aversion strategy. IWT is conducted with a commitment by the employer to retain the incumbent worker(s) trained and to increase the competitiveness of the employee and the employer.

<u>Policy</u>: IWT is designed to meet the needs of an employer or group of employers to retain a skilled workforce or avert layoffs. IWT can be used to either:

State Instruction 20-08 Local and Statewide Incumbent Worker Training Policy April 23, 2021 Page **2** of **10** 

- Obtain the skills necessary to retain employment, such as increasing the skill levels of employees so they can be promoted within the company and create backfill opportunities for less-skilled employees, or
- Help avert potential layoffs of employees.

The ideal IWT is one where a participant acquires new skills allowing him/her to move into a higher paying position within the company, allowing the company to hire a job seeker, through the WIOA program, to backfill the worker's position.

IWT forms and templates needed by the LWDA to manage IWTs may be found under Staff Online Resources in South Carolina Works Online Services (SCWOS), as well as instructions for managing IWTs in SCWOS.

#### **Business Eligibility**

An employer that is eligible to apply for IWT funding must:

- be a South Carolina for-profit or non-profit business;
- have at least one full-time employee other than the owner of the business;
- be current on all state tax obligations;
- be registered in SCWOS and have an active employer account; and
- agree to comply with this policy.

Training entities and government employers (city, county, state, and/or federal) are not eligible for IWT funding. Businesses receiving services through readySC™, and/or other training providers, may be eligible for IWT as long as the training funded is not a duplication of services provided through another funding source. IWT funds are not available to a business that has relocated, if that relocation resulted in the loss of jobs at the original location, until the company has operated at that new location for 120 days. A business that has recently relocated to, or is expanding into, a Local Workforce Development Area (LWDA) must complete the WIOA IWT Program Pre-Award Review in order to receive IWT funding from that LWDA.

A group of employers may form a training consortium for the purposes of receiving IWT. Common examples of training consortia include, but are not limited to business associations, industry councils, chambers of commerce, or downtown/community development corporations. The training consortium, or a third party representing the training consortium, may apply for IWT on behalf of the group of employers but cannot serve as the training provider and is not eligible to receive any funding as payment for their services. IWT funding may not be used for members of a training consortium who would otherwise be ineligible for IWT, i.e., training entities and city, county, and state governments.

State Instruction 20-08 Local and Statewide Incumbent Worker Training Policy April 23, 2021 Page **3** of **10** 

#### **Employee/Worker Eligibility**

To qualify as an incumbent worker, the worker needs to be:

- Employed;
- Meet the Fair Labor Standards Act requirements for an employer-employee relationship; and
- Have an established employment history with the employer for six months or more.

Individuals who do not have an employer-employee relationship include the following:

- Employees who are placed through a staffing or temporary agency
- Employees who receive a 1099 for tax filing purposes

When IWT is being provided to a cohort of employees, not every employee in the cohort must have an established employment history with the employer for six months or more as long a majority of the employees being trained meet the employment history requirement. A "majority of employees" is defined as at least 51 percent of the employees in the training group or cohort. Periods of temporary employment may count towards an employee's time with the company for purposes of meeting the six-month employment history requirement. Local Workforce Development Boards (LWDB) must develop a process for documenting the employment history requirement for IWT participants, and the agreement between the LWDB and the employer must include the employee work history requirement. LWDBs may use the Employer Self-Attestation Form to document the employer's understanding of the employment history requirement.

Employees do not have to meet the eligibility requirements for participation in the Adult or Dislocated Worker programs, unless also enrolled as a participant in the WIOA Adult of Dislocated Worker programs.

# **Funding for IWT**

LWDBs can use up to 20 percent of their combined Adult and Dislocated Worker allocation to cover the federal share of IWT.

#### Example:

If a LWDB received \$1.5 million in Adult funds and \$1 million in Dislocated Worker funds, it may use up to \$500,000 (20% of the total) for IWT. This 20 percent can only be used for program-related IWT activities.

The State Workforce Development Board (SWDB) can use Governor's Reserve funds to cover the federal share of IWT.

State Instruction 20-08
Local and Statewide Incumbent Worker Training Policy
April 23, 2021
Page 4 of 10

# **Employer/Training Consortium Share**

Employers/training consortia participating in IWT are required to pay the non-federal share of the cost of providing training to their employees. The non-federal share shall not be less than:

- 10 percent of the cost of training for a business location with no more than 50 employees;
- 25 percent of the cost of training for a business location with more than 50 employees, but no more than 100 employees; or
- 50 percent of the cost of training for a business location with more than 100 employees.

A training consortium shares in the cost of training incumbent workers based on the total number of employees from all employers in the training consortium. It is the responsibility of the training consortium to determine how to split the cost between the employers in the consortium. This may be done in multiple ways, but it is recommended that the division of costs be determined based on each employers' proportionate share of employees.

#### Example:

A group of employers has formed a training consortium comprised of three businesses with a combined total of 100 employees. The total cost of training is \$100,000. Based on the combined number of employees, the training consortium is required to pay 25 percent of the cost of training or \$25,000. Each business in the training consortium will pay a proportionate share based on each business' number of employees.

Total Training Consortium Share = \$25,000

Business #1: 10 employees = \$2,500 Business #2: 40 employees = \$10,000 Business #3: 50 employees = \$12,500

The employer share may be paid in cash, in kind, or through wages paid to incumbent workers while attending training. The business' share cannot be paid from federal funds. When wages are used as the employer share, documentation of actual wages paid to each individual worker during training must be provided. At the conclusion of the training, should the amount of actual wages paid fall short of the required non-federal share, then the business must pay the difference in cash.

LWDB's must establish policies regarding the employer share. When establishing the employer share, LWDBs must take into consideration factors such as:

State Instruction 20-08 Local and Statewide Incumbent Worker Training Policy April 23, 2021 Page 5 of 10

- The number of employees participating in training;
- The wage and benefit levels of these employees (at the beginning and anticipated upon completion of the training);
- The relationship between the training and the competitiveness of the employer and employees; and
- The availability of other employer-provided training and advancement opportunities.

Employer shares must be reported on the Financial Status Report (FSR) submitted each month by the LWDA.

#### **Training Services**

Businesses are typically in the best position to assess employee skill needs and to select the type of training and training provider that can fulfill those needs. However, LWDAs are encouraged to prioritize training that results in a credential or helps an employee advance along a career pathway in high-growth, high-demand occupations.

Training providers can be any of the following:

- Technical Colleges
- School Districts
- Adult Education Programs
- Area Vocational-Technical Centers
- State Colleges and Universities
- Licensed and Certified Private Entities/Institutions
- Industry Specific Consulting/Training Organizations
- Professional Associations/Credentialing Entities
- Registered Apprenticeship Programs

Training funded through IWT cannot be provided by employer staff, regardless of the staff person's position or credentials. Training must be provided by a training provider external to the business, and may be conducted at the business' own facility, the training provider's facility, online or remotely, or at a combination of sites.

The following types of training are not eligible for IWT funding:

- Periodic safety and refresher courses such as all forms of Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) trainings
- First Aid and CPR certifications
- Hazardous material handling training

State Instruction 20-08 Local and Statewide Incumbent Worker Training Policy April 23, 2021 Page 6 of 10

International Organization of Standardization (ISO) training may be eligible for the purposes of developing a quality management system in order to earn ISO certification.

#### Reimbursements

IWT is a reimbursement grant program wherein the business is reimbursed for actual training costs following the completion of training.

Costs that can be reimbursed through the grant include the following:

- Training/Course Registration
- Textbooks/Manuals
- Training Materials/Supplies

Costs that cannot be reimbursed through the grant include the following:

- Administrative costs incurred by the business/training consortium
- Trainee wages or travel
- Trainer travel
- Training equipment
- Capital improvements
- Curriculum development
- Purchase of any item or service that may be used outside of the training project (including computer equipment and non-training related software)
- Costs incurred prior to the approval date of the application

# Application, Evaluation, and Award

IWT funding is awarded on a competitive basis. When evaluating applications, LWDAs must consider the following criteria:

- The characteristics of the employees to be trained (job title(s) and length(s) of employment to include date of hire);
- The relationship of the training to the competitiveness of both the employer and employee; and
- Other factors the LWDA determines to be appropriate, including:
  - o The number of employees participating in the training;
  - o Total cost of training;
  - Cost of training per participant;
  - Wage and benefit levels of those employees (both pre-training and post-training earnings);
  - o The existence of other training and advancement opportunities provided by the

State Instruction 20-08 Local and Statewide Incumbent Worker Training Policy April 23, 2021 Page 7 of 10

employer;

- o Credentials and skills gained as a result of the training;
- Utilization as part of a larger sector and/or career pathway strategy; or
- o Employer size.

# LWDBs are strongly encouraged to prioritize the following:

- Technical skills training that results in or provides a significant step towards achieving an industry-recognized certification or credential,
- Training that will result in a pay increase or promotion,
- Small businesses and/or employers that are located in rural areas of the state,
- High-growth or high-demand industries in the area or statewide; and
- Upskill/backfill strategies which involve filling jobs vacated by workers who are moving into more advanced positions in the company, as a result of IWT, with WIOA participants.

LWDAs must submit a completed IWT Agreement Packet (sub-tier agreement) to DEW, for each business/training consortium that received IWT funding, within 30 days of executing the IWT agreement with the participating business/training consortium. Additionally, the LWDA must submit a Final Program Report, including a trainee list, no more than 30 days after the end of the sub-tier agreement. LWDAs are not required to submit sub-tier agreements or final reports on an IWT that is funded through local Adult/DW funds.

Staff must maintain and store trainee/participant information in a manner that ensures confidentiality in accordance with 29 CFR 38.41 and State Instruction 16-11, Confidentiality of Equal Opportunity Records, including keeping all Personally Identifiable Information (PII) or legally sensitive information (e.g., information about divorce proceedings or custody battles) in a separate locked file. PII and legally sensitive information must never be included in a case note or document uploaded to SCWOS.

# **Performance Accountability and Reporting**

IWT must be tracked in SCWOS as both an employer service and a participant activity:

 Employer service codes record the employer penetration rate and repeat business customers as required for reporting on Effectiveness in Serving Employers. Employer service code E40, WIOA State or Local IWT, must be entered in SCWOS within 15 days of executing the IWT agreement on an active employer account. State Instruction 20-08 Local and Statewide Incumbent Worker Training Policy April 23, 2021 Page 8 of 10

 Activity code 325, Locally-Funded IWT, is used when the employer is participating in locally-funded IWT, and activity code 360, State-Funded/Statewide IWT, is used when the employer is participating in statewide IWT. Trainee/participant activity codes must be entered within 15 days of the activity start date and closed within 15 days of the last date of activity on a registered individual account with an active WIOA application for IWT.

Individuals receiving IWT only are not considered participants for the purpose of inclusion in WIOA performance indicator calculations. However, the US Department of Labor (DOL) requires that all individuals receiving IWT be included in federal reporting. The required elements for IWT individuals are limited to demographic information and the elements needed to calculate IWT performance indicators, including employment, earnings, measurable skills gains, and credential attainment. For the purposes of calculating these metrics, the exit date for an individual who has received only IWT will be the last date of training, as indicated in the training contract.

Prior to the start of training, the business/training consortium must provide the LWDA with a list of employees who will participate. A template for the employee list is available in SCWOS under Staff Online Resources that includes sufficient documentation to identify the correct employee in SCWOS for completion of the WIOA application and entering relevant activities. LWDAs should refer to the SCWOS Instructions for IWT, found in SCWOS under Staff Online Resources, for step-by-step instructions on entering and managing employer and participant data in SCWOS...

WIOA § 116(i)(2) requires states to use quarterly wage records to measure progress on satisfying state and local performance accountability indicators. Therefore, DOL encourages the collection of incumbent worker SSNs as part of the training contract with the employer so that wage records will be available for these individuals. If no SSN is available, the state or LWDA may utilize supplemental wage information to verify the wages reported.

To eliminate the need for the business/training consortium to provide the employee's full SSN to the LWDA, employees should register in SCWOS using their full SSN once identified as an IWT participant, but no later than the first day of training. Subsequent documentation provided by the business to the LWDA only needs to include the last four digits of the employee's SSN or the employee's State Identification Number to identify the employee in SCWOS.

IWT should result in the following outcomes:

- Training Completions
- Credential Attainment
- Employee Retention
- Wage Increases
- Promotions

State Instruction 20-08
Local and Statewide Incumbent Worker Training Policy
April 23, 2021
Page 9 of 10

Throughout the training, the business/training consortium must provide and maintain sufficient documentation of training occurrence and outcomes, including:

- Title and a description of training
- Dates of training
- Number of employees who completed the training program
- Type and a description of the credential(s) earned
- Number of employees who earned a credential
- Number of employees who earned a wage increase
- Number of employees who earned a promotion
- Number of new jobs created
- Number of existing jobs saved
- Layoff or closure
- Other outcomes

The business/training consortium is required to submit program reports as required by the LWDA, including the Trainee Progress Report and a Final Program Report within 30 days of the training Actual End Date. Reporting templates can be found in SCWOS under Staff Online Resources. The information listed above will be required for submission of these reports and SCWOS data entry, and may be needed for any additional reporting required by the LWDA or SWDB.

The final payment for expenditures incurred as a result of the IWT program must be withheld until the Final Program Report is submitted and all documentation of performance criteria specified in the agreement has been received.

# **IWT Forms, Template, and Instructions**

DEW will provide standardized forms and templates for use by LWDAs in the administration of local and statewide IWT programs. The forms will be available for download in SCWOS Staff Online Resources. At a minimum, DEW will maintain the following forms/templates:

- IWT Employer Application
- IWT Employment History Self-Attestation Form
- IWT Trainee Information Spreadsheet
- IWT Pre-Award Agreement
- IWT Employers Sub-Tier Agreement
- IWT Modification Form
- IWT Quarterly/Final Reporting Form

DEW may create additional forms/templates as deemed necessary. LWDAs are required to use the most current version of these forms. Additionally, instructions for managing IWT in SCWOS are available to LWDAs in SCWOS under Staff Online Resources.

State Instruction 20-08 Local and Statewide Incumbent Worker Training Policy April 23, 2021 Page 10 of 10

Action: Ensure that all appropriate staff receive and understand this policy.

<u>Inquiries</u>: Questions may be directed to <u>PoinPro@dew.sc.gov</u>.

Kevin Cummings, Director

**Technical Services, Policies, and Reporting** 

# **PY 21**

# Pee Dee Workforce Development Board IWT Business Self Attestation Proof of Registered Apprenticeship

If you have requested training funds associated with an apprenticeship that is registered with the Department of Labor, please complete the below.

Registered Apprenticeship number:	
Registered Apprentice Occupation:	
Beginning wage:	
Ending wage:	
Signature:	Title:
Print Name:	Date:

# PEE DEE WORKFORCE DEVLOPMENT AREA Incumbent Worker Training (IWT) Application Evaluation

Attachment C

Company Na	ime: Amount Reque	stea_	····		<del></del>					
MINIMUN	A CRITERIA: Staff has reviewed application and determined that the el	ioihi	lity crit	teria is	met i	as foll	ows.			
	• A complete application was submitted by the application deadline.	181011	ity Ci ii	cria is	mer c	is join				
***************************************	• The business is current on all tax obligations.									
	The business is not a city, county, state government agency or a training entity.									
		If business has relocated and the relocation resulted in a loss of jobs at the original location, the business								
	has been operating at current location for at least 120 days.	it the	origin	ıı iocai	ιοπ, τ	ne ous	mess			
	• Trainings requested are eligible trainings (for example, not periodic safety of	or refre	esher co	urse sucl	as CI	PR/Firs	Aid or			
	OSHA Training	OSHA Training								
	Proposed training would increase the competitiveness of the employees or both the employees and the employer									
	Employer committed to retain or avert temporary or permanent layoffs, promote, or provide a pay increase to incumbent workers trained.									
	• Employer returned signed attestation regarding their workers' eligibil									
	Employer committed to provide a list of workers to be trained prior to the start of the training and to have									
	workers input their information, to include their full social security number, in SCWOS or to provide that information to the LWDA for input									
	• For applicants receiving services through ReadySC, the proposed train	ning	is not a	dunlia	eation	ofse	rvices			
	provided by ReadySC		10 1101 0	· aapin	Julion	01 50	V 1005			
	• Proposed training is needed due to:expansionnew technology	re	tooling	g	new	produ	ct			
	lines new organizational structuring.					•				
	• Proposed training will result in a wage increase, retention, and/or proposed	notic	n							
	• The business has at least one full-time employee. Total N	umb	er of E	mploy	ees:	***************************************				
Staff signat	ure: Date:									
PRIORITI	ES:						<del></del>			
Business had	an IWT agreement within the past 12 months(current/preceding year	$Yes = 0 \qquad No = 10$								
Training req	raining requested falls within the Pee Dee area's targeted sector/occupations lealthcare, Construction, Admin/IT, Customer Service, Logistics, Diversified Manufacturing			Yes = 40No =						
Proposed training total costs and cost per participant is reasonable			$Yes = 10 \qquad No = 0$			= 0				
Proposed training is part of an established Registered Apprenticeship Program			$Yes = 10 \qquad No = 0$							
Business currently uses SC Works system services				$\frac{10}{s} = 10$ $\frac{10}{N_0} = 0$						
Business is a small business and/or part of rural area				= 10		No				
	ining results in a recognized postsecondary credential such as an industry	0	1	2	3	4	5			
	ertification, apprenticeship completion, state or federal government		-	_		•				
	cense, an associate or baccalaureate degree or would result in employees									
	edentials that enhance the technical and/or transferable skills of the	ŧ								
employee be										
	reflects significant layoff avoidance strategy/retention opportunities	0	1	2	3	4	5			
Additional (	ng used as part of an upskill/backfill strategy. (Circle one)									
Additional	comments:									
		Total Points =(100)								
Evaluator's	duator's Signature:									